THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 12, NUMBER 17. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA FRIDAY, MAR. 10, 1893. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—THE—

GREAT TRANSCONTINENTAL ROUTE

Passes through Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Oregon and Washington.

THE DINING CAR LINE

Dining Cars are run between Chicago, St. Paul Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Helena, Butte, Tacoma, Seattle and Portland.

Pullman Sleeping Car Route.

Pullman service daily between Chicago, St Paul, Montana and the Pacific Northwest; and between St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba points.

THE POPULAR LINE.

Daily express trains carry elegant Pullman Sleeping Cars. Dining Cars, Day Coaches, Pullman Tourist Sleepers and Free Colonist Sleeping Cars.

YELLOWSTONE PARK ROUTE,

The Northern Pacific R. R. is the rail line to Yellowstone Park; the popular line to California and Alaska; and its trains pass through the grandest scenery of seven states.

THROUGH TICKETS

are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to all points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 10:30 p. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 6 goes South at 5:20 a. m., daily except Sunday.

No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 8:20 p. m., daily Goes West at 8:25 p. m.

No. 14 arrives from the West at 7:45 a. m., daily. Goes East to Duluth at 8:05 a. m.

Morris accommodation leaves at 7:00 a. m., except Sunday.

Brainerd accommodation from Morris and Little Falls arrives at 5:30p. m., except Sunday.

No. 54 freight, carries passengers to Aitkin, leaves at 10:40 p. m.

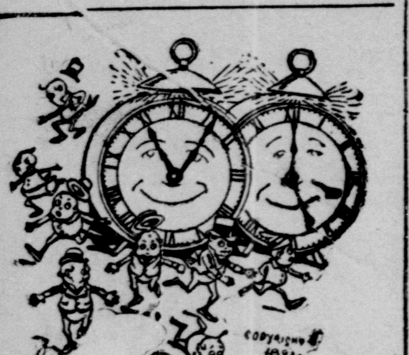
No. 55 freight, arrives from N. P. Junction at 3:00 p. m. Goes West at 3:00 p. m., except Sunday.

No. 56, freight, arrives from Staples at 9:50 a. m. Goes East to N. P. Junction at 10:45 a. m., except Sunday.

These freight trains cannot be relied upon for regularity of movement, and are liable to be abandoned without notice at the will of the Company.

For Rates, Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.



WAKE UP!

time flies, and they who are always dozing over time are apt to be left. We are offering a stock of alarm clocks that are striking examples in this line. Mark time—march! They'll do both—mark good common time, march out at the double-quick, just as soon as you. Our public get the facts of qualities and prices. The movements of all our clocks are so good that we guarantee them as accurate time keepers, and their appearance so artistic that they are not less ornamental than useful. Our entire stock of clocks is going at very reasonable figures.

WM. M. DRESSKEL,
Jeweler.

N. Schroeder,

—DEALERS IN—

Wines, Liquors, and

CIGARS,

Imported and Domestic.

Especial Attention Given to Orders for Family Use,

Give me a call when in Detroit and I will guarantee good usage.

N. SCHROEDER,
DETROIT, MINN.

W. A. FLEMING,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office: Room 8, Bank Block.

BRAINERD - - - MINN.

(First publication Feb 3rd.)

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., January 26th, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before I. E. Staples, Clerk of Court at Little Falls, Minn., on March 13th, 1893, viz:

William H. Selby, H. E. No. 14707, for the W½ SE¼ & E½ SW¼ Sec. 6 Twp 132, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

N. Austin, C. Fausdick, S. Fausdick, Perry Randall, all of Fort Ripley, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

[First publication Jan. 10th.]

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., March 7th, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Monday, April 17th, 1893, viz:

REUBEN GRAY.

H. E. No. 13617 for the N½ NE¼ and lot 2. Sec. 22, Twp. 135, Range 28.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

James E. White, Wallace W. Barnes, William Harman, Jacob Fisher. P. O. Address of all, Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Crow Wing County.

GENTLEMEN:

I herewith submit a statement of Receipts, Disbursements, Assets, Liabilities and balances during fiscal year ending December 31st, A. D. 1892.

LOUIS TACHE,
County Auditor.

Tabular Statements of Receipts, Disbursements and Balances for fiscal year ending December 31st, 1892.

	Balance on hand December 31st, 1891	Collections during year	Total of foregoing items	Disbursements as per cancelled vouchers	Balance on hand December 31st, 1892
STATE FUNDS.					
State of Minnesota		$4442 42	$4442 42	$4442 42	
State School Land account	$48 85	953 11	1001 96	972 23	$29 73
State School Text Book account	*5 62	102 60	96 98	132 75	*35 77
Soldiers and Sailors Burial Fund		35 00	35 00	35 00	
Total	$54 47	$5533 13	$5576 36	$5582 40	$65 50
COUNTY FUNDS.					
County Revenue Fund	$397 25	$18934 07	$19331 32	$18309 85	$1021 47
Poor Fund	77 08	3421 18	3498 26	3059 03	439 23
Road and Bridge Fund	306 59	1929 57	2236 16	2236 71	*55
Bond Interest Fund	1094 44	7311 07	8405 51	7307 93	1017 58
Sinking Fund	2156 45	149 28	2305 73		2305 73
Surplus Fund	93 66		93 66		93 66
Building Fund		41 99	41 99	90 00	48 01
Redemption Fund	18 06	24 67	42 73	24 67	18 06
Special Poor Fund	83 80	1007 33	1091 13	1091 13	
Total	$4227 33	$32819 16	$37046 49	$32199 32	$4944 29
CITY AND TOWN FUNDS.					
City of Brainerd		$9882 36	$9882 36	$9882 36	
City of Brainerd Sidewalk		661 00	661 00	661 00	
City of Brainerd Sinking Fund		1097 72	1097 72	1097 72	
Town of Mooresville		469 90	469 90	408 98	$60 92
Town of Crow Wing		218 97	218 97	209 92	9 05
Town of Oak Lawn		398 87	398 87	386 70	12 17
Town of Deerwood	$4 05	241 56	245 61	241 34	4 27
Town of Daggett Brook	43	63 17	63 60	62 45	1 15
Town of Long Lake	1 49	197 57	199 06	196 06	3 00
Town of Garrison		9 55	9 55	9 55	
Total	$5 97	$13240 67	$13246 64	$13156 08	$90 56
SCHOOL FUNDS.					
General School	$605 00	$11247 69	$11852 69	$11852 69	
Brainerd Independent		17658 33	17658 33	12490 58	$5167 75
School District No 1		506 84	506 84	506 84	
do No 2		379 33	379 33	379 33	
do No 3		328 25	328 25	328 25	
do No 4		292 38	292 38	292 88	
do No 5		280 14	280 14	280 14	
do No 6	115 32	329 34	444 66	401 92	42 74
do No 7		342 71	342 71	342 71	
do No 8		424 34	424 34	424 34	
do No 9	125 48	529 63	655 11	655 11	
do No 10		34 83	34 83	34 83	
do No 11		177 07	177 07	177 07	
do No 12		320 78	320 78	320 78	
do No 13		234 48	234 48	234 48	
do No 14		266 54	266 54	266 54	
do No 15		163 68	163 68	163 68	
do No 16		212 79	212 79	212 79	
do No 17		176 19	176 19	176 19	
do No 18		163 24	163 24	161 14	2 10
do No 19		126 95	126 95	126 95	
do No 20		57 68	57 68	57 68	
do No 21		157 93	157 93	157 93	
do No 22		113 88	113 88	113 88	
do No 23		224 73	224 73	224 73	
do No 24		128 81	128 81	128 81	
do No 25		296 88	296 88	296 88	
do No 26	5 87	50 44	56 31		56 31
do No 27		170 51	170 51	170 51	
do No 28		81 47	81 47	81 47	
do No 29		84 30	84 30	48 30	36 00
do No 30		17 48	17 48		17 48
do No 31		41 40	41 40		41 40
do No 34		100 05	100 05	100 05	
Total	$851 67	$35721 09	$36572 76	$31208 98	$5363 78
TAX COLLECTIONS.					
Tax Collections	$4827 21	$59837 50	$64664 71	$59962 60	$4702 11
RECAPITULATION.					
State Funds	$54 47	$5533 13	$5576 36	$5582 40	$65 50
County Funds	4227 33	32819 16	37046 49	32199 32	4944 29
City and Town Funds	5 97	13240 67	13246 64	13156 08	90 56
School Funds	851 67	35721 09	36572 76	31208 98	5363 78
Tax Collections	4827 21	59837 50	64664 71	59962 60	4702 11
Total	$9966 65	$147151 55	$157106 96	$142109 38	$15156 24

*Overdrawn.

RECEIPTS INTO COUNTY TREASURY.

To the Credit of the Following Funds.

GENERAL COUNTY FUND.

Interest on deposits $825 88
Jury fees 51 00
Fees deposited by different candidates 328 02
Tax collections from Crow Wing and Cass counties 17729 17
Total $18934 07

POOR FUND.

Amount transferred from special poor fund $1091 01
Tax collections 2330 17
Total $3421 18

SPECIAL POOR FUND.

Products sold by overseer poor farm $357 74
Board of F. Davenport's children 20 00
Tax collections 629 59
Total $1007 33
Road and bridge tax collections 1929 57
Bond interest tax collections 7311 07
Sinking fund tax collections 149 28
Building fund tax collections 41 99
Redemption fund tax collections 24 67
Total $32819 16

POOR FUND.

L P White Jr lumber poor farm $4.32
Evergreen Cemetery graves for paupers 21.00
Evergreen Cemetery graves for paupers 12.00
J A Bixby salary overseer poor farm 50.00
L H Stollman relief of poor 12.80
J A Bixby salary poor farm 50.00
Leon E Lum interest on mortgage on poor farm 50.00
M Hagberg purchase of ticket for sick prisoner 7 20
M Hagberg groceries furnished poor farm 31.88
Henry Harmon 26 cords wood furnished poor farm 52.00
Nels Olson care of Mrs William's child 16.00
Mrs Frank Rosini amount allowed for her support 10.00
Mrs A M Knipe amount allowed for her support 10 00
Campbell & Smith goods furnished poor 28 50
N P Bank premium insurance policy poor farm buildings 69 00
J N Nevers balance Ins. policy Poor Farm Buildigs 63 00
Hary Harmon work at Farm 2 50
N McFadden Drugs furnished poor 2 50
Dr J L Camp medical service rendered poor 13 00
R F Walters shoes furnished poor 3 20
Hiram Sargent care of Andrew Nelson 22 41
J S Gardner goods furnished poor 19 65
F C O'Dell care John Nelson 6 00
J A Bixby salary overseer poor farm 100 00
Wm Holst blacksmith work at poor farm 21 05
Mrs Frank Rosini amount allowed for her support 10 00
Mrs A M Knipe amount allowed for her support 10 00
M Hagberg groceries poor farm 25 97
Campbell & Smith goods poor farm 2 05
Knute Olson work at farm 20 00
Dr A F Groves medical service rendered poor 57 00
Andrew Olson care John Nelson 6 00
N McFadden drugs furnished poor 4 45
J A Bixby overseer poor farm 50 00
Mrs Frank Rosini amount allowed for her support 10 00
Nels Olson care of Mrs Williams child 16 00
Louis Jermo work at farm 2 00
Nels Hollstrum amount allowed for his support 8 00
Con O'Brien wood furnished poor 2 50
Knute Olson work at poor farm 40 00
J T Frater railway and freight charges 14 63
Slipp Bro's goods furnished poor farm 5 35
Mrs Frank Rosini amount allowed for her support 10 00
Nels Hollstrum amount allowed for his support $8 00
Peter Johnson fence posts poor farm 16 00
Henry Springer work at poor farm 2 00
J A Bixby overseer poor farm 50 00
Davenport & Woodbury milk tank poor farm 10 00
Mrs James Ambly wood furnished poor farm 7 25
Nels Olson care Mrs Williams child 8 00
M Hagberg groceries furnished poor farm 21 69
N McFadden drugs furnished poor 5 75
Campbell & Smith goods furnished poor 1 02
J A Bixby overseer poor farm 50 00
Evergreen cemetery graves dug for poor 12 00
Mrs Frank Rosini amount allowed for her support 10 00
Harry Patterson helping survey at poor farm 3 00
John Cameron seed wheat furnished poor farm 34 00
John Cameron sawing wood at poor farm 13 80
Nels Olson care Mrs Williams child 8 00
Mrs J W Campbell amount allowed to pay her taxes 27 67
N P Clarke purchase of bull for farm 150 00
Mrs Frank Rosini amount allowed for her support 10 00
J A Bixby overseer poor farm 50 00
Wm Durham helping survey at farm 21 00
James Harmon helping survey at farm 14 00
R K Whiteley appropriation to survey at farm 54 00
Oscar Finney helping survey at farm 4 00
First National Bank amount appropriated for ditching at farm 139 15
Knute Olson help surveying at poor farm 20 00
M McFadden premium on insurance poor farm buildings 7 50
A Paulson work at farm 16 00
Dr A F Groves medical service rendered poor 53 00
Knute Olson work at farm 25 00
N McFadden drugs furnished poor 3 00
Nels Olson care Mrs. Williams child 16 00
J S Gardner groceries furnished poor 36 38
W J Davenport work at farm 15 00
J A Bixby overseer poor farm and hired help 59 00
Henry Harmon amount allowed for overflowage 35 00
Gust Erickson helping survey at farm 6 00
Wm Durham work at farm 5 00
I T Dean burial of two persons 35 00
Losey & Dean coffin and burial A Bowers 15 00
M Hagberg goods poor farm 62 58
M Hagberg groceries poor farm 21 90
Campbell & Smith goods poor farm 1 75
E M Westfall shoes furnished poor 1 40
J A Bixby overseer poor farm 50 00
R H Paine 150 ft hose poor farm 18 00
A C Rogers amount required case Louis Miller 19 46
Nels Olson care Mrs Williams child 8 00
M Hagberg groceries furnished poor farm 44 33
J T McGinnis & Co shoes furnished poor 90
Campbell & Smith goods furnished poor 2 00
J J Howe & Co lumber furnished poor farm 7 01
Nels Olson care Mrs Williams child 8 00
Knute Olson work at farm 32 59
Wm Durham work at farm 5 00
Andrew Paulson work at farm 16 00
J J Howe & Co. lumber for poor farm 10 05
J A Bixby overseer poor farm 50 00
Geo Keough care of C Blanchard 19 65
A G Gallup burial of J Donahue 15 00
G A McDonald care Van Click 10 50
M Hagberg groceries poor farm $70 04
S W Gray goods poor farm 18 15
N McFadden goods furnished poor 1 90
Losey & Dean burial of two persons 35 00
J A Bixby overseer poor farm 100 00
L W Blake care Theriault's child 1 50
Nels Olson care Mrs Williams child 16 00
S W Gray & Co. appropriation for sewer pipe poor farm 175 25
M Hagberg groceries poor farm 35 73
Campbell & Smith goods poor farm 8 35
Smith & Spencer plow for poor farm 12 00
Mrs J Knipe amount allowed for her support 10 00
A Paulson work at farm 80 00
Leon E Lum interest on poor farm mortgage 50 00
Refunding orders No 21 22 23 22
Total $3 059 03

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND.

E E Phelps assisting survey road 44—31 $4 00
Louis Wood money to repair walks Mississippi Bridge 50
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
Seivert Olson part appropriation to repair Eagle Lake road 45 00
A McPhail part appropriation to repair Eagle Lake road 30 00
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
M Oppergard part appropriation to repair Brainerd and Deerwood roads 85 00
Robinson & Rowley repairing Mississippi bridge 3 00
Andrew Brandt road overseer 7 50
Henry Tellerman road overseer 5 25
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
R K Whiteley surveying county roads 20 00
M D Gorton help surveying county roads 6 00
Marcus Olson help surveying county roads 6 00
E M Phelps help surveying county roads 2 00
N N Halliday appropriation to repair Eagle Lake road 50 00
N A Lease help surveying county roads 7 00
Harry Patterson viewing county roads 17 50
L H Stallman viewing county bridges 12 00
A P Farrar viewing county roads 12 00
R K Whiteley surveying county roads 8 00
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
J S Gardner viewing Pine River road 12 00
H M Buck money to repair corduroy Long Lake 50 00
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
John Engman work on county roads 1 50
Halliday & Jermo planks to repair bridges 23 90
Joel Smith planks to repair bridges 8 15
W A Warren amount appropriated to repair roads 75 00
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
Joel Smith work on Long Lake road 57 50
Harry Springer work on county roads 4 50
E Garlinghouse part appropriation to repair roads 35 00
James Chrysler part appropriation to repair roads 25 00
C B Stade amount appropriated to repair roads 100 00
Fred Elmer repairing scraper 1 50
E Garlinghouse part appropriated to repair roads 15 00
Louis Wood custodian Miss Bridge 15 00
Joel Smith Bridge work 6 50
A Lessard Bridge work 82 58
P W Bidwell bridge work 24 00
A P Farrar superintendent bridge work 24 20
Seivert Olson road overseer 45-29 $7 50
Jacob Desonia work on bridges 6 00
Silas Hall work on bridges 16 00
F C Ludwig work on roads 4 50
Harry Patterson viewing county roads 7 00
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
R K Whiteley specifications Pine River bridge 2 00
L H Stallman viewing county roads 13 00
James Chrysler road overseer 44-29 16 75
Nels Gjerness road overseer 44-29 11 25
A P Farrar viewing bridges 12 00
T C Pointon appropriation to repair road 44-29 50 00
T C Pointon repairing bridges 3 00
Joel Smith viewing county roads 13 00
C B Stade appropriation to repair county roads 60 00
Nels Olson appropriation to repair county roads 25 00
R J Cochrane appropriation to repair county roads 50 00
N N Halliday building bridges 15 00
Peter Johnson road overseer 44-29 18 75
Smith & Spencer scraper for road work 7 00
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
Harry Patterson appropriation to repair county roads 40 00
J J Howe & Co lumber to repaire bridges 17 43
Chas A Kaech appropriation to repair county roads 100 00
Henry Tellerman appropriation to repair county roads 50 00
John A Jackson appropriation to repair county roads 30 00
R K Whiteley surveying county roads 6 00
J J Howe & Co lumber for bridges 87 50
Chas Winterstein work on bridges 11 25
F A Whiteley surveying county roads 24 00
W P Roberts help surveying county roads 8 00
Geo Carlisle and C Winterstein work on bridges 53 26
Wilmer Holmes work on Mississippi bridge 48 00
Harry Patterson road work 15 00
C G Christianson road work 14 75
Clous Olson road work 6 00
N Peterson road work 2 00
James Chrysler appropriation to repair roads 50 00
Seivert Olson work on road 7 00
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
Seymore Clarke part appropriation to repair roads 34 50
M B Stearns appropriated to to repair roads 25 00
H M Bouck appropriation to repair roads 25 00
Louis Shelman help survey county roads 12 00
R J Cochrane appropriation to repair corduroy 50 00
A Downey appropriation to repair roads 75 00
C B Stade appropriation to repair Philip's Hill 25 00
Wm Burke appropriation to repair roads 4 00
Geo Redding part appropriation to repair roads 4 68
J J Howe & Co appropriation to repair roads 21 82
Louis Wood custodian of Mississippi bridge 15 00
Refunding Orders No 21 22 23 69
Total $2 236 71

INTEREST FUND.

J D Torrey interest on county orders $ 12
John N Nevers interest on county orders 48
Geo D La Bar interest on county orders 31
Geo D La Bar interest on county orders 1 21
D M Clark & Co interest on county orders 44
M Hagberg interest on county orders 61
First National Bank interest on county orders 136 82
R P Nelson interest on county orders 1 60
Henry Root interest on county orders 1 14
S R Adair interest on county orders 6 12
J N Nevers interest on county orders 1 38
Geo D La Bar interest on county orders 5 76
F W Wieland interest on county orders 1 23
Miss Ella Robinson interest on county orders 1 46
I T Dean interest on county orders 1 31
A P Farras interest on county orders 1 93
Geo D La Bar interest on county orders 16
Wm Paine Sr interest on county orders 15
Moses Perrey interest on county orders 85
C D Johnson interest on county orders 3 06
C Baker interest on county orders 1 44
Con O'Brien interest on county orders 18
Chas E Webster interest on county orders 8 65
H I Cohen interest on county orders 73
Thos McMasters interest on county orders 38
Geo N Day interest on county orders 28
D McIntosh interest on county orders 33
H Spalding interest on county orders 73 39
F W Wieland interest on county orders 3 37
F W Wieland interest on county warrants 2 52
Northern Pacific Bank interest on county orders 49 98
M McFadden interest on county orders 1 36
J O Cady interest on county orders 54
Leon E Lum interest on county orders 7 19
First National Bank interest on county orders 320 78
R P Nelson interest on county orders 30 57
Ed Strand interest on county orders 1 35
A E Losey interest on county orders 1 24
A E Losey interest on county orders 7 82
W A Fleming interest on county orders 4 29
C E Griffith interest on county orders 1 25
Wm A Spencer interest on county orders 1 20
D E Slipp interest on county orders 3 03
J J Howe interest on county orders 35
C D Johnson interest on county orders 8 33
James McCabe interest on county orders 27
Geo D La Bar interest on county orders 49
J M Elder interest on county orders 2 68
A Olson interest on county orders 1 05
Adam Brown interest on county orders 79
C E Griffith interest on county orders 13 55
John Thompson interest on county orders 82
Pioneer Press Co interest on county orders 2 40
H Ribble interest on county orders 24
J L Berg interest on county orders 45
John E Hoving interest on county orders 1 74
L J Cale interest on county orders 37
S McNaughton interest on county orders 24
R P Nelson interest on county orders 5 32
C R Smead interest on county orders 6 09
S W Gray interest on county orders 1 82
Geo D La Bar interest on county orders 57 80
N W Wheatley interest on county orders 34
F W Wieland interest on county orders 14 42
Richard Parker interest on county orders 2 00
T F Watson interest on county orders 1 25
J & W Niven interest on county orders 21
Interest on bridge bonds $4,000 issue 280 00
Interest on bridge bonds $50,000 issue $3 000 00
Interest on court house bonds $15,000 issue 1 200 00
Interest on court house bonds $30,000 issue 2 100 00
Refunding orders Nos. 21, 22, 23 2 76
Total $7 387 93

BUILDING FUND.

R K Whiteley taking levels for sewers $40 00
J H Gibson assisting taking levels for sewers 26 00
R K Whiteley taking level for sewers and plat of same 24 00
Total $90 00

REDEMPTION FUND.

M A Hattan redemption order No 58 $24 67

SPECIAL POOR FUND.

Amount transferred to poor fund $1 091 01
Refunding order No 21 12
Total $1 091 13

DISTRICT COURT.

CLERK OF COURT AND DEPUTIES.

S F Alderman fees as clerk $39 00
A G Trommald fees as deputy clerk 39 00
Total $78 00

SHERIFFS AND DEPUTIES.

Henry Spalding fees as sheriff 102 00
D M Gunn fees as deputy sheriff 85 00
D D Smith fees as deputy sheriff 85 00
Total $272 00

REPORTERS.

Geo C Stiles stenographer $330 00

FEES CLERK OF COURT.

S F Alderman entering real estate tax judgment $175 05
S F Alderman entering personal property tax citations 176 75
Total $351 80

WITNESS FEES AND MILEAGE.

Moses Perry witness fees $11 00
A Olson fees interpreter 2 00
Dan McIntosh witness fees 4 12
A H Bennett witness fees 3 36
O W Barker witness fees 5 20
W S Senff witness fees 5 20
John Springstead witness fees 5 20
Fred Brinkman witness fees 8 24
P Gwine witness fees 1 00
W S Senff witness fees 5 20
Joe Lovally witness fees 5 28
Peter Guinh witness fees 5 90
Wo-bo-check witness fees 5 70
San-ge-ge-check witness fees 12 00
Wm Burnett witness fees 5 28
Chas Ashland witness fees 5 28
Dominick Kirley witness fees 5 28
John Croxford witness fees 5 28
Della Lyons witness fees 3 40
H M Wollett witness fees 5 29
Henry Parrott witness fees 5 20
R K Whiteley witness fees 10 48
John Springstead witness fees 5 20
Al Brockway witness fees 6 24
John Lingnaw witness fees 2 12
A V Snyder witness fees 1 00
Silas Hall witness fees 1 12
L D Matteson witness fees 1 12
John Koula witness fees 3 12
John Lingnau witness fees 5 20
Andrew Towers witness fees 2 00
P Burke witness fees 2 00
P G Foglestrom witness fees 4 00
R K Whiteley witness fees 2 12
D D Smith witness fees 1 12
A F Ferris witness fees 2 20
Geo D LaBar witness fees 1 12
Louis Tache witness fees 1 12
Louis Tache witness fees 1 12
A Brockway witness fees 3 12
Fred Rushmeyer witness fees 5 24
Augusta Evers witness fees 5 24
Dora Elling witness fees 5 24
F A Farrar witness fees 3 24
D E Wilkins witness fees 2 00
Total $190 80

GRAND JURORS.

F G Sundberg $6 20
H I Cohen 6 20
S W Pinkham 5 40
T C Pointon 6 40
Robt Sturgeon 4 20
Wm Roberts 7 00
J S Gardner 4 20
D Archibald 8 00
Robert Caughie 4 20
L H Stallman 4 20
Wm Paine 4 20
H J Spencer 4 20
N W Wheatley 4 20
Henry Ribble 4 20
Chas Blunt 24 09
H J Hagadorn 6 00
Felix Graham 4 20
J W Koop 4 20
H M Dye 6 60
R H Paine 4 20
L P Johnson 4 20
Seth Dinwiddie 9 00
G H Stratton 4 20
W H Everest 7 60
A T Kimball 10 80
E M Phelps 8 00
S Hall 6 20
Robt Sturgeon 6 20
A R Cass 6 80
B S Mallory 6 20
C B Closson 6 20
J S Gardner 6 29
John Nevers 6 20
J M Hayes 6 20
A P Riggs 5 20
Geo N Day 8 20
Total $229 40

PETIT JURORS.

Thos Holliday $8 20
James Buley 4 20
John Lauerman 2 20
I Katz 4 00
W W Winters 4 20
R K Whiteley 4 00
Fred J Reid 15 60
J A Collins 2 00
John Lawey 16 20
J H Gibson 6 00
Geo Stikney 6 00
John Anderson 2 20
Henry Allard 2 20
Ole Olson 3 20
George Menworth 2 20
Chas Barnett 2 20
Frank Thornwaite 2 20
Solomon Markee 2 20
Peter Peterson 2 20
Adam Cook 20 20
T J Thomas 2 20
Wm Cole 4 20
Edgar Place 4 20
Martin Ovig 24 20
Chas Ranstrom 13 60
W P Getchell 4 20
John E Horing 27 40
James Best 4 20
Chas Johnson 24 20
Louis Jermo 4 20
N H Ingersoll 16 20
James Towers 16 20
Dan Caffery 22 20
Ed Strand 22 20
Geo Bane 16 20
Chas Johnson 2 20
John Brockway 22 20
F B Congdon 4 20
E M Pollock 4 20
J R Westfall 26 20
J A Cochrane 20 20
R J Hartley 16 20
Thos Kennedy 4 00
M H Miller 18 20
A A Graham 18 20
John Ort 24 20
N N Halliday 27 40
A F Ferris 2 00
Wm Hack 20 20
James McCallum 20 20
J T Sanborn 26 20
Allen Dolph 2 00
John Thompson 14 00
A J Coutou 18 20
C E Griffith 26 00
H A Leighton 2 20
W J Baine 2 12
James Towers 2 00
E C Smith 2 80
John Chamberlain 2 20
L P White Jr. 1 20
Louis Johnson 7 00
Andrew Towers 7 00
A M Peterson 7 00
Walter Fivie 7 00
P G Fogelstrom 4 00
Chas Bastar 6 00
Thos Kennedy $4 00
A A Graham 2 00
N H Ingersoll 4 20
M Cullen 4 20
Walter Fivie 4 20
Silas Hall 4 00
Jos Dade 6 00
N H Ingersoll 2 00
John Drake 42 60
Robt Caughie 42 20
Samuel English 42 20
F J Hinman 42 20
R J Hartley 6 20
John Falconer 42 20
John McCarthy 42 20
J W Jones 42 20
Wm Gustafson 42 20
Peter Brardt 46 00
Thos Crawford 42 20
J E Ireland 42 20
H Lynch 2 00
R Parker 42 20
W S Hills 42 20
Ed Breheney 42 20
D E Slipp 42 20
Chas Cross 2 20
M H Miller 10 00
John Risk 4 00
Peter Walters 42 20
W H Meckins 2 20
E E Phelps 2 20
Total $1 425 52

SHERIFF'S FEES.

Henry Spalding fees in state cases $1 124 16

CORNER'S JURORS AND WITNESSES.

Geo Jenkins fees inquest Paddy Ryan $3 90
T J Stanley fees as juror inquest Paddy Ryan 3 70
H H Hall fees inquest Paddy Ryan 3 70
J McNaughtan fees as assistant coroner 16 00
J N Nevers fees inquest Mrs Andrews and Lillie Wallace 1 20
H Spalding fees as sheriff inquest Mrs Andrews and Lillie Wallace 9 60
H J Spencer fees inquest Mrs Andrews and Lillie Wallace 1 20
F M Cable witness fees inquest Mrs Andrews and Lillie Wallace 2 50
J T Sanborn witness fees inquest Mrs Andrews and Lillie Wallace 1 20
R J Hartley witness fees inquest Mrs Andrews and Lillie Wallace 1 20
Westley Curo inquest P Ryan 6 40
W J Bain coroner defendant cases 37 60
Total $88 20

MUNICIPAL COURT.

Mrs Henry Root witness fees 4 05
Mrs Henry Root witness fees 3 80
Chas Peterson witness fees 2 12
A Mahlum witness fees 2 12
C Cross witness fees 1 10
A P Riggs fees as juror 50
H Rosenberg fees as juror 50
A Anderson witness fees 2 20
J R Westfall witness fees 2 20
A E Pennell witness fees 2 20
G W Alexander witness fees 2 20
Mrs C Sunley witness fees 3 36
Mrs John O'Toole witness fees 3 36
Mrs Julia Tillquist witness fees 3 36
Mrs Nettie Bohay witness fees 3 36
P H Hawkins witness fees 3 36
Mrs M Mattuiz witness fees 3 36
Nels Peterson fees as juror 2 70
C B Thompson witness fees 2 20
E D Wilkins witness fees 2 20
Otto Rhinehardt witness fees 2 20
Wm Gustafson fees as juror 2 20
Wm Burnett witness fees 6 80
Daminick Kerley witness fees 6 80
John Croxford witness fees 6 80
J W Slipp witness fees 1 20
Felix Graham witness fees 1 70
C D Johnson et all fees different cases 21 06
Chas Hagberg fees as juror 1 00
Joe Gould witness fees 5 00
Hugh Riddle fees as juror 1 00
J E Bennett fees as juror 1 00
Chas Miller witness fees 4 04
Chas Blunt witness fees 4 40
Frank Chandler witness fees 5 00
C A Richardson fees as juror 1 00
Wm Bartch fees as juror 1 00
E O Webb fees as juror 1 00
W W Winters fees as juror 1 00
Allie Delanly witness fees 2 00
Agnes Mielke witness fees 3 00
May Hastings witness fees 2 12
H J Hagadorn fees as juror 1 00
C H Paine fees as juror 1 00
F S Kirtland witness fees 2 04
E A Gleason fees as juror 1 00
G W Alexander fees as juror 1 00
O P Erickson fees as juror 2 00
Wm Holst fees as juror 1 00
S W Gray fees as juror 1 00
W A Warren justice fees 2 65
A Olson fees as juror 1 00
Mrs Loren Cooley witness fees 4 12
Total $148 78

PROBATE COURT.

Dr J C Rosser fees insanity John Amos $3 30
Dr J L Camp fees insanity Elizabeth Lucia 3 30
Dr J C Rosser fees insanity Elizabeth Lucia 3 30
Dr J L Camp fees insanity E H Bigger 3 30
Henry Spalding fees insanity E H Bigger 55 00
Henry Spalding fees insanity Mrs J Williams 82 50
Dr W Hemstead fees insanity Mrs J Williams 3 30
Dr A F Groves fees insanity E H Bigger 3 30
Dr J L Camp fees insanity Mrs J Williams 8 30
H Spalding bringing Winterstein and wife before court for examination 7 20
Dr W Hemstead fees insanity J McClellan and D and Mrs Winterstein 9 60
H Spalding fees insanity J McClellan and Jos Manard 75 50
Dr J L Camp fees insanity D Winterstein and wife 6 30
Dr J E Rosser fees insanity Jos Manard 3 30
Geo W Stickney fees insanity Jos Manard 5 30
H Spalding fees insanity Wm Leonard 49 00
H Spalding fees insanity John Peterson 44 00
Dr G McPherson fees insanity Mary Hack and John Peterson 6 30
H Spalding fees insanity Hugo Ebinger 51 00
Dr J L Camp fees insanity McClelland and Manard 6 60
Total $424 60

BOARDING PRISONERS.

Henry Spalding boarding prisoners $1 517 98

JAILORS FEES.

Henry Spalding $600 00

PRINTING AND STATIONERY.

Pioneer Press Co stationery $65 70
Brainerd Dispatch printing 21 75
Brainerd Dispatch printing 9 50
Brainerd Tribune printing 2 00
Brainerd Dispatch printing 23 25
Brainerd Tribune printing 6 50
Brown, Treacy & Co stationery 60 40
Brainerd Dispatch printing 65 00
Brown, Treacy & Co stationery 16 90
Brown, Treacy & Co stationery 133 13
Brainerd Dispatch printing 15 50
Geo D Barnard & Co stationery 163 16
Geo D Barnard & Co stationery 108 80
Brainerd Dispatch printing 21 00
Brainerd Tribune stationery 6 25
St Paul Dispatch stationery 79 75
Pioneer Press Co stationery 93 55
Brainerd Dispatch stationery 49 75
West Publishing Co stationery 8 48
Brainerd Dispatch printing 18 00
Pioneer Press Co stationery 123 28
Brainerd Dispatch printing 193 00
Brainerd Tribune stationery 6 40
Brainerd Dispatch printing 353 15
Brainerd Dispatch printing 222 25
Total $1 856 09

MISCELLANEOUS.

Thos Harding judge election Pine River $9 00
T F Weston judge election Pine River 9 00
T W Peck judge election Pine River 9 00
D Archibald judge election Bay Lake $3 00
J McNaughton searching for persons unlawfully killing deer 3 00
John T Frater expressage and postage 12 27
N McFadden premium insurance county buildings 20 83
Dr Werner Hemstead returning births and deaths 14 25
J T Sanborn meals furnished jurors 20 80
J M Clark & Co goods furnished court house 7 30
Chas Greeves wood for county jail 100 00
R K Whiteley taking levels for sewers 5 00
John Seibert wood county jail 5 00
A F Ferris use of lots 11 12 13 B 48 11 10
N E Paine plumbing county jail 1 25
S W Gray sawing wood county jail 23 75
Larson & Walters wood and coal court house 15 75
Leon E Lum money advanced legislative purposes 85 00
Ambrose Tighe water rent two quarters 50 00
A Mahlum making out list taxable mortgages 38 50
John T Frater expressage and postage 21 30
J D Terrey clerk election Bay Lake 3 00
P Huntsinger clerk election Swan Creek 3 00
J T Frater expressage and postage 11 17
W B Smith clerk election Swan Creek 3 00
N McFadden drugs county jail 2 55
T McMaster oil county jail 7 90
Louis Nelson assessing attached territory 104 00
Larson & Walters coal furnished court house 8 25
A Mahlum recording judge probate bond 1 00
D Archibald assessing unorganized territory 65 00
M Hagberg oil county jail 1 50
D Archibald assessing unorganized territory 35 00
C E Griffith assessing Cass county 240 00
A Mahlum recording court commissioners bond 1 00
Soren Hanson drawing jury September term 3 80
Slipp Bros goods county jail 1 50
Brainerd Water Co water rent 25 00
Larson & Walters coal furnished court house 187 50
J W Burrel mill wood court house 4 00
J A Wilson expressage and postage justice fees 5 70
M L Patterson constable fees case McKnight and Otto 2 85
J T Sanborn meals furnished jurors 36 40
F S Kirtland constable fees town Crow Wing 2 70
Geo C Kirtland justice fees town Crow Wing 1 90
Silas Hall hauling dirt court house trees 2 80
Robinson & Rowley repairing county jail 3 60
Ambrose Tighe water rent one quarter 25 00
Geo R Bane damage caused by road running through lands 25 00
M Hagberg oils county jail 2 55
J J Howe & Co lumber county jail 12 35
D M Clark & Co goods court house 10 10
N E Paine plumbing county jail 12 10
N McFadden insurance policy county buildings 390 00
Dr Werner Hemstead returning births and deaths 65 00
Ambrose Tighe water rent one quarter 25 00
John Knebel reporting births and deaths 1 75
H C Hughey reporting births and deaths 2 50
R H Morford reporting births and deaths 3 75
W H Everest reporting births and deaths 50
Ed Eamer reporting births and deaths 50
S F Alderman reporting births and deaths 33 50
S C Mooers teams furnished county commissioners 8 00
M Hagberg oils county jail 1 50
N McFadden goods county jail 60
C E Chipperfield drawing jury March term 3 00
J T Frater expressage and postage 10 00
M Hagberg oils county jail 70
N McFadden goods county jail 1 75
J T Frater expressage and postage 14 05
J T Frater expressage and postage 13 95
W A Fleming money advanced obtaining evidence 24 00
J J Howe & Co mill wood court house 3 00
John Falconer box for railroad bonds 1 00
M Hagberg oils county jail 4 00
J S Gardner member auditing board 6 00
S F Alderman member auditing board 6 00
Louis Tache member auditing board 6 00
Refunding orders Numbers 21, 22, 23 3 32
Total $1 885 69

COMMISSIONERS.

PER DIEM AND MILEAGE.

Joel Smith District No 1 $50 40
J S Gardner do No 2 51 20
L H Stallman do No 3 32 00
A P Farrar do No 4 41 60
H Patterson do No 5 38 40
Total $213 60

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

A P Farrar five days and mileage $15 20
Joel Smith five days and mileage 17 60
J S Gardner five days and mileage 15 20
L H Stallman five days and mileage 15 20
H Patterson five days and mileage 18 40
Wm H Hallett two days Cass County Board 13 00
Total $94 60

SALARIES.

Louis Tache salary county auditor $2 800 00
John T Frater salary county treasurer 1 733 71
J E Wilson clerk auditor's office 66 25
Chas J Wilson clerk auditor's office 530 00
Kit A Meekins clerk auditor's office 341 95
Leon E Lum county attorney 47 55
W A Fleming county attorney 825 00
J A Wilson county superintendent of schools 300 00
W P Spalding judge of probate 76 44
M McFadden judge of probate 427 73
R P Nelson janitor court house 330 00
Total $7 478 63

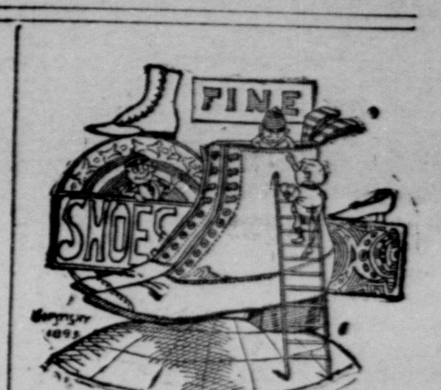
ASSETS.

Court house and jail including permanent fixtures $57 922 45
Office furniture including safes 1 165 00
Old county jail lot 500 00
Court house and jail lots 8 600 00
Poor farm buildings, stock, etc 10 800 00
Taxes due and unpaid tax list of 1891 and prior years for Crow Wing and Cass counties 48 612 40
Liabilities over assets 72 400 15
Total $200 000 00

LIABILITIES.

Court house bonds at 8 per cent $15 000 00
Court house bonds at 7 per cent 30 000 00
Bridge bonds at 7 per cent 4 000 00
Bridge bonds at 6 per cent 50 000 00
Railroad bonds at 6 per cent 100 000 00
Mortgage on poor farm assumed by county 1 000 00
Total $200 000 00

LOUIS TACHE,
County Auditor.



Our Shoes Are Way Up in all the qualities that make footwear A 1. Handsome is as handsome does, is an old truism, and it's just as true as it is old. It's true of our footwear. Our shoes look handsome, wear even more handsomely than they look, and all who buy them realize to the fullest extent what it is to be thoroughly well shod. It pays to be well shod at all times, and especially in bad weather. We draw no line in footwear; men and boys, ladies and misses, and babies too, can be fully provided with the exact style of footwear they need or desire. Ask for the shoes you want. We have them. We're selling our $3.00 extra wide shoes for gentlemen, made from satin oil stock, at $2.50 for a short time only.

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OPEN DAY & NIGHT.

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Terms Reasonable.

(First Publication Feb. 3rd.)

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., January 31th, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, Clerk of the District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, Mch. 11th, 1893, viz:

FRANS E. ANDERSON,

H. E. No. 13418, for the N½ NE¼ & SW¼ NE¼ Sec.12. Twp. 133, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

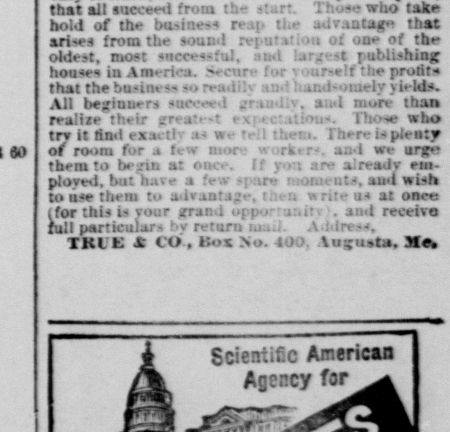
Andrew R. Cass, Louis Anderson, Eugene Aubin, Matt Erstrom. P. O. Address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

A. BARTO,
Register.

WORK FOR US

a few days, and you will be startled at the unexpected success that will reward your efforts. We positively have the best business to offer an agent that can be found on the face of this earth. **$45.00 profit on $75.00 worth of business** is being easily and honorably made by and paid to hundreds of men, women, boys, and girls in our employ. You can make money faster at work for us than you have any idea of. The business is so easy to learn, and instructions so simple and plain, that all succeed from the start. Those who take hold of the business reap the advantage that arises from the sound reputation of one of the oldest, most successful, and largest publishing houses in America. Secure for yourself the profits that the business so readily and handsomely yields. All beginners succeed grandly, and more than realize their greatest expectations. Those who try it find exactly as we tell them. There is plenty of room for a few more workers, and we urge them to begin at once. If you are already employed, but have a few spare moments, and wish to use them to advantage, then write us at once (for this is your grand opportunity), and receive full particulars by return mail. Address,

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Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year: $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

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THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 12, NUMBER 17. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA FRIDAY, MAR. 10, 1893. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—THE—

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Pullman Sleeping Car Route.

Pullman service daily between Chicago, St Paul, Montana and the Pacific Northwest; and between St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba points.

THE POPULAR LINE.

Daily express trains carry elegant Pullman Sleeping Cars. Dining Cars, Day Coaches, Pullman Tourist Sleepers and Free Colonist Sleeping Cars.

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THROUGH TICKETS

are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to all points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 10:30 p. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 6 goes South at 5:20 a. m., daily except Sunday.

No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 8:20 p. m., daily Goes West at 8:25 p. m.

No. 14 arrives from the West at 7:45 a. m., daily. Goes East to Duluth at 8:05 a. m.

Morris accommodation leaves at 7:00 a. m., except Sunday.

Brainerd accommodation from Morris and Little Falls arrives at 5:30p. m., except Sunday.

No. 54 freight, carries passengers to Aitkin, leaves at 10:40 p. m.

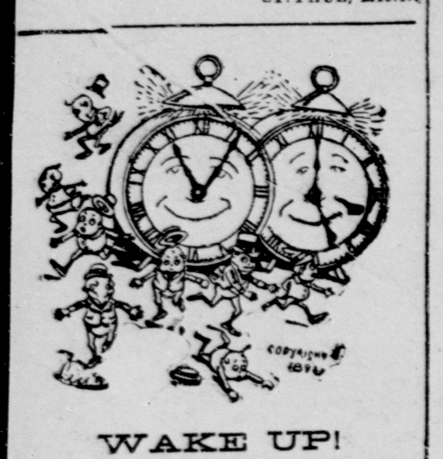
No. 55, freight, arrives from N. P. Junction at 3:00 p. m. Goes West at 3:00 p. m., except Sunday.

No. 56, freight, arrives from Staples at 9:50 a. m. Goes East to N. P. Junction at 10:45 a. m., except Sunday.

These freight trains cannot be relied upon for regularity of movement, and are liable to be abandoned without notice at the will of the Company.

For Rates, Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
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W. A. FLEMING,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office: Room 8, Bank Block.
BRAINERD - - - MINN.

(First publication Feb 3rd.)
NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.
Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., January 26th, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before I. E. Staples, Clerk of Court at Little Falls, Minn., on March 13th, 1893, viz:

William H. Selby, H. E. No. 14707, for the W½ SE¼ & E½ SW¼ Sec. 6 Twp 132, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

N. Austin, C. Fausdick, S. Fausdick, Perry Randall, all of Fort Ripley, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

[First publication Jan. 10th.]
NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF
Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., March 7th, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Monday, April 17th, 1893, viz:

REUBEN GRAY.

H. E. No. 13617 for the N½ NE¼ and lot 2. Sec. 22, Twp. 135, Range 28.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

James E. White, Wallace W. Barnes, William Harman, Jacob Fisher. P. O. Address of all, Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Crow Wing County.

GENTLEMEN:

I herewith submit a statement of Receipts, Disbursements, Assets, Liabilities and balances during fiscal year ending December 31st, A. D. 1892.

LOUIS TACHE,
County Auditor.

Tabular Statements of Receipts, Disbursements and Balances for fiscal year ending December 31st, 1892.

	Balance on hand December 31st, 1891	Collections during year	Total of foregoing items	Disbursements as per cancelled vouchers	Balance on hand December 31st, 1892
STATE FUNDS.					
State of Minnesota		$4442 42	$4442 42	$4442 42	
State School Land account	$48 85	953 11	1001 96	972 23	$29 73
State School Text Book account	*5 62	102 60	96 98	132 75	*35 77
Soldiers and Sailors Burial Fund		35 00	35 00	35 00	
Total	$54 47	$5533 13	$5576 36	$5582 40	$65 50
COUNTY FUNDS.					
County Revenue Fund	$397 25	$18934 07	$19331 32	$18309 85	$1021 47
Poor Fund	77 08	3421 18	3498 26	3059 03	439 23
Road and Bridge Fund	306 59	1929 57	2236 16	2236 71	*55
Bond Interest Fund	1094 44	7311 07	8405 51	7307 93	1017 58
Sinking Fund	2156 45	149 28	2305 73		2305 73
Surplus Fund	93 66		93 66		93 66
Building Fund		41 99	41 99	90 00	48 01
Redemption Fund	18 06	24 67	42 73	24 67	18 06
Special Poor Fund	83 80	1007 33	1091 13	1091 13	
Total	$4227 33	$32819 16	$37046 49	$32199 32	$4944 29
CITY AND TOWN FUNDS.					
City of Brainerd		$9882 36	$9882 36	$9882 36	
City of Brainerd Sidewalk		661 00	661 00	661 00	
City of Brainerd Sinking Fund		1097 72	1097 72	1097 72	
Town of Mooresville		469 90	469 90	408 98	$60 92
Town of Crow Wing		218 97	218 97	209 92	9 05
Town of Oak Lawn		398 87	398 87	386 70	12 17
Town of Deerwood	$4 05	241 56	245 61	241 34	4 27
Town of Daggett Brook	43	63 17	63 60	62 45	1 15
Town of Long Lake	1 49	197 57	199 06	196 06	3 00
Town of Garrison		9 55	9 55	9 55	
Total	$5 97	$13240 67	$13246 64	$13156 08	$90 56
SCHOOL FUNDS.					
General School	$605 00	$11247 69	$11852 69	$11852 69	
Brainerd Independent		17658 33	17658 33	12490 58	$5167 75
School District No 1		506 84	506 84	506 84	
do No 2		379 33	379 33	379 33	
do No 3		328 25	328 25	328 25	
do No 4		292 38	292 38	292 88	
do No 5		280 14	280 14	280 14	
do No 6	115 32	329 34	444 66	401 92	42 74
do No 7		342 71	342 71	342 71	
do No 8		424 34	424 34	424 34	
do No 9	125 48	529 63	655 11	655 11	
do No 10		34 83	34 83	34 83	
do No 11		177 07	177 07	177 07	
do No 12		320 78	320 78	320 78	
do No 13		234 48	234 48	234 48	
do No 14		266 54	266 54	266 54	
do No 15		163 68	163 68	163 68	
do No 16		212 79	212 79	212 79	
do No 17		176 19	176 19	176 19	
do No 18		163 24	163 24	161 14	2 10
do No 19		126 95	126 95	126 95	
do No 20		57 68	57 68	57 68	
do No 21		157 93	157 93	157 93	
do No 22		113 88	113 88	113 88	
do No 23		224 73	224 73	224 73	
do No 24		128 81	128 81	128 81	
do No 25		296 88	296 88	296 88	
do No 26	5 87	50 44	56 31		56 31
do No 27		170 51	170 51	170 51	
do No 28		81 47	81 47	81 47	
do No 29		84 30	84 30	48 30	36 00
do No 30		17 48	17 48		17 48
do No 31		41 40	41 40		41 40
do No 34		100 05	100 05	100 05	
Total	$851 67	$35721 09	$36572 76	$31208 98	$5363 78
TAX COLLECTIONS.					
Tax Collections	$4827 21	$59837 50	$64664 71	$59962 60	$4702 11
RECAPITULATION.					
State Funds	$54 47	$5533 13	$5576 36	$5582 40	$65 50
County Funds	4227 33	32819 16	37046 49	32199 32	4944 29
City and Town Funds	5 97	13240 67	13246 64	13156 08	90 56
School Funds	851 67	35721 09	36572 76	31208 98	5363 78
Tax Collections	4827 21	59837 50	64664 71	59962 60	4702 11
Total	$9966 65	$147151 55	$157106 96	$142109 38	$15156 24

*Overdrawn.

RECEIPTS INTO COUNTY TREASURY.

To the Credit of the Following Funds.

GENERAL COUNTY FUND.

Interest on deposite $825 88
Jury fees 51 00
Fees deposited by different candidates 328 02
Tax collections from Crow Wing and Cass counties 17729 17
Total $18934 07

POOR FUND.

Amount transferred from special poor fund $1091 01
Tax collections 2330 17
Total $3421 18

SPECIAL POOR FUND.

Products sold by overseer poor farm $357 74
Board of F. Davenport's children 20 00
Tax collections 629 59
Total $1007 33

Road and bridge tax collections 1929 57
Bond interest tax collections 7311 07
Sinking fund tax collections 149 28
Building fund tax collections 41 99
Redemption fund tax collections 24 67
Total $32819 16

POOR FUND.

L P White Jr lumber poor farm $4.32
Evergreen Cemetery graves for paupers 21.00
Evergreen Cemetery graves for paupers 12.00
J A Bixby salary overseer poor farm 50.00
L H Stollman relief of poor 12.80
J A Bixby salary poor farm 50.00
Leon E Lum interest on mortgage on poor farm 50.00
M Hagberg purchase of ticket for sick prisoner 7 20
M Hagberg groceries furnished poor farm 31.88
Henry Harmon 26 cords wood furnished poor farm 52.00
Nels Olson care of Mrs William's child 16.00
Mrs Frank Rosini amount allowed for her support 10.00
Mrs A M Knipe amount allowed for her support 10 00
Campbell & Smith goods furnished poor 28 50
N P Bank premium insurance policy poor farm buildings 69 00
J N Nevers balance Ins. policy Poor Farm Buildigs 63 00
Hary Harmon work at Farm 2 50
N McFadden Drugs furnished poor 2 50
Dr J L Camp medical service rendered poor 13 00
R F Walters shoes furnished poor 3 20
Hiram Sargent care of Andrew Nelson 22 41
J S Gardner goods furnished poor 19 65
F C O'Dell care John Nelson 6 00
J A Bixby salary overseer poor farm 100 00
Wm Holst blacksmith work at poor farm 21 05
Mrs Frank Rosini amount allowed for her support 10 00
Mrs A M Knipe amount allowed for her support 10 00
M Hagberg groceries poor farm 25 97
Campbell & Smith goods poor farm 2 05
Knute Olson work at farm 20 00
Dr A F Groves medical service rendered poor 57 00
Andrew Olson care John Nelson 6 00
N McFadden drugs furnished poor 4 45
J A Bixby overseer poor farm 50 00
Mrs Frank Rosini amount allowed for her support 10 00
Nels Olson care of Mrs Williams child 16 00
Louis Jermo work at farm 2 00
Nels Hollstrum amount allowed for his support 8 00
Con O'Brien wood furnished poor 2 50
Knute Olson work at poor farm 40 00
J T Frater railway and freight charges 14 63
Slipp Bro's goods furnished poor farm 5 35
Mrs Frank Rosini amount allowed for her support 10 00
Nels Hollstrum amount allowed for his support $8 00
Peter Johnson fence posts poor farm 15 00
Henry Springer work at poor farm 2 00
J A Bixby overseer poor farm 50 00
Davenport & Woodbury milk tank poor farm 10 00
Mrs James Ambly wood furnished poor farm 7 25
Nels Olson care Mrs Williams child 8 00
M Hagberg groceries furnished poor farm 21 69
N McFadden drugs furnished poor 5 75
Campbell & Smith goods furnished poor 1 02
J A Bixby overseer poor farm 50 00
Evergreen cemetery graves dug for poor 12 00
Mrs Frank Rosini amount allowed for her support 10 00
Harry Patterson helping survey at poor farm 3 00
John Cameron seed wheat furnished poor farm 34 00
John Cameron sawing wood at poor farm 13 80
Nels Olson care Mrs Williams child 8 00
Mrs J W Campbell amount allowed to pay her taxes 27 67
N P Clarke purchase of bull for farm 150 00
Mrs Frank Rosini amount allowed for her support 10 00
J A Bixby overseer poor farm 50 00
Wm Durham helping survey at farm 21 00
James Harmon helping survey at farm 14 00
R K Whiteley appropriation to survey at farm 54 00
Oscar Finney helping survey at farm 4 00
First National Bank amount appropriated for ditching at farm 139 15
Knute Olson help surveying at poor farm 20 00
M McFadden premium on insurance poor farm buildings 7 50
A Paulson work at farm 16 00
Dr A F Groves medical service rendered poor 53 00
Knute Olson work at farm 25 00
N McFadden drugs furnished poor 3 00
Nels Olson care Mrs. Williams child 16 00
J S Gardner groceries furnished poor 36 38
W J Davenport work at farm 15 00
J A Bixby overseer poor farm and hired help 59 00
Henry Harmon amount allowed for overflowage 35 00
Gust Erickson helping survey at farm 6 00
Wm Durham work at farm 5 00
I T Dean burial of two persons 35 00
Losey & Dean coffin and burial A Bowers 15 00
M Hagberg goods poor farm 62 58
M Hagberg groceries poor farm 21 90
Campbell & Smith goods poor farm 1 75
E M Westfall shoes furnished poor 1 40
J A Bixby overseer poor farm 50 00
R H Paine 150 ft hose poor farm 18 00
A C Rogers amount required case Louis Miller 19 46
Nels Olson care Mrs Williams child 8 00
M Hagberg groceries furnished poor farm 44 33
J T McGinnis & Co shoes furnished poor 90
Campbell & Smith goods furnished poor 2 00
J J Howe & Co lumber furnished poor farm 7 01
Nels Olson care Mrs Williams child 8 00
Knute Olson work at farm 32 59
Wm Durham work at farm 5 00
Andrew Paulson work at farm 16 00
J J Howe & Co. lumber for poor farm 10 05
J A Bixby overseer poor farm 50 00
Geo Keough care of C Blanchard 19 65
A G Gallup burial of J Donahue 15 00
G A McDonald care Van Click 10 50
M Hagberg groceries poor farm $70 04
S W Gray goods poor farm 18 15
N McFadden goods furnished poor 1 90
Losey & Dean burial of two persons 35 00
J A Bixby overseer poor farm 100 00
L W Blake care Theriault's child 1 50
Nels Olson care Mrs Williams child 16 00
S W Gray & Co. appropriation for sewer pipe poor farm 175 25
M Hagberg groceries poor farm 35 73
Campbell & Smith goods poor farm 8 35
Smith & Spencer plow for poor farm 12 00
Mrs J Knipe amount allowed for her support 10 00
A Paulson work at farm 80 00
Leon E Lum interest on poor farm mortgage 50 00
Refunding orders No 21 22 23. 22
Total $3 059 03

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND.

E E Phelps assisting survey road 44—31 $4 00
Louis Wood money to repair [illegible] Mississippi Bridge 50
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
Seivert Olson part appropriation to repair Eagle Lake road 45 00
A McPhail part appropriation to repair Eagle Lake road 30 00
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
M Oppergard part appropriation to repair Brainerd and Deerwood roads 85 00
Robinson & Rowley repairing Mississippi bridge 3 00
Andrew Brandt rood overseer 7 50
Henry Tellerman road overseer 5 25
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
R K Whiteley surveying county roads 20 00
M D Gorton help surveying county roads 6 00
Marcus Olson help surveying county roads 6 00
E M Phelps help surveying county roads 2 00
N N Halliday appropriation to repair Eagle Lake road 50 00
N A Lease help surveying county roads 7 00
Harry Patterson viewing county roads 17 50
L H Stallman viewing county bridges 12 00
A P Farrar viewing county roads 12 00
R K Whiteley surveying county roads 8 00
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
J S Gardner viewing Pine River road 12 00
H M Buck money to repair corduroy Long Lake 50 00
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
John Engman work on county roads 1 50
Halliday & Jermo planks to repair bridges 23 90
Joel Smith planks to repair bridges 8 15
W A Warren amount appropriated to repair roads 75 00
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
Joel Smith work on Long Lake road 57 50
Harry Springer work on county roads 4 50
E Garlinghouse part appropriation to repair roads 35 00
James Chrysler part appropriation to repair roads 25 00
C B Stade amount appropriated to repair roads 100 00
Fred Elmer repairing scraper 1 50
E Garlinghouse part appropriated to repair roads 15 00
Louis Wood custodian Miss Bridge 15 00
Joel Smith Bridge work 6 50
A Lessard Bridge work 82 58
P W Bidwell bridge work 24 00
A P Farrar superintendent bridge work 24 20
Seivert Olson road overseer 45-29 $7 50
Jacob Desonia work on bridges 6 00
Silas Hall work on bridges 16 00
F C Ludwig work on roads 4 50
Harry Patterson viewing county roads 7 00
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
R K Whiteley specifications Pine River bridge 2 00
L H Stallman viewing county roads 13 00
James Chrysler road overseer 44-29 16 75
Nels Gjerness road overseer 44-29 11 25
A P Farrar viewing bridges 12 00
T C Pointon appropriation to repair road 44-29 50 00
T C Pointon repairing bridges 3 00
Joel Smith viewing county roads 13 00
C B Stade appropriation to repair county roads 60 00
Nels Olson appropriation to repair county roads 25 00
R J Cochrane appropriation to repair county roads 50 00
N N Halliday building bridges 15 00
Peter Johnson road overseer 44-29 18 75
Smith & Spencer scraper for road work 7 00
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
Harry Patterson appropriation to repair county roads 40 00
J J Howe & Co lumber to repaire bridges 17 43
Chas A Kaech appropriation to repair county roads 100 00
Henry Tellerman appropriation to repair county roads 50 00
John A Jackson appropriation to repair county roads 30 00
R K Whiteley surveying county roads 6 00
J J Howe & Co lumber for bridges 87 50
Chas Winterstein work on bridges 11 25
F A Whiteley surveying county roads 24 00
W P Roberts help surveying county roads 8 00
Geo Carlisle and C Winterstein work on bridges 53 26
Wilmer Holmes work on Mississippi bridge 48 00
Harry Patterson road work 15 00
C G Christianson road work 14 75
Clous Olson road work 6 00
N Peterson road work 2 00
James Chrysler appropriation to repair roads 50 00
Seivert Olson work on road 7 00
Louis Wood custodian Mississippi bridge 15 00
Seymore Clarke part appropriation to repair roads 34 50
M B Stearns appropriated to to repair roads 25 00
H M Bouck appropriation to repair roads 25 00
Louis Shelman help survey county roads 12 00
R J Cochrane appropriation to repair corduroy 50 00
A Downey appropriation to repair roads 75 00
C B Stade appropriation to repair Philly's Hill 25 00
Wm Burke appropriation to repair roads 4 00
Geo Redding part appropriation to repair roads 4 68
J J Howe & Co appropriation to repair roads 21 82
Louis Wood custodian of Mississippi bridge 15 00
Refunding Orders No 21 22 23 69
Total $2 236 71

INTEREST FUND.

J D Torrey interest on county orders $ 12
John N Nevers interest on county orders 48
Geo D La Bar interest on county orders 31
Geo D La Bar interest on county orders 1 21
D M Clark & Co interest on county orders 44
M Hagberg interest on county orders 61
First National Bank interest on county orders 136 82
R P Nelson interest on county orders 1 60
Henry Root interest on county orders 1 14
S R Adair interest on county orders 6 12
J N Nevers interest on county orders 1 38
Geo D La Bar interest on county orders 5 76
F W Wieland interest on county orders 1 23
Miss Ella Robinson interest on county orders 1 46
I T Dean interest on county orders 1 31
A P Farras interest on county orders 1 93
Geo D La Bar interest on county orders 16
Wm Paine Sr interest on county orders 15
Moses Perrey interest on county orders 85
C D Johnson interest on county orders 3 06
C Baker interest on county orders 1 44
Con O'Brien interest on county orders 18
Chas E Webster interest on county orders 8 65
H I Cohen interest on county orders 73
Thos McMasters interest on county orders 38
Geo N Day interest on county orders 28
D McIntosh interest on county orders 33
H Spalding interest on county orders 73 39
F W Wieland interest on county orders 3 37
F W Wieland interest on county warrants 2 52
Northern Pacific Bank interest on county orders 49 98
M McFadden interest on county orders 1 36
J O Cady interest on county orders 54
Leon E Lum interest on county orders 7 13
First National Bank interest on county orders 320 78
R P Nelson interest on county orders 30 57
Ed Strand interest on county orders 1 25
A E Losey interest on county orders 1 24
A E Losey interest on county orders 7 82
W A Fleming interest on county orders 4 29
C E Griffith interest on county orders 1 25
Wm A Spencer interest on county orders 1 20
D E Slipp interest on county orders 3 03
J J Howe interest on county orders 35
C D Johnson interest on county orders 8 33
James McCabe interest on county orders 27
Geo D La Bar interest on county orders 49
J M Elder interest on county orders 2 68
A Olson interest on county orders 1 05
Adam Brown interest on county orders 79
C E Griffith interest on county orders 13 55
John Thompson interest on county orders 82
Pioneer Press Co interest on county orders 2 40
H Ribble interest on county orders 24
J L Berg interest on county orders 45
John E Hoving interest on county orders 1 74
L J Cale interest on county orders 37
S McNaughton interest on county orders 24
R P Nelson interest on county orders 5 32
C R Smead interest on county orders 6 09
S W Gray interest on county orders 1 82
Geo D La Bar interest on county orders 57 80
N W Wheatley interest on county orders 34
F W Wieland interest on county orders 14 42
Richard Parker interest on county orders 2 00
T F Watson interest on county orders 1 25
J & W Niven interest on county orders 21
Interest on bridge bonds $4,000 issue 280 00
Interest on bridge bonds $50,000 issue $3 000 00
Interest on court house bonds $15,000 issue 1 200 00
Interest on court house bonds $30,000 issue 2 100 00
Refunding orders Nos. 21, 22, 23 2 76
Total $7 387 93

BUILDING FUND.

R K Whiteley taking levels for sewers $40 00
J H Gibson assisting taking levels for sewers 26 00
R K Whiteley taking level for sewars and plat of same 24 00
Total $90 00

REDEMPTION FUND.

M A Hattan redemption order No 58 $24 67

SPECIAL POOR FUND.

Amount transferred to poor fund $1 091 01
Refunding order No 21 12
Total $1 091 13

DISTRICT COURT.

CLERK OF COURT AND DEPUTIES.

S F Alderman fees as clerk $39 00
A G Trommald fees as deputy clerk 39 00
Total $78 00

SHERIFFS AND DEPUTIES.

Henry Spalding fees as sheriff 102 00
D M Gunn fees as deputy sheriff 85 00
D D Smith fees as deputy sheriff 85 00
Total $272 00

REPORTERS.

Geo C Stiles stenographer $330 00

FEES CLERK OF COURT.

S F Alderman entering real estate tax judgment $175 05
S F Alderman entering personal property tax citations 176 75
Total $351 80

WITNESS FEES AND MILEAGE.

Moses Perry witness fees $11 00
A Olson fees interpreter 2 00
Dan McIntosh witness fees 4 12
A H Bennett witness fees 3 36
O W Barker witness fees 5 20
W S Senff witness fees 5 20
John Springstead witness fees 5 20
Fred Brinkman witness fees 8 24
P Gwine witness fees 1 00
W S Senff witness fees 5 20
Joe Lovally witness fees 5 28
Peter Guinh witness fees 5 90
Wo-bo-check witness fees 5 70
San-ge-ge-check witness fees 12 00
Wm Burnett witness fees 5 28
Chas Ashland witness fees 5 28
Dominick Kirley witness fees 5 28
John Croxford witness fees 5 28
Della Lyons witness fees 3 40
H M Wollett witness fees 5 29
Henry Parrott witness fees 5 20
R K Whiteley witness fees 10 48
John Springstead witness fees 5 20
Al Brockway witness fees 6 24
John Lingnaw witness fees 2 12
A V Snyder witness fees 1 00
Silas Hall witness fees 1 12
L D Matteson witness fees 1 12
John Koula witness fees 3 12
John Lingnau witness fees 5 20
Andrew Towers witness fees 2 00
P Burke witness fees 2 00
P G Foglestrom witness fees 4 00
R K Whiteley witness fees 2 12
D D Smith witness fees 1 12
A F Ferris witness fees 2 20
Geo D LaBar witness fees 1 12
Louis Tache witness fees 1 12
Louis Tache witness fees 1 12
A Brockway witness fees 3 12
Fred Rushmeyer witness fees 5 24
Augusta Evers witness fees 5 24
Dora Elling witness fees 5 24
F A Farrar witness fees 3 24
D E Wilkins witness fees 2 00
Total $190 80

GRAND JURORS.

F G Sundberg $6 20
H I Cohen 6 20
S W Pinkham 5 40
T C Pointon 6 40
Robt Sturgeon 4 20
Wm Roberts 7 00
J S Gardner 4 20
D Archibald 8 00
Robert Caughie 4 20
L H Stallman 4 20
Wm Paine 4 20
H J Spencer 4 20
N W Wheatley 4 20
Henry Ribble 4 20
Chas Blunt 24 09
H J Hagadorn 6 00
Felix Graham 4 20
J W Koop 4 20
H M Dye 6 60
R H Paine 4 20
L P Johnson 4 20
Seth Dinwiddie 9 00
G H Stratton 4 20
W H Everest 7 60
A T Kimball 10 80
E M Phelps 8 00
S Hall 6 20
Robt Sturgeon 6 20
A R Cass 6 80
B S Mallory 6 20
C B Closson 6 20
J S Gardner 6 29
John Nevers 6 20
J M Hayes 6 20
A P Riggs 5 20
Geo N Day 8 20
Total $229 40

PETIT JURORS.

Thos Holliday $8 20
James Buley 4 20
John Lauerman 2 20
I Katz 4 00
W W Winters 4 20
R K Whiteley 4 00
Fred J Reid 15 60
J A Collins 2 00
John Lawey 16 20
J H Gibson 6 00
Geo Stikney 6 00
John Anderson 2 20
Henry Allard 2 20
Ole Olson 3 20
George Menworth 2 20
Chas Barnett 2 20
Frank Thornwaite 2 20
Solomon Markee 2 20
Peter Peterson 2 20
Adam Cook 20 20
T J Thomas 2 20
Wm Cole 4 20
Edgar Place 4 20
Martin Ovig 24 20
Chas Ranstrom 13 60
W P Getchell 4 20
John E Horing 27 40
James Best 4 20
Chas Johnson 24 20
Louis Jermo 4 20
N H Ingersoll 16 20
James Towers 16 20
Dan Caffery 22 20
Ed Strand 22 20
Geo Bane 16 20
Chas Johnson 2 20
John Brockway 22 20
F B Congdon 4 20
E M Pollock 4 20
J R Westfall 26 20
J A Cochran 20 20
R J Hartley 16 20
Thos Kennedy 4 00
M H Miller 18 20
A A Graham 18 20
John Ort 24 20
N N Halliday 27 40
A F Ferris 2 00
Wm Hack 20 20
James McCallum 20 20
J T Sanborn 26 20
Allen Dolph 2 00
John Thompson 14 00
A J Coutou 18 20
C E Griffith 26 00
H A Leighton 2 20
W J Baine 2 12
James Towers 2 00
E C Smith 2 80
John Chamberlain 2 20
L P White Jr 1 20
Louis Johnson 7 00
Andrew Towers 7 00
A M Peterson 7 00
Walter Fivie 7 00
P G Fogelstrom 4 00
Chas Bastar 6 00
Thos Kennedy $4 00
A A Graham 2 00
N H Ingersoll 4 20
M Cullen 4 20
Walter Fivie 4 20
Silas Hall 4 00
Jos Dade 6 00
N H Ingersoll 2 00
John Drake 42 60
Robt Caughie 42 20
Samuel English 42 20
F J Hinman 42 20
R J Hartley 6 20
John Falconer 42 20
John McCarthy 42 20
J W Jones 42 20
Wm Gustafson 42 20
Peter Brardt 46 00
Thos Crawford 42 20
J E Ireland 42 20
H Lynch 2 00
R Parker 42 20
W S Hills 42 20
Ed Breheney 42 20
D E Slipp 42 20
Chas Cross 2 20
S H Miller 10 00
John Risk 4 00
Peter Walters 42 20
W H Meckins 2 20
E E Phelps 2 20
Total $1 425 52

SHERIFF'S FEES.

Henry Spalding fees in state cases $1 124 16

CORNER'S JURORS AND WITNESSES.

Geo Jenkins fees inquest Paddy Ryan $3 90
T J Stanley fees as juror inquest Paddy Ryan 3 70
H H Hall fees inquest Paddy Ryan 3 70
J McNaughtan fees as assistant coroner 16 00
J N Nevers fees inquest Mrs Andrews and Lillie Wallace 1 20
H Spalding fees as sheriff inquest Mrs Andrews and Lillie Wallace 9 60
H J Spencer fees inquest Mrs Andrews and Lillie Wallace 1 20
F M Cable witness fees inquest Mrs Andrews and Lillie Wallace 2 50
J T Sanborn witness fees inquest Mrs Andrews and Lillie Wallace 1 20
R J Hartley witness fees inquest Mrs Andrews and Lillie Wallace 1 20
Westley Curo inquest P Ryan 6 40
W J Bain coroner defendant cases 37 60
Total $88 20

MUNICIPAL COURT.

Mrs Henry Root witness fees 4 08
Mrs Henry Root witness fees 3 80
Chas Peterson witness fees 2 12
A Mahlum witness fees 2 12
C Cross witness fees 1 10
A P Riggs fees as juror 50
H Rosenberg fees as juror 50
A Anderson witness fees 2 20
J R Westfall witness fees 2 20
A E Pennell witness fees 2 20
G W Alexander witness fees 2 20
Mrs C Sunley witness fees 3 36
Mrs John O'Toole witness fees 3 36
Mrs Julia Tillquist witness fees 3 36
Mrs Nettie Bohay witness fees 3 36
P H Hawkins witness fees 3 36
Mrs M Mattulz witness fees 3 36
Nels Peterson fees as juror 2 70
C B Thompson witness fees 2 20
E D Wilkins witness fees 2 20
Otto Rhinehardt witness fees 2 20
Wm Gustafson fees as juror 2 20
Wm Burnett witness fees 6 80
Daminick Kerley witness 6 80
John Croxford witness fees 6 80
J W Slipp witness fees 1 20
Felix Graham witness fees 1 70
C D Johnson et all fees different cases 21 06
Chas Hagberg fees as juror 1 00
Joe Gould witness fees 5 00
Hugh Riddle fees as juror 1 00
J E Bennett fees as juror 1 00
Chas Miller witness fees 4 04
Chas Blunt witness fees 4 40
Frank Chandler witness fees 5 00
C A Richardson fees as juror 1 00
Wm Bartch fees as juror 1 00
E O Webb fees as juror 1 00
W W Winters fees as juror 1 00
Allis Delanly witness fees 2 00
Agnes Mielke witness fees 3 00
May Hastings witness fees 2 12
H J Hagadorn fees as juror 1 00
C H Paine fees as juror 1 00
F S Kirtland witness fees 2 04
E A Gleason fees as juror 1 00
G W Alexander fees as juror 1 00
O P Erickson fees as juror 2 00
Wm Holst fees as juror 1 00
S W Gray fees as juror 1 00
W A Warren justice fees 2 65
A Olson fees as juror 1 00
Mrs Loren Cooley witness fees 4 12
Total $148 78

PROBATE COURT.

Dr J C Rosser fees insanity John Amos $3 30
Dr J L Camp fees insanity Elizabeth Lucia 3 30
Dr J C Rosser fees insanity Elizabeth Lucia 3 30
Dr J L Camp fees insanity E H Bigger 3 30
Henry Spalding fees insanity E H Bigger 55 00
Henry Spalding fees insanity Mrs J Williams 82 50
Dr W Hemstead fees insanity Mrs J Williams 3 30
Dr A F Groves fees insanity E H Bigger 3 30
Dr J L Camp fees insanity Mrs J Williams 8 30
H Spalding bringing Winterstein and wife before court for examination 7 20
Dr W Hemstead fees insanity J McClellan and D and Mrs Winterstein 9 60
H Spalding fees insanity J McClellan and Jos Manard 75 50
Dr J L Camp fees insanity D Winterstein and wife 6 30
Dr J E Rosser fees insanity Jos Manard 3 30
Geo W Stickney fees insanity Jos Manard 5 30
H Spalding fees insanity Wm Leonard 49 00
H Spalding fees insanity John Peterson 44 00
Dr G McPherson fees insanity Mary Hack and John Peterson 6 30
H Spalding fees insanity Hugo Ebinger 51 00
Dr J L Camp fees insanity McClelland and Manard 6 60
Total $424 60

BOARDING PRISONERS.

Henry Spalding boarding prisoners $1 517 98

JAILORS FEES.

Henry Spalding $600 00

PRINTING AND STATIONERY.

Pioneer Press Co stationery $65 70
Brainerd Dispatch printing 21 75
Brainerd Dispatch printing 9 50
Brainerd Tribune printing 2 00
Brainerd Dispatch printing 23 25
Brainerd Tribune printing 6 50
Brown, Treacy & Co stationery 60 40
Brainerd Dispatch printing 65 00
Brown, Treacy & Co stationery 16 90
Brown, Treacy & Co stationery 128 13
Brainerd Dispatch printing 15 50
Geo D Barnard & Co stationery 163 16
Geo D Barnard & Co stationery 108 80
Brainerd Dispatch printing 21 00
Brainerd Tribune stationery 6 25
St Paul Dispatch stationery 79 75
Pioneer Press Co stationery 93 55
Brainerd Dispatch stationery 49 75
West Publishing Co stationery 8 48
Brainerd Dispatch printing 18 00
Pioneer Press Co stationery 123 28
Brainerd Dispatch printing 193 00
Brainerd Tribune stationery 6 40
Brainerd Dispatch printing 353 15
Brainerd Dispatch printing 222 25
Total $1 856 09

MISCELLANEOUS.

Thos Harding judge election Pine River $9 00
T F Weston judge election Pine River 9 00
T W Peck judge election Pine River 9 00
D Archibald judge election Bay Lake $3 00
J McNaughton searching for persons unlawfully killing deer 3 00
John T Frater expressage and postage 12 27
N McFadden premium insurance county buildings 20 83
Dr Werner Hemstead returning births and deaths 14 25
J T Sanborn meals furnished jurors 20 80
J M Clark & Co goods furnished court house 7 30
Chas Greeves wood for county jail 100 00
R K Whiteley taking levels for sewers 5 00
John Seibert wood county jail 5 00
A F Ferris use of lots 11 12 13 B 48 11 10
N E Paine plumbing county jail 1 25
S W Gray sawing wood county jail 23 75
Larson & Walters wood and coal court house 15 75
Leon E Lum money advanced legislative purposes 25 00
Ambrose Tighe water rent two quarters 50 00
A Mahlum making out list taxable mortgages 32 50
John T Frater expressage and postage 21 30
J D Terrey clerk election Bay Lake 3 00
P Huntsinger clerk election Swan Creek 3 00
J T Frater expressage and postage 11 17
W B Smith clerk election Swan Creek 3 00
N McFadden drugs county jail 2 55
T McMaster oil county jail 7 90
Louis Nelson assessing attached territory 104 00
Larson & Walters coal furnished court house 8 25
A Mahlum recording judge probate bond 1 00
D Archibald assessing unorganized territory 65 00
M Hagberg oil county jail 1 50
D Archibald assessing unorganized territory 35 00
C E Griffith assessing Cass county 240 00
A Mahlum recording court commissioners bond 1 00
Soren Hanson drawing jury September term 3 80
Slipp Bros goods county jail 1 50
Brainerd Water Co water rent 25 00
Larson & Walters coal furnished court house 187 50
J W Burrel mill wood court house 4 00
J A Wilson expressage and postage justice fees 5 70
M L Patterson constable fees case McKnight and Otto 2 85
J T Sanborn meals furnished jurors 36 40
F S Kirtland constable fees town Crow Wing 2 70
Geo C Kirtland justice fees town Crow Wing 1 90
Silas Hall hauling dirt court house trees 2 80
Robinson & Rowley repairing county jail 3 60
Ambrose Tighe water rent one quarter 25 00
Geo R Bane damage caused by road running through lands 25 00
M Hagberg oils county jail 2 55
J J Howe & Co lumber county jail 12 35
D M Clark & Co goods court house 10 10
N E Paine plumbing county jail 12 10
N McFadden insurance policy county buildings 390 00
Dr Werner Hemstead returning births and deaths 65 00
Ambrose Tighe water rent one quarter 25 00
John Knebel reporting births and deaths 1 75
H C Hughey reporting births and deaths 2 50
R H Morford reporting births and deaths 3 75
W H Everest reporting births and deaths 50
Ed Eamer reporting births and deaths 50
S F Alderman reporting births and deaths 33 50
S C Mooers teams furnished county commissioners 8 00
M Hagberg oils county jail 1 50
N McFadden goods county jail 60
C E Chipperfield drawing jury March term 3 00
J T Frater expressage and postage 10 00
M Hagberg oils county jail 70
N McFadden goods county jail 1 75
J T Frater expressage and postage 14 05
J T Frater expressage and postage 13 95
W A Fleming money advanced obtaining evidence 24 00
J J Howe & Co mill wood court house 3 00
John Falconer box for railroad bonds 1 00
M Hagberg oils county jail 4 00
J S Gardner member auditing board 6 00
S F Alderman member auditing board 6 00
Louis Tache member auditing board 6 00
Refunding orders Numbers 21, 22, 23 3 32
Total $1 885 69

COMMISSIONERS.

PER DIEM AND MILEAGE.

Joel Smith District No 1 $50 40
J S Gardner do No 2 51 20
L H Stallman do No 3 39 60
A P Farrar do No 4 41 60
H Patterson do No 5 38 40
Total $213 60

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

A P Farrar five days and mileage $15 20
Joel Smith five days and mileage 17 60
J S Gardner five days and mileage 15 20
L H Stallman five days and mileage 15 20
H Patterson five days and mileage 18 40
Wm H Hallett two days Cass County Board 13 00
Total $94 60

SALARIES.

Louis Tache salary county auditor $2 800 00
John T Frater salary county treasurer 1 733 71
J E Wilson clerk auditor's office 66 25
Chas J Wilson clerk auditor's office 530 00
Kit A Meekins clerk auditor's office 341 95
Leon E Lum county attorney 47 55
W A Fleming county attorney 825 00
J A Wilson county superintendent of schools 300 00
W P Spalding judge of probate 76 44
M McFadden judge of probate 427 73
R P Nelson janitor court house 330 00
Total $7 478 63

ASSETS.

Court house and jail including permanent fixtures $57 922 45
Office furniture including safes 1 165 00
Old county jail lot 500 00
Court house and jail lots 8 600 00
Poor farm buildings, stock, etc 10 800 00
Taxes due and unpaid tax list of 1891 and prior years for Crow Wing and Cass counties 48 612 40
Liabilities over assets 72 400 15
Total $200 000 00

LIABILITIES.

Court house bonds at 8 per cent $15 000 00
Court house bonds at 7 per cent 30 000 00
Bridge bonds at 7 per cent 4 000 00
Bridge bonds at 6 per cent 50 000 00
Railroad bonds at 6 per cent 100 000 00
Mortgage on poor farm assumed by county 1 000 00
Total $200 000 00

LOUIS TACHE,
County Auditor.



Our Shoes Are Way Up in all the qualities that make footwear A 1. Handsome is as handsome does, is an old truism, and it's just as true as it is old. It's true of our footwear. Our shoes look handsome, wear even more handsomely than they look, and all who buy them realize to the fullest extent what it is to be thoroughly well shod. It pays to be well shod at all times, and especially in bad weather. We draw no line in footwear; men and boys, ladies and misses, and babies too, can be fully provided with the exact style of footwear they need or desire. Ask for the shoes you want. We have them. We're selling our $3.00 extra wide shoes for gentlemen, made from satin oil stock, at $2.50 for a short time only.

GEO. N. DAY.
No. 6 East Front Street.

QUINN'S

Hotel and Restaurant,

No. 21, 6th Street.

Hot Meals at All Hours.

OPEN DAY & NIGHT.

First-class board and lodging by the Day or Week.

Terms Reasonable.

(First Publication Feb. 3rd.)
NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.
Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., January 31th, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, Clerk of the District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, Mch. 11th, 1893, viz:

FRANS E. ANDERSON,

H. E. No. 13418, for the N½ NE¼ & SW¼ NE¼ Sec.12. Twp. 133, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Andrew R. Cass, Louis Anderson, Eugene Aubin, Matt Erstrom. P. O. Address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

A. BARTO.
Register.

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Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers

BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

Notwithstanding the fact that the Western Union Telegraph company has over 739,000 miles of wire and nearly 21,000 offices, it opens an average of 600 new offices annually.

It is stated that in England those parts of locomotives which are liable to rust are made of galvanized iron, and that this includes the inside of tender tanks and also the coal spaces.

The city of Seattle, Wash., will hereafter employ all idle men who wish to work. They will be furnished with tools, and will receive a fair amount of money for every cord of wood they chop for the city.

Chicago milkmen keep in their wagons a decoy can containing unadulterated milk. When the inspector demands a sample for test he is supplied from the decoy can, while customers must be content with the skimmed and watered article.

At Redditch, England, 20,000 people make more than 100,000,000 needles a year, and they are made and exported so cheaply that England has no rival in this country, and practically monopolizes the trade.

The Industria of Puno, Peru, announces the arrival there of Antonio Bem, the Hungarian traveler, who left Buenos Ayres early in August last, intending to make the journey thence to Chicago on foot in time to visit the exposition.

President Diaz of Mexico may be a tyrant and one or two other things rather objectionable, but when his administration for the first time in the history of his country manages to negotiate a loan at par, there is evidence of confidence in the stability of the rule he furnishes that is hard to gainsay.

Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson, the wife of the novelist, says that her husband's greatest failing is falling in love with every character he creates. Mrs. Stevenson has ample reason to congratulate herself that her husband's outside loves, while being so many, are of such a decidedly intangible character.

The new premier of Portugal is eighty years of age. The effete monarchies seem to be determined that the errors of youth shall not figure in the administration of their affairs. But a Portuguese premier would be weak indeed if he surpassed in that regard the government whose destinies he guides.

The oldest ornaments among the household goods of the White House are the two gold bronze candelabra that stand on the ends of the mantel in the red parlor. They are six feet tall, and were presented to President Jackson during his occupancy of the White House by Gen. Patterson.

According to tradition the test of the ancient Japanese sword was even more rigid than that of Saladin's blades. It was enough if the latter would cut in twain at a single blow a downy pillow, thrown in the air; but the Japanese blade, suspended horizontally beneath a tree, must sever any leaf that, falling, should accidentally light upon the weapon.

The thicker the ice the shallower the water; the shallower the water the greater the prevalence of malarial fevers; the greater the prevalence of malarial fevers the more urgent necessity for ice; the more urgent necessity for ice the greater the demand; the greater the demand the smaller the relative supply; the smaller the relative supply the higher the price.

An extraordinary case of suicide is reported in the Berlin papers. A sixteen-year-old boy, feeling himself humiliated by a severe reprimand that had been administered by his parents, seated himself in a chair, and, after loading a revolver, handed it to his brother, a lad of six, and compelled him to do the shooting. The little fellow fired but one shot, killing his brother instantly.

Hugh McLaughlin, the political boss of Brooklyn, has two amusements—the spectacle of a prize fighting tilt and variety shows. He is frequently seen at the matinee performances of one of the local variety theaters, leaning against a wall, with rather a rusty beaver hat tilted forward to keep the light out of his eyes. He is generally alone.

D. Christie Murray, the English novelist, turns on his critics in a brief note to a London paper to demonstrate that truth is stranger than fiction. Of a reviewer's charge that an episode in one of his novel was "wholly incredible," Mr. Murray says: "I got that story on the spot and had full proof of its accuracy. In fact, I built the novel on that genuine bit of history which your reviewer thinks incredible."

A new color has made its appearance. It is called "chrysophrase," and is named after the jem which is the fad of the hour. Moonstones have had their day. They are now replaced by another stone, said to bring luck to the wearer—the chrysophrase. And a very becoming and lovely colored stone it is; something like the aquamarine, of pale green color, but less clear in tone. Velvets, silks, gauzes, nay, even gloves and shoes are to be found in "chrysophrase" hues, and this delicate color has thrown purple and "chaudron" quite into the shade.

When a man goes to work as driver for Col. Shepard's New York stage line he must pay down $5 of his own or some other fellow's money for an equal sum in small change, and on every day of the week he must be able to show $5 to the man that looks after these matters for the stage line. By way of further precaution three or four detectives are stationed along Fifth avenue to count the outside passengers and prevent the drivers from pocketing their fares. Even if the company owes the driver the larger part of a week's salary the rule that he must show $5 of his own before he goes to work is enforced, and the man who cannot show so much must borrow it or lose a day's work. The driver who makes seven trips a day of one hour and forty minutes each, scheduled time, receives $2.

CLEVELAND

For the Second Time Grover Cleveland Is Inaugurated President.

The Ceremonies Conducted in the Presence of a Vast Audience.

Wind and Snow Make the Day Disagreeable But Does Dampen the Ardor.

Stevenson Takes the Oath and Enters Upon the Duties of His Office.

Cleveland's Inaugural Address Delivered in a Blinding Snow Storm.

Washington, March 4.—Grover Cleveland, thrice nominated for president of the United States and twice elected, was to-day successfully inducted into that high office for his second term, with all appropriate ceremonies, and the gathering of a mighty multitude and with the accompaniment of a blinding snow storm, but notwithstanding every dis advantage of weather, the last occasion was greater than the first. Had the atmospheric conditions been anything like favorable, instead of being as bad as could possibly be, there would have probably been 60 000 men and a number of ladies marching or riding in the parade, as against 25,000 in 1885. They were all here waiting to fall in line, but at the last moment some of the organizations were compelled to desist from participating. Nevertheless the occasion was made memorable by the vast attendance. To-day, also, the governors of eleven great states, New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Massachusetts in the North and East; of Pennsylvania and Maryland, among the Middle states of Georgia, North and South Carolina and Louisiana in the South; and of Wisconsin in the far West, participated in the national ceremonies and thereby emphasized the complete restoration of national unity. More interesting and significant even than this, perhaps in the eyes of other nations and the historian, were the manifestations of the marvelous growth of the country in population and power, and in fact that this momentous and majestic change in the government of 65,000,000 of people was accomplished according to a cut and dried formula, every step of which was planned and publicly announced beforehand, and without noticeable disturbance of public interests or the creation of any excitement except that naturally accompanying a great national pageant and the influx of two or three hundred thousand sightseers into the capital.

It was shortly after 11 o'clock when President-elect Cleveland and Vice President-elect Stevenson, accompanied by the senate committee on arrangements, entered the executive mansion. They were received by President Harrison in the blue room. Five minutes later the president and his successor reappeared, and, entering an open carriage, the march of the procession to the capitol began.

Meanwhile in the senate at a quarter before 12 (senate clock) the speaker and house of representatives were announced. The speaker was escorted to a chair at the secretary's desk, and the representatives who followed him were crowded in wherever space could be found for them. But as to finding seats for them, that was entirely out of the question. At this time the general spectacle was magnificent. The galleries were filled with elegantly dressed ladies, with a few gentlemen scattered among them. The senators from forty-four states were all in their places. When the senate clock indicated 11:50, but when the actual time was 12:50, the vice president-elect was announced, and Mr. Stevenson, escorted by Senator McPherson, took his chair to the right of Vice President Morton. Immediately afterwards the president of the United States and his cabinet were announced, and President Harrison and the members of his cabinet entered the chamber. Mr. Harrison was escorted to one of the chairs standing in front of the clerk's desk. Immediately afterwards the president-elect was announced, and Mr. Cleveland, escorted by Senator Ransom, took the chair next to Mr. Harrison. His entrance into the chamber was greeted with applause.

A New Vice President.

Then Vice President Morton administered the oath of office to his successor, and yielded to him the chair of the presiding officer. The special session of the Fifty-third congress was then formally opened with prayer by Chaplain Butler. Vice President Stevenson arose and addressed the senate. He said:

"Senators: Deeply impressed with a sense of its responsibilities and of its dignity, I now enter upon the discharge of the duties of the high office to which I have been called. I am not unmindful of the fact that among the occupants of this chair during the 104 years of our constitutional history have been statesmen, eminent alike for their talent and their tireless devotion to public duty. Adams, Jefferson and Calhoun honored its incumbency during the early days of the republic, while Arthur, Hendricks and Morton have at a later period of our history shed luster upon the office of president of the most august deliberative assembly known to man. I assume



Arrival of a Tammany Delegation.

the duties of the great trust confined to me with no feeling of self-confidence, but rather with that of grave distrust of my ability satisfactorily to meet its requirements. I may be pardoned for saying that it shall be my earnest endeavor to discharge the important duties which lie before me with no less of impartiality and courtesy than of firmness and fidelity. Earnestly invoking the co-operation, the forbearance, the charity of each of its members, I now enter upon my duties as presiding officer of the senate."

The Party Appears.

At about 1:35 o'clock the doors leading into the rotunda to the central portico of the inaugural stand swung open, and Marshal Dan Ramsdell of the District of Columbia and Marshal Wright, of the United States supreme court, appeared, heading the procession. Ex-Vice President Morton and Chief Justice Fuller and the justices of the supreme court, except Judges Blatchford, Field and Harlan, came next. Then came the sergeant-at-arms, Valentine, and Senators Teller, McPherson and Ransom, of the committee of arrangements, preceding President Harrison and President-elect Cleveland, who walked side by side. Behind the incoming and outgoing president followed members of the senate and an unusually large contingent from the diplomatic corps, members of the house of representatives, governors of states and other official persons.

The president and president-elect, Vice President Morton, Chief Justice Fuller and the committee of arrangements were shown to the front of the platform, where, within a railed enclosure, had been laid a bright green carpet, upon which had been placed large leather-covered chairs, several tables, a writing desk and other furnishings, which gave a bright touch to the scene. Mr. Cleveland was warmly greeted by the patient throng gathered about the stand, and after a few minutes of delay stepped to the front and began the delivery of his inaugural address. He followed the same course pursued by himself eight years ago of delivering his address first and taking the oath afterwards. This was the course pursued by Buchanan and Lincoln. On the other hand, Pierce, Grant, Hayes, Garfield and Harrison took the oath first and delivered their inaugural afterwards. A curious compromise between these opposing customs was made by President Harrison's grandfather, who stopped in the middle of his inaugural and took the oath and then resumed and finished the reading of his address. Notwithstanding the exceedingly inclement weather Mr. Cleveland removed his silk hat, and with bared head

Addressed the Multitude.

My Fellow Citizens: In obedience to the mandate of my countrymen, I am about to dedicate myself to their service under the sanction of a solemn oath. Deeply moved by the expression of confidence and personal attachment which has called me to this service, I am sure my gratitude can make no better return than the pledge I now give before God and these witnesses of unreserved and complete devotion to the interests and welfare of those who have honored me.

I deem it fitting on this occasion, while indicating the opinions I hold concerning public questions of present importance to also briefly refer to the existence of certain conditions and tendencies among our people, which seem to menace the integrity and usefulness of their government. While every American citizen must contemplate with the utmost pride and enthusiasm the growth and expansion of our country, the sufficiency of our institutions to stand against the rudest shocks of violence, the wonderful thrift and enterprise of our people, and the demonstrated superiority of our free government, it behooves us to constantly watch for every symptom of insidious infirmity that threatens our national vigor. The strong man who in the confidence of sturdy health, courts the sternest activities of life and rejoices in the hardihood of constant labor, may still have lurking near his vitals the unheeded disease that dooms him to sudden collapse. It cannot be doubted that our stupendous achievements as a people and our country's robust strength, have given rise to a heedlessness of those laws governing our national health, which we can no more evade than human life can escape the laws of God and nature.

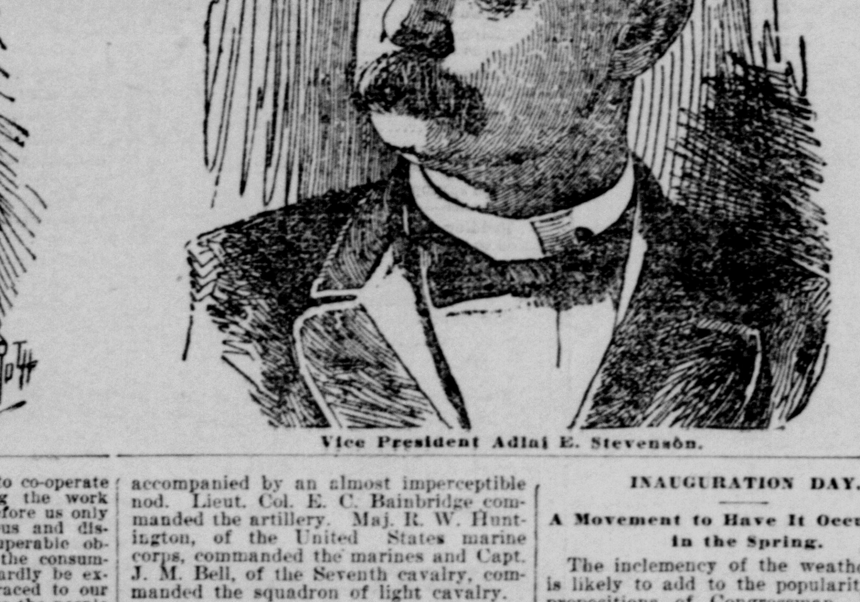
The Question of Finance.

Manifestly nothing is more vital to our supremacy as a nation and to the beneficent purposes of our government than a sound and stable currency. Its exposure to degradation should at once arouse to activity the most enlightened statesmanship, and the danger of depreciation in the purchasing power of the wages paid to toil should furnish the strongest incentive to prompt and conservative precaution. In dealing with our present embarrassing situation, as related to this subject, we will be wise if we temper our confidence and faith in our national strength and resources with the frank confession that even these will not permit us to defy with impunity the inexorable laws of finance and trade. At the same time, in our efforts to adjust differences of opinion we should be free from intolerance or passion, as our judgments should be unmoved by alluring phrases and unvexed by selfish interests. I am confident that such an approach to the subject will result in prudent and effective remedial legislation. In the meantime, so far as the executive branch of the government can intervene, none of the powers with which it is vested will be withheld when their exercise is deemed necessary to maintain our national credit or avert financial disaster.

Closely related to the exaggerated confidence in our country's greatness, which tends to a disregard of the rules of national safety, another danger confronts us not less serious. I refer to the prevalence of a popular disposition to expect from the operation of the government especial and direct individual advantages. The verdict of our voters, which condemned the injury of maintaining protection for protection's sake, enjoins upon the people's servants the duty of exposing and destroying the brood of kindred evils which are the unwholesome progeny of paternalism. This is the bane of republican institutions and the constant peril of our government by the people. It degrades to the purposes of wily craft the plan of rule our fathers established and bequeathed to us as an object of our love and veneration. It perverts the patriotic sentiment of our countrymen and tempts them to a pitiful calculation of the sordid gain to be derived from their government's maintenance. It undermines the self-



President Grover Cleveland.



Vice President Adlai E. Stevenson.

reliance of our people and substitutes in its place dependence upon governmental favoritism. It stifles the spirit of true Americanism and stupefies every ennobling trait of American citizenship. The lessons of paternalism ought to be learned and the better lesson taught that, while the people should patriotically and cheerfully support their government, its functions do not include the support of the people.

Pensions.

The acceptance of this principle leads to a refusal of bounties and subsidies which burden the labor and thrift of a portion of our citizens, to aid ill-advised or languishing enterprises in which they have no concern. It leads also to a challenge of wild and reckless pension expenditure, which overleaps the bounds of grateful recognition of patriotic service and prostitutes to vicious uses the people's prompt and generous impulse to aid those disabled in their country's defense. Every thoughtful American must realize the importance of checking at its beginning any tendency in public or private station to regard frugality and economy as virtues which we may safely outgrow. The toleration of this idea results in the waste of the people's money by their chosen servants, and encourages prodigality and extravagance in the home life of our countrymen. Under our scheme of government, waste of public money is a crime against the citizens, and the contempt of our people for economy and frugality in their personal affairs deplorably saps the strength and sturdyness of our national character. It is a plain dictate of honesty and good government that public expenditures should be limited by public necessity, and that this should be measured by the rules of strict economy, and it is equally clear that frugality among the people is the best guaranty of a contented and strong support of free institutions.

One mode of the misappropriation of public funds is avoided when appointments to office, instead of being the rewards of partisan activity, are awarded to those whose efficiency promises a fair return of work for the compensation paid to them. To secure the fitness and competency of appointees to office, and to remove from political action the demoralizing madness for spoils, civil service reform has found a place in our public policy and laws. The benefits already gained through this instrumentality and the further usefulness it promises entitle it to the hearty support and encouragement of all who desire to see our public service well performed or who hope for the elevation of political sentiment and the purification of political methods.

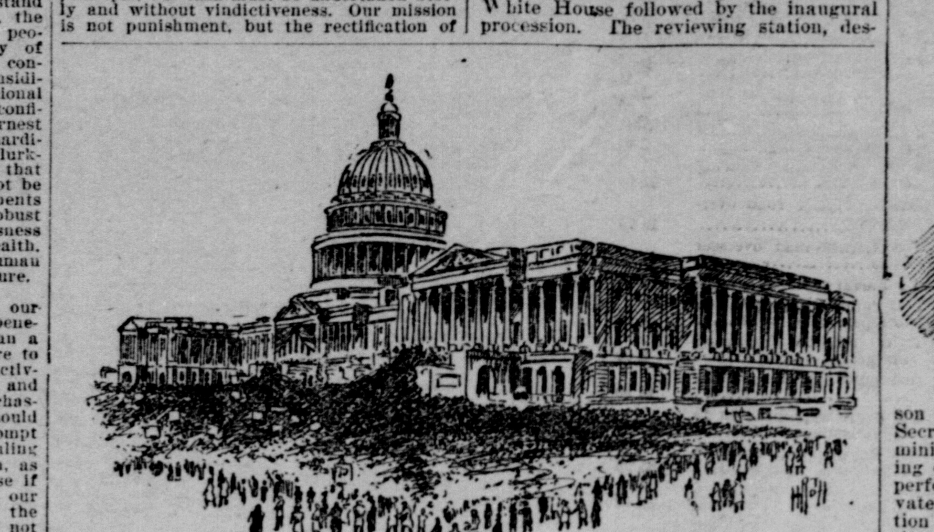
Trusts.

The existence of immense aggregations of kindred enterprises and combinations of business interests formed for the purpose of limiting production and fixing prices is inconsistent with the fair field which ought to be open to every independent activity. Legitimate strife in business should not be superseded by an enforced concession to the demands of combinations that have the power to destroy, nor should the people to be served lose the benefit of cheapness which usually results from wholesome competition. These aggregations and combinations frequently constitute conspiracies against the interests of the people and in all their phases they are unnatural and opposed to our American sense of fairness. To the extent that they can be reached and restrained by federal power, the general government should relieve our citizens from their interference and exactions.

Loyalty to the principles upon which our government rests positively demands that the equality before the law which it guarantees to every citizen, should be justly and in good faith conceded in all parts of the land. The enjoyment of this right follows the badge of citizenship wherever found, and, unimpaired by race or color, it appeals for recognition to American manliness and fairness. Our relations with the Indians located within our borders impose upon us responsibilities we cannot escape. Humanity and consistency require us to treat them with forbearance and in our dealings with them to honestly and considerately regard their rights and interests. Every effort should be made to lead them, through the paths of civilization and education, to self-supporting and independent citizenship. In the meantime, as the nation's wards, they should be promptly defended against the cupidity of designing men, and shielded from every temptation or influence that retards their advancement.

Tariff Reform.

The people of the United States have decreed that on this day the control of their government in its legislative and executive branches shall be given to a political party pledged in positive terms to the accomplishment of tariff reform. They have thus determined in favor of a more just and equitable system of federal taxation. The agents they have chosen to carry out their purposes are bound by their promises, not less than by the command of their masters, to devote themselves unremittingly to this service. While there should be no surrender of principle, our task must be undertaken wisely and without vindictiveness. Our mission is not punishment, but the rectification of



The Inaugural Address.

wrongs. If, in lifting burdens from the daily life of our people, we reduce inordinate and unequal advantages long enjoyed, this is but a necessary incident of our return to right and justice. If we exact from unwilling minds acquiescence in the theory of an honest distribution of the fund of governmental beneficence treasured up for all, but insist upon a principle which underlies our free institutions. When we tear aside the delusions and misconceptions which have blinded our countrymen to the condition under vicious tariff laws we but show them how far they have been led away from the paths of contentment and prosperity. When we proclaim that the necessity for revenue to support the government furnishes the only justification for taxing the people we announce a truth so plain that its denial would seem to indicate the extent to which judgment may be influenced by familiarity with perversions of the taxing power, and when we seek to reinstate the self-confident and business enterprise of our citizens by discrediting an abject dependence upon governmental favor we strive to stimulate those elements of American character which support the hope of American achievement.

Party Pledges.

Anxiety for the redemption of the pledges which my party has made and solicitude for the complete justification of the trust the people have reposed in us, constrain me to remind those with whom I am to co-operate that we can succeed in doing the work which has been especially set before us only by the most sincere, harmonious and disinterested effort. Even if insuperable obstacles and opposition prevent the consummation of our task, we shall hardly be excused; and if failure can be traced to our fault or neglect, we may be sure the people will hold us to a swift and exacting accountability.

The oath I now take to preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States, not only impressively defines the great responsibility I assume, but suggests obedience to the constitutional commands as the rule by which my official conduct must



After a Handshake With the President.

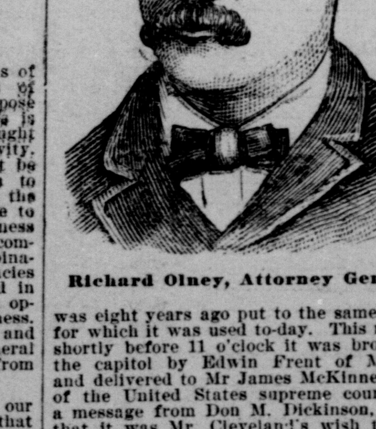
be guided. I shall to the best of my ability, and within my sphere of duty, preserve the constitution by loyally protecting every grant of federal power it contains, by defending all its restraints when attacked by impatience and restlessness, and by enforcing its limitations and reservations in favor of the state and the people. Fully impressed with the gravity of the duties that confront me and mindful of my weakness, I should be appalled if it were my lot to bear unaided the responsibilities which await me. I am, however, saved from discouragement when I remember that I shall have the support and the counsel and co-operation of wise and patriotic men who will stand at my side in cabinet places or will represent the people in their legislative halls. I find also much comfort in remembering that my countrymen are just and generous and in the assurance that they will not condemn those who by sincere devotion to their service deserve their forebearance and approval. Above all, I know there is a Supreme Being who rules the affairs of men, and whose goodness and mercy have always followed the American people; and I know He will not turn from us now, if we humbly and reverently seek his powerful aid.

The Oath Administered.

At the conclusion of his remarks, Mr. Cleveland turned around to the chief justice, who was attired in the robes of his office, to take the oath prescribed by the constitution. Chief Justice Fuller and the other persons near to the president removed their hats, and with bared heads listened to the taking of the oath of office, which was pronounced by Chief Justice Fuller in a clear voice, Mr. Cleveland assenting to it by bowing his head and kissing the Bible. The oath taken by the president is what is known as the constitutional oath, and reads as follows:

"I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States and will to the best of my ability preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

The Bible used in the ceremony was given President Cleveland by his mother forty-one years ago. By his special request, it



Richard Olney, Attorney General.

was eight years ago put to the same service for which it was used to-day. This morning shortly before 11 o'clock it was brought to the capitol by Edwin Frent of Michigan and delivered to Mr James McKinney, clerk of the United States supreme court, with a message from Don M. Dickinson, stating that it was Mr. Cleveland's wish that the chief justice use the book in to-day's ceremonies. A new Bible had been purchased for the occasion, as had been done eight years ago for presentation to the president, but of course it was not used after Mr. Cleveland had signified his preference for the use of his mother's gift. The book used is a small gilt-edged, black leathern-covered volume, about 5x3 inches in dimensions, and in general appearance is in no way to be distinguished from Bibles frequently carried to church by ladies. Its edges are worn with handling, and on the front cover is stamped in small gold letters "S. G. Cleveland." Near the top of the fly leaf is this inscription in a small, irregular, feminine hand: "S. G. Cleveland, from his affectionate mother. February, 1852." On the next page to the fly leaf is a written statement, signed by Mr. McKinney, stating that upon this Bible Grover Cleveland was sworn into office as president of the United States by Morrison R. Waite, chief justice of the supreme court of the United States, on March 4, 1885.

Reviewed by the President.

At the conclusion of the inaugural address the firing of a gun brought the commands of the first grand division to attention, and amid the booming of the presidential salute of twenty-one guns from the batteries of the Washington barracks, the Washington navy yard and Fort Myers, President Cleveland and his escort moved rapidly toward the White House followed by the inaugural procession. The reviewing station, designated by an immense flag flying above it, was situated immediately in front of the executive mansion, and on the south side of Pennsylvania avenue. Acres of humanity, surging like a sea, occupied every available spot of ground in the vicinity, and as the president made his appearance, another cheer signalled his presence and was taken up and re-echoed down the avenue and by-ways till the roar sound was like the roar of a troubled ocean. The president, standing firmly with his impassive features facing the procession, reviewed the military, civic and political organizations that made up the line of march.

The inaugural parade which was under command of Gen. Martin G. McMahon of New York, grand marshal, was composed of two grand divisions, each grand division being in turn subdivided into division and brigade. The United States forces, which led the parade, were under the command of Brig. Gen. John R. Brooke, and presented a soldierly appearance. All commissioned and other officers carrying swords gave the military salute at they passed in review, they did so. The imperturbable president returned their salutes by raising his hat accompanied by an almost imperceptible nod. Lieut. Col. E. C. Bainbridge commanded the artillery. Maj. R. W. Huntington, of the United States marine corps, commanded the marines and Capt. J. M. Bell, of the Seventh cavalry, commanded the squadron of light cavalry.

The First Popular Outburst

The first popular outburst came when Gov. Robert E. Pattison of Pennsylvania turning toward President Cleveland as passed in front of the reviewing stand, followed by his staff and the National Guard of the State of Pennsylvania. The popular Democrat, twice governor of the Keystone State, and recently himself prominently discussed as a presidential candidate, awoke all the enthusiasm of the triumphant Democracy, and was frequently compelled to turn and bow an ac-proval to the degradation of Private Iams, who was suspended by the thumbs, shorn of his hair and drummed out of camp for applauding the shooting of Frick.

Later a loud huzza from the thousands of throats welcomed the appearance of a soldierly looking gentleman, who, with his staff, headed a third brigade. It was Gen. Fitzhugh Lee of Virginia, ex-governor of the historic old commonwealth and nephew of the idol of the Southern army, Gen. Robert E. Lee. The Stuart knowledgment to the ovations he received. Following close behind him was one who failed to awake the popular enthusiasm of his chief, but who was the object of almost as much public attention. It was Maj. Gen. George R. Snowden, commander of the militia at Homestead, and the officer who gave his ap- Horse Guards and the Ashby Light Horse cavalry acted as Gen. Lee's escort, and the ex-governor wore the full uniform of the First Virginia regiment of volunteer cavalry—blue trousers, a coat of the traditional gray and a helmet with a yellow plume.

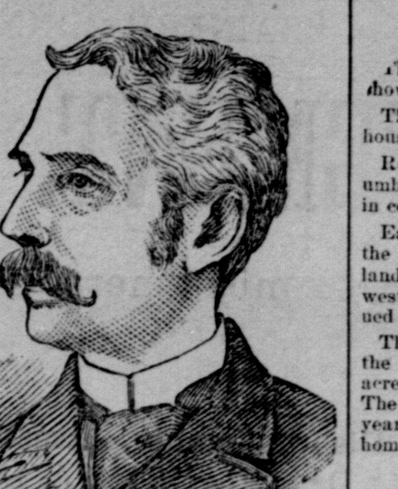
The Western political organizations in line under Col. Hopkins were the Iroquois Democratic club of Chicago, Col. Frank G. Bayne, marshal; County Democracy of Chicago, James H. Farrell, marshal; Stevenson Escort club of Bloomington, Ill., William Twohy, marshal; Duckworth club of Cincinnati, David J. Dalton, marshal; First Voters Democratic club of Bloomington, Ill., James Condon, marshal; Young Men's Democratic club of Cincinnati; Samuel J. Tilden club of Cincinnati Thurman club of Columbus, Dudley Filley, marshal; Jackson club of Columbus, Capt. J. J. Kaiser, marshal; Citizens' Tally-ho club of Columbus, Hon. George Karb, marshal; Gavel Hall club of Dayton; Miami club of Hamilton; Cleveland club of Indianapolis, H. J. Armentrout, marshal; and the Possawatomie club of Council Bluffs, Iowa.

Among the novel and interesting features of the parade was a tally-ho coach party of prominent Columbus, Ohio, citizens. It was composed of the mayor of the city, Hon. George J. Karb, Judge Charles Shaffin, Edward Denmead, Ralph Lazarus, Hon. Samuel Kinnear, John Callender, Hon. Brice W. Custer, Sheriff James Ross, Frank W. Prentiss and L. F. Longstreet. The party had a tally-ho of the latest and most approved pattern, with horses and trappings in keeping, and the attention and admiration it excited guarantee its popularity in future inaugural parades.

'LIGE'S SUCCESSOR.

Private Secretary Thurber Takes the Oath of Office.

During the afternoon Private Secretary Thurber took the oath of office in the room lately occupied by President Harri-



Henry T. Thurber.

son and formerly occupied by Private Secretary Lamont. The oath was administered by Col. Crook, the disbursing officer of the White House, who has performed the same office for all private secretaries from the administration of President Grant to the present time. There was present as witness only Mr. Dickinson. Mr. Thurber in taking the oath followed the example of Mr. Cleveland and used the Bible given to him by his mother when he left home years ago, on the fly leaf of which she had written after his name



In the East Room.

the Master's injunction: "Search the Scriptures, for in them ye think ye have eternal life."

INAUGURATION DAY.

A Movement to Have It Occur Later in the Spring.

The inclemency of the weather to-day is likely to add to the popularity of the propositions of Congressman Springer and others to change the date of the presidential inauguration to a later period in the spring. The Iroquois club of Chicago, which was only one of the many crack political organizations which shivered for hours in the icy winds to-day, held a meeting this afternoon and unanimously adopted the following resolutions:

"Whereas, the inclement weather of this present March 4, 1893, has demonstrated that so early a period of the year is unsuitable for the manifestation of the respect felt by the American people for their chief magistrate upon the occasion of his induction to the great office of president of the United States; therefore,

Resolved, by the Iroquois club of the city of Chicago, that the congress of the United States be respectfully memorialized to take such steps as will provide that the inauguration of all presidents



The Inaugural Ball.

elected by the people after this day shall take place at such date during the month of May as in their wisdom may be deemed best."

It is announced to-night that it is the intention of the Iroquois club to communicate with all the other political organizations of the country, of both parties, and endeavor to secure unity of action in the demand for this reform.

The Usual Thing.

Washington, March 4.—In the house to-day the usual resolution of thanks to the speaker was offered by Mr. Reed with a complimentary speech and adopted. Speaker Crisp replied in a felicitous manner, and when the hands of the clock pointed to the hour of noon, although a chronometer might have challenged the correctness of the time, declared the house adjourned sine die.

Had No Defense.

Brown—Got into a bad scrape last evening. My wife found a letter in my pocket from a woman. How she did rave!

Bagley—From a woman? Brown you're a sorry dog!

Brown—The woman in this case, however, was Mrs. B. It was a letter she gave me to mail a week ago.—Boston Evening Transcript.

Mr. Gladstone's determination not to appoint a poet-laureate will react through England's army of rhymesters, and drive some desperate verse-slingers into the arms of the combine which supplies rythmic advertisements for new brands of soap and cigarettes.

THE WEEKLY NEWS DIGEST

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

The Latest and Most Important News of the World, Culled From the Telegraph Reports of the Press Associations.

The Capital.

The debt statement for February shows an increase of $615,709.

The whisky trust investigation by the house committee has been finished.

Russia will be represented at the Columbus naval display by three vessels in command of a vice admiral.

Earl B. Coe has won his suit against the government for title to the Algodone land grant of 60,000 acres in Southwestern Arizona. The property is valued at $12,000,000.

The suit of D. H. Williams to recover the old Spanish land grant of 48,000 acres in Texas has been discontinued. The case has been in the courts twenty years. Two thousand settlers have homes on the grant.

Casualty.

Five buildings burned at Lehigh, Iowa, with a loss of $10,000.

A naphtha launch capsized at Sansalito, Cal., and Fred Lee and another man were drowned.

Four oyster boats were wrecked in Tangier sound, Chesapeake bay, and seven oyster men were drowned.

Samuel Price, a railroad employe, was so badly frozen near Pittsburg that his hands and feet were amputated.

Andrew Peterson of Negaunee, Mich., was killed by falling rock in the Cincinnati mine, Mesaba, range, Minn.

Eugene Frost and A. R. Church went duck hunting in the Alviso marsh, thirty miles from San Francisco, and did not return. It is believed they have perished.

The business portion of the town of Goldthwaite, Tex., embracing thirty business houses and seven residences, were burned. Loss, $100,000; insurance, $38,000.

The British schooner Cricket, bound from New York for St. John, coal laden, and the schooner Parnell O'Hara, a fishing boat, were stranded near Race Point, Mass. The crews of both vessels were rescued.

Fire destroyed an entire block of twenty houses, stores and dwellings at Pacahontas, Va. The lodge rooms of the Red Men, Knights of Pythias and Royal Arcanum, together with their contents, were also burned. Loss, $100,000; partially insured.

A volunteer life-saving crew of five men—Capt. Timothy Aken, Isaiah Taylor, Hiram Jackson, William Brightman and Frederick Aken—were drowned off Cuttyhunk, Mass., in attempting to rescue the crew of a vessel on the Sow and Pigs reef.

Dominick Torpey, an engineer on the Pennsylvania railroad, was taking a freight train to New York, and when near Frankfort, Pa., he saw four children break through the ice on a pond. Torpey whistled down brakes, leaped from the locomotive, and saved the lives of the children.

At Chicago, while a gang of men were working on the construction of the Alley elevated road, a section of the trestle gave way, throwing the derrick, construction engine and engine shanty to the ground. J. E. McGuire and J. Mullen were seriously injured, and six men who were in the shanty had narrow escapes. The trestle had not been sufficiently braced.

Capt. Townsend, formerly an officer in the regular army and a graduate of West Point, was burned alive in a little shack at Kalispell, Mont. The case is surrounded in mystery, which the coroner's jury is now trying to unravel. When the fire was first discovered Townsend could be seen lying on a bed inside, but seemed helpless, and was beyond the power of man to save him, as the little structure was a mass of flames.

People in Print.

Henry George is a candidate for the Manchester, Eng., consulship.

Archbishop Kenrick of St. Louis is improving in health.

F. O. French, president of the Manhattan Trust company of New York, died at Tuxedo.

Col. Frederick Rain, for fifty years a leading German newspaper man of Baltimore, Md., is dead.

A new county in the pine country of Northern Wisconsin has been named for Senator Vilas.

American Consul General J. C. New will leave the consulate at London May 15.

President Harrison accepts a professorship in the Leland Stanford university, where he will lecture on constitutional law.

It was at dinner, and some one asked that charming egotist Edward Everett Hale why Boston was called the Hub "Boston is the Hub," answered Mr. Hale, "because out of it go spokesmen of the wheel of mankind who never tire of doing good."

The late Dr. Norvin Green did not leave a will. His estate will be settled as the law provides in such cases. His widow has qualified as executrix. It is reported that Dr. Green left a fortune of about $750,000.

Bernhardt seems to have taken Italy by storm. At Rome she attended a gathering in honor of Goldoni, the dramatist, and entered the hall on the arm of the minister of public instruction.

Mr. Gladstone claims direct descent from Henry III., king of England, and from Robert Bruce, king of Scotland. It is thought that the reason why he has invariably refused any title or peerage is because of his knowledge of his royal descent from the kings of both England and Scotland.

Sinful Doings.

Robert P. Howley of Springfield, Ill., committed suicide by taking morphine.

Three persons escaped from the Saginaw, Mich., jail by sawing the window bars.

Michael Flynn committed suicide at Lima, Ohio, by throwing himself in front of a Pennsylvania railroad engine.

The jury in the trial at Evansville, Ind., of C. E. Johnson for the murder of Jacob App disagreed.

A Great Falls (Mont.) man follows his eloping wife and her paramour to Michigan and shoots the latter dead.

New York police raided a gambling Father Flaherty, a Mount Morris, N. Y., priest, is accused of embezzling $100,000 from the estate of Dr. G. A. Bartholick, of whose estate the priest was executor.

At Trenton, Tenn., Bud Garth became involved in a difficulty with two negroes and shot them both. One is dead and the other is dying.

Samuel J. F. Thayer, a well known architect of Boston, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head in his apartments. Mr. Thayer has been in ill health for some time.

At Columbia, S. C., John and Jasper Atkinson, white, were found guilty of the murder of J. H. Clamp, near Ridgeway, Jan. 28, and were sentenced to hang June 9.

The Missouri supreme court has rendered a decision directing that April 11 be set as the day for the execution at Kansas City of Thomas Smith, murderer of George Cameron, both colored.

Jeff Masten of Gainesville, Tex., made unpleasant remarks about Mrs. John Stewart. While her husband covered Masten with a gun the woman administered 100 lashes to her traducer.

house, and one of the inmates concealed himself on the water tank in the bath room. In pulling him out the officers wrecked the pipes and the building was flooded. The damage was $2,000.

Bauer and Knold, the anarchists convicted at Pittsburg of complicity in the attempted assassination of H. C. Frick by Bergman, are sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

A Chicago man having a dozen wives is under arrest in South Carolina.

A family of murderers similar to the infamous Benders of Kansas is arrested in Colorado.

The postoffice and store of John Ruckman at Helena was entered by burglars and two safes blown open and relieved of about $1,200. The burglars then set fire to the place and made their escape. The fire was discovered in time to prevent a conflagration.

Edward Baker and George Peterson are under arrest charged with securing $300,000 worth of goods on time and disposing of the stock for cash, failing to pay for the goods. They operated at New Orleans under the name of Baker, Peterson & Co.

The young and pretty wife of Commodore W. K. Mayo three times attempted suicide, and has been placed in an insane asylum. The commodore is thirty-three years older than his wife. They were married last December.

J. F. Gilbough, employed in the general offices of the Santa Fe railway at Galveston, Tex., shot and killed Dora Wasson, aged eighteen, and committed suicide. The girl had broken their engagement.

The Foreign Budget.

A battle occurred in the Congo state, where Europeans are in danger.

France has taken possession of the Island of Desolation, in the Indian ocean.

Emperor William of Germany presented the pope with a costly topaz ring.

M. Dumonteil, member of the French chamber of deputies, was wounded in a duel with M. Lissagaray, a Paris journalist.

Technical college, in Rio Janeiro, was burned to the ground.

Twenty-six anarchist were arrested in Rome while engaged in making bombs.

The accounts of the Panama Canal company show the total amount paid contractors to be over $92,500,000.

A Jewess in Russo-Poland, who had renounced her faith and married, was abducted by her parents and sent to America.

A motion made by Mr. Gladstone in the house of commons for the second reading of the home rule bill was carried by a majority of 42.

The people of Belgium vote in a referendum on the question of universal suffrage. The proposition is favored by a great majority, apparently.

The provincial government of Hawaii has ordered a large number of military uniforms from a Columbus, Ohio, firm. They will be similar to the fatigue uniform of the United States army.

The pope is greatly displeased by the abandonment of the American pilgrimage. He attributes the abandonment of the undertaking to the disputes between Archbishop Satolli and the American bishops, and has ordered an inquiry.

The Viscount D'Arnos, Brazilian minister to Great Britain, states that the agitation in the Brazilian province of Rio Grande do Sul is purely a local affair and carries no menace of serious consequence to the general peace of the Brazilian republic.

Sir Henry Meysey-Thompson, Liberal-Unionist member of parliament for North Handsworth, Staffordshire, moved in the house of commons recently that the British government should use its influence to bring about a reassembling of the international monetary conference, with the object of finding a remedy for the evils attendant upon the divergence of values between gold and silver. After much discussion the motion was rejected.

Sporting Scraps.

The Ryan-Dawson fight at New Orleans is declared off.

The various prize fighting clubs of San Francisco have declared prospective matches off and the fighters have ceased training. The California Athletic club has closed and will retire from business. All this is one of the results of the killing of Billy Miller by Dal Hawkins at the Pacific club.

Railroad World.

The earnings of the Burlington during the month of January were: Freight, $2,080,299.86, a decrease of $14,502.64 from the corresponding week last year; passenger, $614,103.32, an increase of $50,881.29 over the same week last year. the net earnings were $116,953.52, a decrease of $107,559.80 from the same week last year.

Labor.

All employes of the Santa Fe railway system will unite in a federation.

The Brewery Workers' union will leave the Federation of Labor and affiliate with the Knights of Labor.

The 200 employes of the Wabash, Ind., hat factory are on a strike for better treatment.

Telephone girls at Decatur, Ill., struck for an advance in wages from $20 to $40 per month.

General News.

The cattle census reveals a very large decrease in the number of stock cattle.

Princess Kaiulani arrives in America and issues an address to the people.

The battleship Indiana is successfully launched at Philadelphia.

Mrs. Sarah Hawn died at Oakland, Ill., aged 105 years.

The Incandescent Light and Power company of Norwalk, Ohio, failed. Liabilities, $50,000.

Dr. Huntington of New York is reported to have declined to permit the use of his name in connection with the vacant Massachusetts bishopric.

George B. Barslow, a Salem, Mass., butcher, has fallen heir to a fortune of $315,000 by the death of a cousin, Mrs. Abbie White of Santa Barbara, Cal.

In a suit in which the Milwaukee road is interested, Judge Thayer, of the United States district court in St. Louis, declares pooling contracts void.

The Kansas Populist representatives decide to obey the supreme court's decision and take their seats in the Republican house.

The Arizona assembly has passed a bill authorizing woman suffrage in the territory. It will pass the senate and receive the governor's signature.

A package consigned to the Tyler, Tex., National bank from W. L. Wells of Dallas, Tex., purporting to contain $6,000, when opened was found to contain only paper.

The Cofrode & Taylor company, operating the Reading roller mills, is in the hands of a receiver. The company, a Philadelphia concern, has a capital of $500,000.

New York printers protest against the appointment of C. E. Edwards of Wilmington, Del., as public printer. Edwards, they say, is an old and bitter opponent of organized labor.

A rare edition of Epistola Christofori Coloni, printed in Rome in 1493, was sold at Sotheby's auction in London for $1,575. This work is believed to have been the first printed account of the discovery of America.

Over $20,000 in cash, belonging to the Fagan brothers, who died alone and in filth in their home near Olney, Mich., last week, has been unearthed up to date. A certificate for the deposit of $7,500 on a Pontiac bank was found.

Emma Patailliard, known in the museum world as Aama, the French giantess, died at Des Moines, Iowa. She was sixteen years old and eight feet high. Her weight was 285 pounds. She died of consumption.

A convict war is again threatening to rent Tennessee. Gov. Turney has announced his intention of withdrawing the standing army. The miners held a meeting and decided by vote to liberate the 500 convicts in the valley and fire the stockades.

Suit has been brought by the State of Maryland against the State of West Virginia to recover the entire territory lying between the north and south branches of the Potomac river. Six large counties with a population of nearly 100,000 are involved.

John and Thomas Fagan, aged seventy-nine and eighty-one respectively, were found dead in their farm house near Holly, Mich. They had been dead nearly a week, and, although both were rich, died of lack of proper food and general exposure. The sum of $14,500 was found concealed in the house.

The Iron Trade Review says of the conditions of trade: The iron trade has jogged along in a featureless way for another week. Pig iron producers still wait for a turn that is apt to be a long time coming and that will not be a decided one. Demand in February has been considerably more active in general than it was in the first month of the year, but it is likely that furnace capacity will show some increase.

ELECTRICAL ETCHINGS.

Briefly Told.

Col. Kiefer of St. Paul will leave Washington for home to-night.

William Duff Hainey of South Dakota expects to be United States district attorney of his state.

Sarasate, the famous violinist, has thirty-two valuable watches which have been presented to him on different occasions.

Ex-Secretary Baird, it is believed in Delaware, will seek to return to the senate two years hence, when Mr. Higgins' term expires.

Judge Flandrau and M. Tuohy of St. Paul are in Washington, probably looking to see what will turn up in the way of Minnesota appointments.

Mrs. Avery of Limona, Fla., has offered 160 acres of land and a cottage to be used as a home for orphans, under the direction of the W. C. T. U.

A. O. Whipple, receiver of the Devils Lake (N. D.) land office during the last Democratic administration, is in Washington canvassing the prospects.

Speaker Crisp is worn out and a little under the weather as a result of the strain attending the closing hours of congress. He will remain in Washington until about the 1st of April.

The civil marriage of Miss May McClellan, daughter of the late Gen. George B. McClellan, and Paul Desirez, attache to the French legation at Washington, took place in Paris Monday.

It is said of J. Sterling Morton, the new secretary of agriculture, that while he is in no sense of the word a dandy, "there is ever about him the atmosphere of the perfectly appareled man."

A private letter from Gen. Rosecrans, register of the treasury, now in California, states that his health has improved very much of late. He says that he does not contemplate resigning.

The senate has given permission to Thomas Adamson, United States consul at Panama, to accept an honorary medal from China in recognition of his services to Chinese subjects in Panama.

Anthony N. Brady, the New York millionaire and street car railway and gas speculator, was born in Troy of poor parents. He is forty-eight years of age, and made the greater part of his fortune in the last five years.

N. W. Kin, the ex-detective, is in Chicago, and the report is that he is employed in furthering the election of Carter Harrison to the mayoralty. In the event of his election King, it is said, is slated for a position on the detective force of the Windy City.

When Myra Clark Gaines died, in 1887, her estate was worth $925,000. The contest that has since been going on over her will has used up $800,000 of it, and a fresh start was made in Brooklyn courts last week toward whittling down the balance.

Mrs. A. L. Brown, wife of Archibald L. Brown, and the eldest daughter of Chief Justice and Mrs. Melville E. Fuller, died at Chicago yesterday, after an illness of only two weeks. Chief Justice and Mrs. Fuller did not arrive from Washington in time to see their daughter alive.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO—WHEAT—No. 2 spring, 73¼; No. 3 spring, 59to66c. No. 2 red, 73¼.
CORN—No. 2 41¼to41½c.
OATS—No. 2 31c.; No. 3 white, 33to34½c.
RYE—No. 2, 52c½.
BARLEY—No. 2, 64c.

MINNEAPOLIS—WHEAT—No. 1 hard 69c. No. 1 Northern; 67c.; No. 2 Northern 66to67c.
CORN—No. 2 yellow, 40c.
OATS—No. 3 white, 30½to31c.
RYE—No. 2, 47½c.
BARLEY—No. 3, 35to45c.

ST. PAUL—WHEAT—No. 1 hard, 69to70; No. 1 Northern, 68to69c.; No. 2 Northern 65to66c.
CORN—No. 3, 37to38c.; No. 3 yellow 38to39c.
OATS—No. 2, 30½to31½c; No 2 white, 32to33½c.; No 3, 30½to31½c.
BARLEY AND RYE—No. 2 barley, 50 to 55; No. 2 rye, 46to47c. malt, 65to70c.
GROUND FEED AND MILLSTUFFS—No. 1 $15.50; to16.00. No 2, $16.00to16.50; No. 3 $16.50to$17.00; low grade, $12.00to13.00; corn meal, bolted, $20 to 22. do unbolted, $15 50 to $16.00; bran, bulk, $11 to $11.50. Shorts 12to12.50

LIVE STOCK.

ST. PAUL—Prime steers, $4.00 to 4.50; good steers, $3.50 to 4.00; prime cows, $3.00 to 3.85; good cows, $2.50 to 3.00; common cows, $1.50 to 2.50c; light veal calves $3.50 to 4.50; heavy calves, $2.50 to 3.50; stockers, $2.00 to 2.75; feeders, $2.50 to 3.25; bulls, $1.75 to 3.00.

Hogs - Strong market; opened 10c higher; all sold early, except late arrivals, and late sales were steady with the opening, although Eastern markets closed weak. Quality pretty fair for the bulk, a few loads being common and light mixed. Representative sales.

No.	Av.	Dkg.	Price.	No.	Av.	Dkg.	Price.
3	166	......	$8 00	74	194	......	$8 12½
28	197	80	8 05	64	228	40	8 15
49	234	80	8 10	17	188	80	8 15
24	235	......	8 10	72	203	......	8 15
8	262	80	8 10	72	219	160	8 15
27	214	......	8 10	65	240	80	8 15
77	215	160	8 12½	34	222	80	8 15

For Habeas Corpus.

Washington, March 8.—The United States supreme court to-day granted the request made by the counsel for the three imprisoned Tillmanite sheriffs in South Carolina for leave to file petitions for writs of habeas corpus on their behalf and issued a rule returnable on the 27th inst., calling on Judge Simonton to show cause why they should not be released and set free from the judge's mandate confining for disobeying his order protecting the property of the Richmond & Danville and South Carolina Railroad companies from seizure for taxes alleged to be unlawful.

His Last Act Very Proper.

Washington, March 8.—Secretary Noble's last official act was the signing of a letter addressed to the commissioner of patents declining to approve the application of James H. Allen of Charleston, S. C., and William A. Henderson of Atlanta, Ga., the former for a design for a badge and the latter for a spoon, the feature in each of which is the Confederate flag. The secretary says he refused to sign such papers and he deems his action needs no support by argument or illustration.

Murdered for His Money.

Portland, Or., March 8.—John Lowell, an aged hermit and miser, living three miles south of Lebanon, who was known to have considerable money secreted in the house, was found murdered in bed yesterday morning. Everything in the house was torn to pieces, the walls being broken and floors torn up in search for money. It is not known what amount of money was obtained.

Killed by the Cars.

Minneapolis, Special Telegram, March 8.—Dennis Flaherty, a fifteen-year-old boy, living at 419 Third avenue north, was run over by a freight train in the Great Northern yards yesterday, and sustained injuries from which he died last evening. He was playing about the yard at the time, and as near as can be learned the accident was due to his own carelessness.

A Family Poisoned.

Camden, N. J., March 8.—The husband is dead, the wife lying at death's door and three children critically ill—the result of poison—is the sad state of affairs at No. 1067 Francis street. Henry T. Horner, with his wife Henrietta, aged forty-five years; Rudolph, aged seven years; Harry, aged three years; Harry Harris, a grandchild, and Thomas Horner, a young man, comprise the family. How they were poisoned is a mystery that the county physician and the coroner are investigating.

A Dividend Declared.

New York, March 8.—The Minnesota Iron company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent on the capital stock, payable April 1.

The Home Rule Bill Denounced.

New York, Special—The Irish Nationalists of New York met this evening at Cooper union to celebrate the 115th anniversary of the birth of Robert Emmet. The hall was crowded. Judge E. M. Shannon of New Rochelle, N. Y., presided, and an address was delivered by E. M. Shannon eulogizing the great Irishman. A resolution was adopted in which the Irish Nationalists renewed their faith in the Irish cause and denouncing the home rule bill.

Murder and Suicide.

Havana, N. Y. Special—George Cogswell, a wealthy farmer living near here, shot and instantly killed his invalid daughter to-day, and immediately afterwards hanged himself to a rafter in his barn. Loss of money is supposed to have unbalanced his mind.

A Cyclone in Mississippi.

New Orleans, Special—The Picayune's Meridian (Miss.) special says: At 6:10 p. m. a terrific cyclone struck Marion, Miss., a small station on the Mobile & Ohio railroad, five miles north of here. It is reported that the cyclone originated just south of Marion in a funnel-shaped cloud, with a bright red light, going northeast, passing through the village and unroofing and demolishing houses and throwing freight cars from the track. Several lives are reported lost.

Children Suffocated.

New York, Special—Five children were suffocated to-day in a rear room on the top floor of a tenement, No 194 Henry street. The names of the victims are Altman Bernstein, eleven years old; Rebecca Bernstein, ten years old; Hayman Bernstein, six years old; Fanny Rosin, seven years old; Rachel Bernstein, six months old. The children were alone in the room at the time, their parents having left a short time previous, locking the children in.

Forest Fires.

Austin, Tex., Special—Today at noon the forest six miles of this city caught fire and has been burning ever since. At 8 o'clock to-night, a norther having sprung up, some fears are entertained that the fire may spread toward the city. Much valuable property has been destroyed. No lives are reported lost.

A Custom House Shortage.

New York, Special—The officials of the custom house are very much exercised over a shortage which has been discovered in the cashier's department and which cannot as yet be accounted for. A clerk in the cashier's department said that the thefts would probably figure up to $15,000 to $20,000.

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers

BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

Notwithstanding the fact that the Western Union Telegraph company has over 739,000 miles of wire and nearly 21,000 offices, it opens an average of 600 new offices annually.

It is stated that in England those parts of locomotives which are liable to rust are made of galvanized iron, and that this includes the inside of tender tanks and also the coal spaces.

The city of Seattle, Wash., will hereafter employ all idle men who wish to work. They will be furnished with tools, and will receive a fair amount of money for every cord of wood they chop for the city.

Chicago milkmen keep in their wagons a decoy can containing unadulterated milk. When the inspector demands a sample for test he is supplied from the decoy can, while customers must be content with the skimmed and watered article.

At Redditch, England, 20,000 people make more than 100,000,000 needles a year, and they are made and exported so cheaply that England has no rival in this country, and practically monopolizes the trade.

The Industria of Puno, Peru, announces the arrival there of Antonio Bem, the Hungarian traveler, who left Buenos Ayres early in August last, intending to make the journey thence to Chicago on foot in time to visit the exposition.

President Diaz of Mexico may be a tyrant and one or two other things rather objectionable, but when his administration for the first time in the history of his country manages to negotiate a loan at par, there is evidence of confidence in the stability of the rule he furnishes that is hard to gainsay.

Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson, the wife of the novelist, says that her husband's greatest failing is falling in love with every character he creates. Mrs. Stevenson has ample reason to congratulate herself that her husband's outside loves, while being so many, are of such a decidedly intangible character.

The new premier of Portugal is eighty years of age. The effete monarchies seem to be determined that the errors of youth shall not figure in the administration of their affairs. But a Portuguese premier would be weak indeed if he surpassed in that regard the government whose destinies he guides.

The oldest ornaments among the household goods of the White House are the two gold bronze candelabra that stand on the ends of the mantel in the red parlor. They are six feet tall, and were presented to President Jackson during his occupancy of the White House by Gen. Patterson.

According to tradition the test of the ancient Japanese sword was even more rigid than that of Saladin's blades. It was enough if the latter would cut in twain at a single blow a downy pillow, thrown in the air; but the Japanese blade, suspended horizontally beneath a tree, must sever any leaf that, falling, should accidentally light upon the weapon.

The thicker the ice the shallower the water; the shallower the water the greater the prevalence of malarial fevers; the greater the prevalence of malarial fevers the more urgent necessity for ice; the more urgent necessity for ice the greater the demand; the greater the demand the smaller the relative supply; the smaller the relative supply the higher the price.

An extraordinary case of suicide is reported in the Berlin papers. A sixteen-year-old boy, feeling himself humiliated by a severe reprimand that had been administered by his parents, seated himself in a chair, and, after loading a revolver, handed it to his brother, a lad of six, and compelled him to do the shooting. The little fellow fired but one shot, killing his brother instantly.

Hugh McLaughlin, the political boss of Brooklyn, has two amusements—the spectacle of a prize fighting tilt and variety shows. He is frequently seen at the matinee performances of one of the local variety theaters, leaning against a wall, with rather a rusty beaver hat tilted forward to keep the light out of his eyes. He is generally alone.

D. Christie Murray, the English novelist, turns on his critics in a brief note to a London paper to demonstrate that truth is stranger than fiction. Of a reviewer's charge that an episode in one of his novel was "wholly incredible," Mr. Murray says: "I got that story on the spot and had full proof of its accuracy. In fact, I built the novel on that genuine bit of history which your reviewer thinks incredible."

A new color has made its appearance. It is called "chrysophrase," and is named after the jem which is the fad of the hour. Moonstones have had their day. They are now replaced by another stone, said to bring luck to the wearer—the chrysophrase. And a very becoming and lovely colored stone it is; something like the aquamarine, of pale green color, but less clear in tone. Velvets, silks, gauzes, nay, even gloves and shoes are to be found in "chrysophrase" hues, and this delicate color has thrown purple and "chaudron" quite into the shade.

When a man goes to work as driver for Col. Shepard's New York stage line he must pay down $5 of his own or some other fellow's money for an equal sum in small change, and on every day of the week he must be able to show $5 to the man that looks after these matters for the stage line. By way of further precaution three or four detectives are stationed along Fifth avenue to count the outside passengers and prevent the drivers from pocketing their fares. Even if the company owes the driver the larger part of a week's salary the rule that he must show $5 of his own before he goes to work is enforced, and the man who cannot show so much must borrow it or lose a day's work. The driver who makes seven trips a day of one hour and forty minutes each, scheduled time, receives $2.

CLEVELAND

For the Second Time Grover Cleveland Is Inaugurated President.

The Ceremonies Conducted in the Presence of a Vast Audience.

Wind and Snow Make the Day Disagreeable But Does Dampen the Ardor.

Stevenson Takes the Oath and Enters Upon the Duties of His Office.

Cleveland's Inaugural Address Delivered in a Blinding Snow Storm.

Washington, March 4.—Grover Cleveland, thrice nominated for president of the United States and twice elected, was to-day successfully inducted into that high office for his second term, with all appropriate ceremonies, and the gathering of a mighty multitude and with the accompaniment of a blinding snow storm, but notwithstanding every disadvantage of weather, the last occasion was greater than the first. Had the atmospheric conditions been anything like favorable, instead of being as bad as could possibly be, there would have probably been 60 000 men and a number of ladies marching or riding in the parade, as against 25,000 in 1885. They were all here waiting to fall in line, but at the last moment some of the organizations were compelled to desist from participating. Nevertheless the occasion was made memorable by the vast attendance. To-day, also, the governors of eleven great states, New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Massachusetts in the North and East; of Pennsylvania and Maryland, among the Middle states of Georgia, North and South Carolina and Louisiana in the South; and of Wisconsin in the far West, participated in the national ceremonies and thereby emphasized the complete restoration of national unity. More interesting and significant even than this, perhaps in the eyes of other nations and the historian, were the manifestations of the marvelous growth of the country in population and power, and in fact that this momentous and majestic change in the government of 65,000,000 of people was accomplished according to a cut and dried formula, every step of which was planned and publicly announced beforehand, and without noticeable disturbance of public interests or the creation of any excitement except that naturally accompanying a great national pageant and the influx of two or three hundred thousand sightseers into the capital.

It was shortly after 11 o'clock when President-elect Cleveland and Vice President-elect Stevenson, accompanied by the senate committee on arrangements, entered the executive mansion. They were received by President Harrison in the blue room. Five minutes later the president and his successor reappeared, and, entering an open carriage, the march of the procession to the capitol began.

Meanwhile in the senate at a quarter before 12 (senate clock) the speaker and house of representatives were announced. The speaker was escorted to a chair at the secretary's desk, and the representatives who followed him were crowded in wherever space could be found for them. But as to finding seats for them, that was entirely out of the question. At this time the general spectacle was magnificent. The galleries were filled with elegantly dressed ladies, with a few gentlemen scattered among them. The senators from forty-four states were all in their places. When the senate clock indicated 11:50, but when the actual time was 12:50, the vice president-elect was announced, and Mr. Stevenson, escorted by Senator McPherson, took his chair to the right of Vice President Morton. Immediately afterwards the president of the United States and his cabinet were announced, and President Harrison and the members of his cabinet entered the chamber. Mr. Harrison was escorted to one of the chairs standing in front of the clerk's desk. Immediately afterwards the president-elect was announced, and Mr. Cleveland, escorted by Senator Ransom, took the chair next to Mr. Harrison. His entrance into the chamber was greeted with applause.

A New Vice President.

Then Vice President Morton administered the oath of office to his successor, and yielded to him the chair of the presiding officer. The special session of the Fifty-third congress was then formally opened with prayer by Chaplain Butler. Vice President Stevenson arose and addressed the senate. He said:

"Senators: Deeply impressed with a sense of its responsibilities and of its dignity, I now enter upon the discharge of the duties of the high office to which I have been called. I am not unmindful of the fact that among the occupants of this chair during the 104 years of our constitutional history have been statesmen, eminent alike for their talent and their tireless devotion to public duty. Adams, Jefferson and Calhoun honored its incumbency during the early days of the republic, while Arthur, Hendricks and Morton have at a later period of our history shed luster upon the office of president of the most august deliberative assembly known to man. I assume the duties of the great trust confined to me with no feeling of self-confidence, but rather with that of grave distrust of my ability satisfactorily to meet its requirements. I may be pardoned for saying that it shall be my earnest endeavor to discharge the important duties which lie before me with no less of impartiality and courtesy than of firmness and fidelity. Earnestly invoking the co-operation, the forbearance, the charity of each of its members, I now enter upon my duties as presiding officer of the senate."

The Party Appears.

At about 1:25 o'clock the doors leading into the rotunda to the central portico of the inaugural stand swung open, and Marshal Dan Ramsdell of the District of Columbia and Marshal Wright, of the United States supreme court, appeared, heading the procession. Ex-Vice President Morton and Chief Justice Fuller and the justices of the supreme court, except Judges Blatchford, Field and Harlan, came next. Then came the sergeant-at-arms, Valentine, and Senators Teller, McPherson and Ransom, of the committee of arrangements, preceding President Harrison and President-elect Cleveland, who walked side by side. Behind the incoming and outgoing president followed members of the senate and an unusually large contingent from the diplomatic corps, members of the house of representatives, governors of states and other official persons.

The president and president-elect, Vice President Morton, Chief Justice Fuller and the committee of arrangements were shown to the front of the platform, where, within a railed enclosure, had been laid a bright green carpet, upon which had been placed large leather-covered chairs, several tables, a writing desk and other furnishings, which gave a bright touch to the scene. Mr. Cleveland was warmly greeted by the patient throng gathered about the stand, and after a few minutes of delay stepped to the front and began the delivery of his inaugural address. He followed the same course pursued by himself eight years ago of delivering his address first and taking the oath afterwards. This was the course pursued by Buchanan and Lincoln. On the other hand, Pierce, Grant, Hayes, Garfield and Harrison took the oath first and delivered their inaugural afterwards. A curious compromise between these opposing customs was made by President Harrison's grandfather, who stopped in the middle of his inaugural and took the oath and then resumed and finished the reading of his address. Notwithstanding the exceedingly inclement weather Mr. Cleveland removed his silk hat, and with bared head

Addressed the Multitude.

My Fellow Citizens: In obedience to the mandate of my countrymen, I am about to dedicate myself to their service under the sanction of a solemn oath. Deeply moved by the expression of confidence and personal attachment which has called me to this service, I am sure my gratitude can make no better return than the pledge I now give before God and these witnesses of unreserved and complete devotion to the interests and welfare of those who have honored me.

I deem it fitting on this occasion, while indicating the opinions I hold concerning public questions of present importance to also briefly refer to the existence of certain conditions and tendencies among our people, which seem to menace the integrity and usefulness of their government. While every American citizen must contemplate with the utmost pride and enthusiasm the growth and expansion of our country, the sufficiency of our institutions to stand against the rudest shocks of violence, the wonderful thrift and enterprise of our people, and the demonstrated superiority of our free government, it behooves us to constantly watch for every symptom of insidious infirmity that threatens our national vigor. The strong man who in the confidence of sturdy health courts the sternest activities of life and rejoices in the hardihood of constant labor, may still have lurking near his vitals the unheeded disease that dooms him to sudden collapse. It cannot be doubted that our stupendous achievements as a people and our country's robust strength, have given rise to a heedlessness of those laws governing our national health, which we can no more evade than human life can escape the laws of God and nature.

The Question of Finance.

Manifestly nothing is more vital to our supremacy as a nation and to the beneficent purposes of our government than a sound and stable currency. Its exposure to degradation should at once arouse to activity the most enlightened statesmanship, and the danger of depreciation in the purchasing power of the wages paid to toil should furnish the strongest incentive to prompt and conservative precaution. In dealing with our present embarrassing situation, as related to this subject, we will be wise if we temper our confidence and faith in our national strength and resources with the frank confession that even these will not permit us to defy with impunity the inexorable laws of finance and trade. At the same time, in our efforts to adjust differences of opinion we should be free from intolerance or passion, and our judgments should be unmoved by alluring phrases and unvexed by selfish interests. I am confident that such an approach to the subject will result in prudent and effective remedial legislation. In the meantime, so far as the executive branch of the government can intervene, none of the powers with which it is vested will be withheld when their exercise is deemed necessary to maintain our national credit or avert financial disaster.

Closely related to the exaggerated confidence in our country's greatness, which tends to a disregard of the rules of national safety, another danger confronts us not less serious. I refer to the prevalence of a popular disposition to expect from the operation of the government especial and direct individual advantages. The verdict of our voters, which condemned the injury of maintaining protection for protection's sake, enjoins upon the people's servants the duty of exposing and destroying the brood of kindred evils which are the unwholesome progeny of paternalism. This is the bane of republican institutions and the constant peril of our government by the people. It degrades to the purposes of wily craft the plan of rule our fathers established and bequeathed to us as an object of our love and veneration. It perverts the patriotic sentiment of our countrymen and tempts them to a pitiful calculation of the sordid gain to be derived from their government's maintenance. It undermines the self-reliance of our people and substitutes in its place dependence upon governmental favoritism. It stifles the spirit of true Americanism and stupefies every ennobling trait of American citizenship. The lessons of paternalism ought to be learned and the better lesson taught that, while the people should patriotically and cheerfully support their government, its functions do not include the support of the people.

Pensions.

The acceptance of this principle leads to a refusal of bounties and subsidies which burden the labor and thrift of a portion of our citizens, to aid ill-advised or languishing enterprises in which they have no concern. It leads also to a challenge of wild and reckless pension expenditure, which overlaps the bounds of grateful recognition of patriotic service and prostitutes to vicious uses the people's prompt and generous impulse to aid those disabled in their country's defense. Every thoughtful American must realize the importance of checking at its beginning any tendency in public or private station to regard frugality and economy as virtues which we may safely outgrow. The toleration of this idea results in the waste of the people's money by their chosen servants, and encourages prodigality and extravagance in the home life of our countrymen. Under our scheme of government, waste of public money is a crime against the citizens, and the contempt of our people for economy and frugality in their personal affairs deplorably saps the strength and sturdyness of our national character. It is a plain dictate of honesty and good government that public expenditures should be limited by public necessity, and that this should be measured by the rules of strict economy, and it is equally clear that frugality among the people is the best guaranty of a contented and strong support of free institutions.

One mode of the misappropriation of public funds is avoided when appointments to office, instead of being the rewards of partisan activity, are awarded to those whose efficiency promises a fair return of work for the compensation paid to them. To secure the fitness and competency of appointees to office, and to remove from political action the demoralizing madness for spoils, civil service reform has found a place in our public policy and laws. The benefits already gained through this instrumentality and the further usefulness it promises entitle it to the hearty support and encouragement of all who desire to see our public service well performed or who hope for the elevation of political sentiment and the purification of political methods.

Trusts.

The existence of immense aggregations of kindred enterprises and combinations of business interests formed for the purpose of limiting production and fixing prices is inconsistent with the fair field which ought to be open to every independent activity. Legitimate strife in business should not be superseded by an enforced concession to the demands of combinations that have the power to destroy, nor should the people to be served lose the benefit of cheapness which usually results from wholesome competition. These aggregations and combinations frequently constitute conspiracies against the interests of the people and in all their phases they are unnatural and opposed to our American sense of fairness. To the extent that they can be reached and restrained by federal power, the general government should relieve our citizens from their interference and exactions.

Loyalty to the principles upon which our government rests positively demands that the equality before the law which it guarantees to every citizen, should be justly and in good faith conceded in all parts of the land. The enjoyment of this right follows the badge of citizenship wherever found, and, unimpaired by race or color, it appeals for recognition to American manliness and fairness. Our relations with the Indians located within our borders impose upon us responsibilities we cannot escape. Humanity and consistency require us to treat them with forbearance and in our dealings with them to honestly and considerately regard their rights and interests. Every effort should be made to lead them, through the paths of civilization and education, to self-supporting and independent citizenship. In the meantime, as the nation's wards, they should be promptly defended against the cupidity of designing men, and shielded from every temptation or influence that retards their advancement.

Tariff Reform.

The people of the United States have decreed that on this day the control of their government in its legislative and executive branches shall be given to a political party pledged in positive terms to the accomplishment of tariff reform. They have thus determined in favor of a more just and equitable system of federal taxation. The agents they have chosen to carry out their purposes are bound by their promises, not less than by the command of their masters, to devote themselves unremittingly to this service. While there should be no surrender of principle, our task must be undertaken wisely and without vindictiveness. Our mission is not punishment, but the rectification of wrongs. If, in lifting burdens from the daily life of our people, we reduce inordinate and unequal advantages long enjoyed, this is but a necessary incident of our return to right and justice. If we exact from unwilling minds acquiescence in the theory of an honest distribution of the fund of governmental beneficence treasured up for all, but insist upon a principle which underlies our free institutions. When we tear aside the delusions and misconceptions which have blinded our countrymen to the condition under vicious tariff laws we but show them how far they have been led away from the paths of contentment and prosperity. When we proclaim that the necessity for revenue to support the government furnishes the only justification for taxing the people we anounce a truth so plain that its denial would seem to indicate the extent to which judgment may be influenced by familiarity with perversions of the taxing power, and when we seek to reinstate the self-confident and business enterprise of our citizens by discrediting an abject dependence upon governmental favor we strive to stimulate those elements of American character which support the hope of American achievement.

Party Pledges.

Anxiety for the redemption of the pledges which my party has made and solicitude for the complete justification of the trust the people have reposed in us, constrain me to remind those with whom I am to co-operate that we can succeed in doing the work which has been especially set before us only by the most sincere, harmonious and disinterested effort. Even if insuperable obstacles and opposition prevent the consummation of our task, we shall hardly be excused; and if failure can be traced to our fault or neglect, we may be sure the people will hold us to a swift and exacting accountability.

The oath I now take to preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States, not only impressively defines the great responsibility I assume, but suggests obedience to the constitutional commands as the rule by which my official conduct must be guided. I shall to the best of my ability, and within my sphere of duty, preserve the constitution by loyally protecting every grant of federal power it contains, by defending all its restraints when attacked by impatience and restlessness, and by enforcing its limitations and reservations in favor of the state and the people. Fully impressed with the gravity of the duties that confront me and mindful of my weakness, I should be appalled if it were my lot to bear unaided the responsibilities which await me. I am, however, saved from discouragement when I remember that I shall have the support and the counsel and co-operation of wise and patriotic men who will stand at my side in cabinet places or will represent the people in their legislative halls. I find also much comfort in remembering that my countrymen are just and generous and in the assurance that they will not condemn those who by sincere devotion to their service deserve their forebearance and approval. Above all, I know there is a Supreme Being who rules the affairs of men, and whose goodness and mercy have always followed the American people; and I know He will not turn from us now, if we humbly and reverently seek his powerful aid.

The Oath Administered.

At the conclusion of his remarks, Mr. Cleveland turned around to the chief justice, who was attired in the robes of his office, to take the oath prescribed by the constitution. Chief Justice Fuller and the other persons near to the president removed their hats, and with bared heads listened to the taking of the oath of office, which was pronounced by Chief Justice Fuller in a clear voice, Mr. Cleveland assenting to it by bowing his head and kissing the Bible. The oath taken by the president is what is known as the constitutional oath, and reads as follows:

"I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States and will to the best of my ability preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

The Bible used in the ceremony was given President Cleveland by his mother forty-one years ago. By his special request, it was eight years ago put to the same service for which it was used to-day. This morning shortly before 11 o'clock it was brought to the capitol by Edwin Frent of Michigan and delivered to Mr James McKinney, clerk of the United States supreme court, with a message from Don M. Dickinson, stating that it was Mr. Cleveland's wish that the chief justice use the book in to-day's ceremonies. A new Bible had been purchased for the occasion, as had been done eight years ago for presentation to the president, but of course it was not used after Mr. Cleveland had signified his preference for the use of his mother's gift. The book used is a small gilt-edged, black leathern-covered volume, about 5x3 inches in dimensions, and in general appearance is in no way to be distinguished from Bibles frequently carried to church by ladies. Its edges are worn with handling, and on the front cover is stamped in small gold letters "S. G. Cleveland." Near the top of the fly leaf is this inscription in a small, irregular, feminine hand: "S. G. Cleveland, from his affectionate mother. February, 1852." On the next page to the fly leaf is a written statement, signed by Mr. McKinney, stating that upon this Bible Grover Cleveland was sworn into office as president of the United States by Morrison B. Waite, chief justice of the supreme court of the United States, on March 4, 1885.

Reviewed by the President.

At the conclusion of the inaugural address the firing of a gun brought the commands of the first grand division to attention, and amid the booming of the presidential salute of twenty-one guns from the batteries of the Washington barracks, the Washington navy yard and Fort Myers, President Cleveland and his escort moved rapidly toward the White House followed by the inaugural procession. The reviewing station, designated by an immense flag flying above it, was situated immediately in front of the executive mansion, and on the south side of Pennsylvania avenue. Acres of humanity, surging like a sea, occupied every available spot of ground in the vicinity, and as the president made his appearance, another cheer signalled his presence and was taken up and re-echoed down the avenue and by-ways till the roar sound was like the roar of a troubled ocean. The president, standing firmly with his impassive features facing the procession, reviewed the military, civic and political organizations that made up the line of march.

The inaugural parade which was under command of Gen. Martin G. McMahon of New York, grand marshal, was composed of two grand divisions, each grand division being in turn subdivided into division and brigade. The United States forces, which led the parade, were under the command of Brig. Gen. John R. Brooke, and presented a soldierly appearance. All commissioned and other officers carrying swords gave the military salute at they passed in review, they did so. The imperturbable president returned their salutes by raising his hat accompanied by an almost imperceptible nod. Lieut. Col. E. C. Bainbridge commanded the artillery. Maj. R. W. Huntington, of the United States marine corps, commanded the marines and Capt. J. M. Bell, of the Seventh cavalry, commanded the squadron of light cavalry.

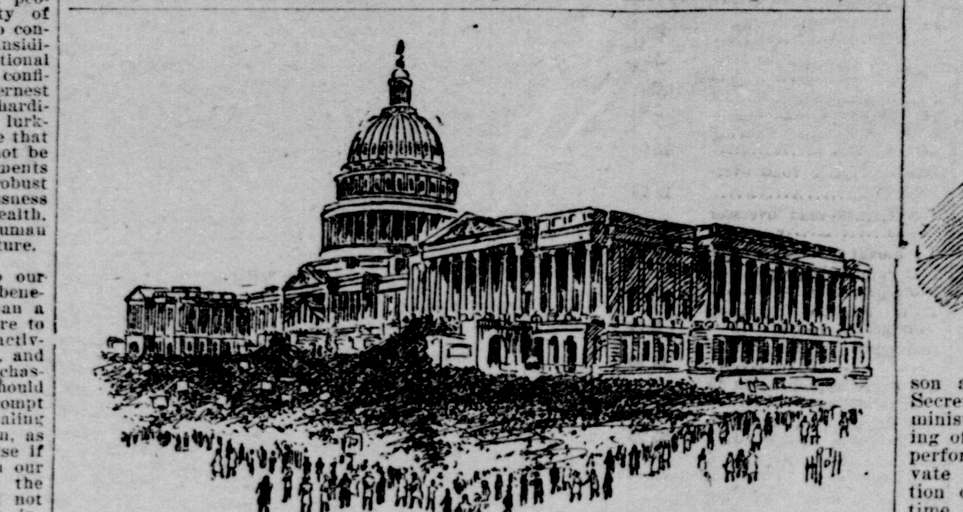
The First Popular Outburst

The first popular outburst came when Gov. Robert E. Pattison of Pennsylvania turning toward President Cleveland as passed in front of the reviewing stand, followed by his staff and the National Guard of the State of Pennsylvania. The popular Democrat, twice governor of the Keystone State, and recently himself prominently discussed as a presidential candidate, awoke all the enthusiasm of the triumphant Democracy, and was frequently compelled to turn and bow an acproval to the degradation of Private Iams, who was suspended by the thumbs, shorn of his hair and drummed out of camp for applauding the shooting of Frick.

Later a loud huzza from the thousands of throats welcomed the appearance of a soldierly looking gentleman, who, with his staff, headed a third brigade. It was Gen. Fitzhugh Lee of Virginia, ex-governor of the historic old commonwealth and nephew of the idol of the Southern army, Gen. Robert E. Lee. The Stuart knowledgment to the ovations he received. Following close behind him was one who failed to awake the popular enthusiasm of his chief, but who was the object of almost as much public attention. It was Maj. Gen. George R. Snowden, commander of the militia at Homestead, and the officer who gave his ap- Horse Guards and the Ashby Light Horse cavalry acted as Gen. Lee's escort, and the ex-governor wore the full uniform of the First Virginia regiment of volunteer cavalry—blue trousers, a coat of the traditional gray and a helmet with a yellow plume.

The Western political organizations in line under Col. Hopkins were the Iroquois Democratic club of Chicago, Col. Frank G. Bayne, marshal; County Democracy of Chicago, James H. Farrell, marshal; Stevenson Escort club of Bloomington, Ill., William Twohy, marshal; Duckworth club of Cincinnati, David J. Dalton, marshal; First Voters Democratic club of Bloomington, Ill., James Condon, marshal; Young Men's Democratic club of Cincinnati; Samuel J. Tilden club of Cincinnati Thurman club of Columbus, Dudley Filley, marshal; Jackson club of Columbus, Capt. J. J. Kaiser, marshal; Citizens' Tally-ho club of Columbus, Hon. George Karb, marshal; Gavel Hall club of Dayton; Miami club of Hamilton; Cleveland club of Indianapolis, H. J. Armentrout, marshal; and the Possawatomie club of Council Bluffs, Iowa.

Among the novel and interesting features of the parade was a tally-ho coach party of prominent Columbus, Ohio, citizens. It was composed of the mayor of the city, Hon. George J. Karb, Judge Charles Shaffin, Edward Denmead, Ralph Lazarus, Hon. Samuel Kinnear, John Callender, Hon. Brice W. Custer, Sheriff James Ross, Frank W. Prentiss and L. F. Longstreet. The party had a tally-ho of the latest and most approved pattern, with horses and trappings in keeping, and the attention and admiration it excited guarantee its popularity in future inaugural parades.



The Inaugural Address.



President Grover Cleveland.



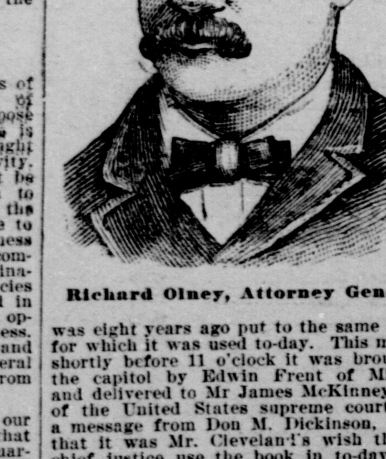
Vice President Adlai E. Stevenson.



After a Handshake With the President.



Arrival of a Tammany Delegation.



Richard Olney, Attorney General.

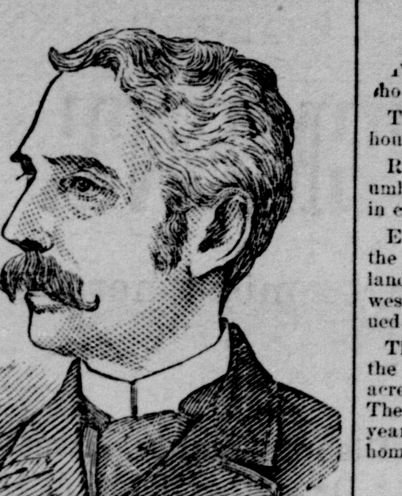


The Inaugural Ball.

'LIGE'S SUCCESSOR.

Private Secretary Thurber Takes the Oath of Office.

During the afternoon Private Secretary Thurber took the oath of office in the room lately occupied by President Harrison and formerly occupied by Private Secretary Lamont. The oath was administered by Col. Crook, the disbursing officer of the White House, who has performed the same office for all private secretaries from the administration of President Grant to the present time. There was present as witness only Mr. Dickinson. Mr. Thurber in taking the oath followed the example of Mr. Cleveland and used the Bible given to him by his mother when he left home years ago, on the fly leaf of which she had written after his name the Master's injunction: "Search the Scriptures, for in them ye think ye have eternal life."



Henry T. Thurber.



In the East Room.

INAUGURATION DAY.

A Movement to Have It Occur Later in the Spring.

The inclemency of the weather to-day is likely to add to the popularity of the propositions of Congressman Springer and others to change the date of the presidential inauguration to a later period in the spring. The Iroquois club of Chicago, which was only one of the many crack political organizations which shivered for hours in the icy winds today, held a meeting this afternoon and unanimously adopted the following resolutions:

"Whereas, the inclement weather of this present March 4, 1893, has demonstrated that so early a period of the year is unsuitable for the manifestation of the respect felt by the American people for their chief magistrate upon the occasion of his induction to the great office of president of the United States; therefore,

Resolved, by the Iroquois club of the city of Chicago, that the congress of the United States be respectfully memorialized to take such steps as will provide that the inauguration of all presidents elected by the people after this date shall take place at such date during the month of May as in their wisdom may be deemed best."

It is announced to-night that it is the intention of the Iroquois club to communicate with all the other political organizations of the country, of both parties, and endeavor to secure unity of action in the demand for this reform.

The Usual Thing.

Washington, March 4.—In the house today the usual resolution of thanks to the speaker was offered by Mr. Reed with a complimentary speech and adopted. Speaker Crisp replied in a felicitous manner, and when the hands of the clock pointed to the hour of noon, although a chronometer might have challenged the correctness of the time, declared the house adjourned sine die.

Had No Defense.

Brown—Got into a bad scrape last evening. My wife found a letter in my pocket from a woman. How she did rave!

Bagley—From a woman? Brown you're a sorry dog!

Brown—The woman in this case, however, was Mrs. B. It was a letter she gave me to mail a week ago.—Boston Evening Transcript.

Mr. Gladstone's determination not to appoint a poet-laureate will react through England's army of rhymesters, and drive some desperate verse-slingers into the arms of the combine which supplies rythmic advertisements for new brands of soap and cigarettes.

THE WEEKLY NEWS DIGEST

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

The Latest and Most Important News of the World, Culled From the Telegraph Reports of the Press Associations.

The Capital.

The debt statement for February shows an increase of $615,709.

The whisky trust investigation by the house committee has been finished.

Russia will be represented at the Columbus naval display by three vessels in command of a vice admiral.

Earl B. Coe has won his suit against the government for title to the Algodone land grant of 60,000 acres in Southwestern Arizona. The property is valued at $12,000,000.

The suit of D. H. Williams to recover the old Spanish land grant of 48,000 acres in Texas has been discontinued. The case has been in the courts twenty years. Two thousand settlers have homes on the grant.

Casualty.

Five buildings burned at Lehigh, Iowa, with a loss of $10,000.

A naphtha launch capsized at Sansalito, Cal., and Fred Lee and another man were drowned.

Four oyster boats were wrecked in Tangier sound, Chesapeake bay, and seven oyster men were drowned.

Samuel Price, a railroad employe, was so badly frozen near Pittsburg that his hands and feet were amputated.

Andrew Peterson of Negaunee, Mich., was killed by falling rock in the Cincinnati mine, Mesaba, range, Minn.

Eugene Frost and A. R. Church went duck hunting in the Alviso marsh, thirty miles from San Francisco, and did not return. It is believed they have perished.

The business portion of the town of Goldthwaite, Tex., embracing thirty business houses and seven residences, were burned. Loss, $100,000; insurance, $38,000.

The British schooner Cricket, bound from New York for St. John, coal laden, and the schooner Parnell O'Hara, a fishing boat, were stranded near Race Point, Mass. The crews of both vessels were rescued.

Fire destroyed an entire block of twenty houses, stores and dwellings at Pacahontas, Va. The lodge rooms of the Red Men, Knights of Pythias and Royal Arcanum, together with their contents, were also burned. Loss, $100,000; partially insured.

A volunteer life-saving crew of five men—Capt. Timothy Aken, Isaiah Taylor, Hiram Jackson, William Brightman and Frederick Aken—were drowned off Cuttyhunk, Mass., in attempting to rescue the crew of a vessel on the Sow and Pigs reef.

Dominick Torpey, an engineer on the Pennsylvania railroad, was taking a freight train to New York, and when near Frankfort, Pa., he saw four children break through the ice on a pond. Torpey whistled down brakes, leaped from the locomotive, and saved the lives of the children.

At Chicago, while a gang of men were working on the construction of the Alley elevated road, a section of the trestle gave way, throwing the derrick, construction engine and engine shanty to the ground. J. E. McGuire and J. Mullen were seriously injured, and six men who were in the shanty had narrow escapes. The trestle had not been sufficiently braced.

Capt. Townsend, formerly an officer in the regular army and a graduate of West Point, was burned alive in a little shack at Kalispell, Mont. The case is surrounded in mystery, which the coroner's jury is now trying to unravel. When the fire was first discovered Townsend could be seen lying on a bed inside, but seemed helpless, and was beyond the power of man to save him, as the little structure was a mass of flames.

People in Print.

Henry George is a candidate for the Manchester, Eng., consulship.

Archbishop Kenrick of St. Louis is improving in health.

F. O. French, president of the Manhattan Trust company of New York, died at Tuxedo.

Col. Frederick Rain, for fifty years a leading German newspaper man of Baltimore, Md., is dead.

A new county in the pine country of Northern Wisconsin has been named for Senator Vilas.

American Consul General J. C. New will leave the consulate at London May 15.

President Harrison accepts a professorship in the Leland Stanford university, where he will lecture on constitutional law.

It was at dinner, and some one asked that charming egotist Edward Everett Hale why Boston was called the Hub "Boston is the Hub," answered Mr. Hale, "because out of it go spokesmen of the wheel of mankind who never tire of doing good."

The late Dr. Norvin Green did not leave a will. His estate will be settled as the law provides in such cases. His widow has qualified as executrix. It is reported that Dr. Green left a fortune of about $750,000.

Bernhardt seems to have taken Italy by storm. At Rome she attended a gathering in honor of Goldoni, the dramatist, and entered the hall on the arm of the minister of public instruction.

Mr. Gladstone claims direct descent from Henry III., king of England, and from Robert Bruce, king of Scotland. It is thought that the reason why he has invariably refused any title or peerage is because of his knowledge of his royal descent from the kings of both England and Scotland.

Sinful Doings.

Robert P. Howley of Springfield, Ill., committed suicide by taking morphine.

Three persons escaped from the Saginaw, Mich., jail by sawing the window bars.

Michael Flynn committed suicide at Lima, Ohio, by throwing himself in front of a Pennsylvania railroad engine.

The jury in the trial at Evansville, Ind., of C. E. Johnson for the murder of Jacob App disagreed.

A Great Falls (Mont.) man follows his eloping wife and her paramour to Michigan and shoots the latter dead.

New York police raided a gambling Father Flaherty, a Mount Morris, N. Y., priest, is accused of embezzling $100,000 from the estate of Dr. G. A. Bartholick, of whose estate the priest was executor.

At Trenton, Tenn., Bud Garth became involved in a difficulty with two negroes and shot them both. One is dead and the other is dying.

Samuel J. F. Thayer, a well known architect of Boston, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head in his apartments. Mr. Thayer has been in ill health for some time.

At Columbia, S. C., John and Jasper Atkinson, white, were found guilty of the murder of J. H. Clamp, near Ridgeway, Jan. 28, and were sentenced to hang June 9.

The Missouri supreme court has rendered a decision directing that April 11 be set as the day for the execution at Kansas City of Thomas Smith, murderer of George Cameron, both colored.

Jeff Masten of Gainesville, Tex., made unpleasant remarks about Mrs. John Stewart. While her husband covered Masten with a gun the woman administered 100 lashes to her traducer.

house, and one of the inmates concealed himself on the water tank in the bath room. In pulling him out the officers wrecked the pipes and the building was flooded. The damage was $2,000.

Bauer and Knold, the anarchists convicted at Pittsburg of complicity in the attempted assassination of H. C. Frick by Bergman, are sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

A Chicago man having a dozen wives is under arrest in South Carolina.

A family of murderers similar to the infamous Benders of Kansas is arrested in Colorado.

The postoffice and store of John Ruckman at Helena was entered by burglars and two safes blown open and relieved of about $1,200. The burglars then set fire to the place and made their escape. The fire was discovered in time to prevent a conflagration.

Edward Baker and George Peterson are under arrest charged with securing $300,000 worth of goods on time and disposing of the stock for cash, failing to pay for the goods. They operated at New Orleans under the name of Baker, Peterson & Co.

The young and pretty wife of Commodore W. K. Mayo three times attempted suicide, and has been placed in an insane asylum. The commodore is thirty-three years older than his wife. They were married last December.

J. F. Gilbough, employed in the general offices of the Santa Fe railway at Galveston, Tex., shot and killed Dora Wasson, aged eighteen, and committed suicide. The girl had broken their engagement.

The Foreign Budget.

A battle occurred in the Congo state, where Europeans are in danger.

France has taken possession of the Island of Desolation, in the Indian ocean.

Emperor William of Germany presented the pope with a costly topaz ring.

M. Dumonteil, member of the French chamber of deputies, was wounded in a duel with M. Lissagaray, a Paris journalist.

Technical college, in Rio Janeiro, was burned to the ground.

Twenty-six anarchist were arrested in Rome while engaged in making bombs.

The accounts of the Panama Canal company show the total amount paid contractors to be over $92,500,000.

A Jewess in Russo-Poland, who had renounced her faith and married, was abducted by her parents and sent to America.

A motion made by Mr. Gladstone in the house of commons for the second reading of the home rule bill was carried by a majority of 42.

The people of Belgium vote in a referendum on the question of universal suffrage. The proposition is favored by a great majority, apparently.

The provincial government of Hawaii has ordered a large number of military uniforms from a Columbus, Ohio, firm. They will be similar to the fatigue uniform of the United States army.

The pope is greatly displeased by the abandonment of the American pilgrimage. He attributes the abandonment of the undertaking to the disputes between Archbishop Satolli and the American bishops, and has ordered an inquiry.

The Viscount D'Arnos, Brazilian minister to Great Britain, states that the agitation in the Brazilian province of Rio Grande do Sul is purely a local affair and carries no menace of serious consequence to the general peace of the Brazilian republic.

Sir Henry Meysey-Thompson, Liberal-Unionist member of parliament for North Handsworth, Staffordshire, moved in the house of commons recently that the British government should use its influence to bring about a reassembling of the international monetary conference, with the object of finding a remedy for the evils attendant upon the divergence of values between gold and silver. After much discussion the motion was rejected.

Sporting Scraps.

The Ryan-Dawson fight at New Orleans is declared off.

The various prize fighting clubs of San Francisco have declared prospective matches off and the fighters have ceased training. The California Athletic club has closed and will retire from business. All this is one of the results of the killing of Billy Miller by Dal Hawkins at the Pacific club.

Railroad World.

The earnings of the Burlington during the month of January were: Freight, $2,080,299.86, a decrease of $14,502.64 from the corresponding week last year; passenger, $614,103.32, an increase of $50,881.29 over the same week last year. the net earnings were $116,953.52, a decrease of $107,559.80 from the same week last year.

Labor.

All employes of the Santa Fe railway system will unite in a federation.

The Brewery Workers' union will leave the Federation of Labor and affiliate with the Knights of Labor.

The 200 employes of the Wabash, Ind., hat factory are on a strike for better treatment.

Telephone girls at Decatur, Ill., struck for an advance in wages from $20 to $40 per month.

General News.

The cattle census reveals a very large decrease in the number of stock cattle.

Princess Kaiulani arrives in America and issues an address to the people.

The battleship Indiana is successfully launched at Philadelphia.

Mrs. Sarah Hawn died at Oakland, Ill., aged 105 years.

The Incandescent Light and Power company of Norwalk, Ohio, failed. Liabilities, $50,000.

Dr. Huntington of New York is reported to have declined to permit the use of his name in connection with the vacant Massachusetts bishopric.

George B. Barslow, a Salem, Mass., butcher, has fallen heir to a fortune of $315,000 by the death of a cousin, Mrs. Abbie White of Santa Barbara, Cal.

In a suit in which the Milwaukee road is interested, Judge Thayer, of the United States district court in St. Louis, declares pooling contracts void.

The Kansas Populist representatives decide to obey the supreme court's decision and take their seats in the Republican house.

The Arizona assembly has passed a bill authorizing woman suffrage in the territory. It will pass the senate and receive the governor's signature.

A package consigned to the Tyler, Tex., National bank from W. L. Wells of Dallas, Tex., purporting to contain $6,000, when opened was found to contain only paper.

The Cofrode & Taylor company, operating the Reading roller mills, is in the hands of a receiver. The company, a Philadelphia concern, has a capital of $500,000.

New York printers protest against the appointment of C. E. Edwards of Wilmington, Del., as public printer. Edwards, they say, is an old and bitter opponent of organized labor.

A rare edition of Epistola Christofori Coloni, printed in Rome in 1493, was sold at Sotheby's auction in London for $1,575. This work is believed to have been the first printed account of the discovery of America.

Over $20,000 in cash, belonging to the Fagan brothers, who died alone and in filth in their home near Olney, Mich., last week, has been unearthed up to date. A certificate for the deposit of $7,500 on a Pontiac bank was found.

Emma Pataillard, known in the museum world as Aama, the French giantess, died at Des Moines, Iowa. She was sixteen years old and eight feet high. Her weight was 285 pounds. She died of consumption.

A convict war is again threatening to rent Tennessee. Gov. Turney has announced his intention of withdrawing the standing army. The miners held a meeting and decided by vote to liberate the 500 convicts in the valley and fire the stockades.

Suit has been brought by the State of Maryland against the State of West Virginia to recover the entire territory lying between the north and south branches of the Potomac river. Six large counties with a population of nearly 100,000 are involved.

John and Thomas Fagan, aged seventy-nine and eighty-one respectively, were found dead in their farm house near Holly, Mich. They had been dead nearly a week, and, although both were rich, died of lack of proper food and general exposure. The sum of $14,500 was found concealed in the house.

The Iron Trade Review says of the conditions of trade: The iron trade has jogged along in a featureless way for another week. Pig iron producers still wait for a turn that is apt to be a long time coming and that will not be a decided one. Demand in February has been considerably more active in general than it was in the first month of the year, but it is likely that furnace capacity will show some increase.

ELECTRICAL ETCHINGS.

Briefly Told.

Col. Kiefer of St. Paul will leave Washington for home to-night.

William Duff Hainey of South Dakota expects to be United States district attorney of his state.

Sarasate, the famous violinist, has thirty-two valuable watches which have been presented to him on different occasions.

Ex-Secretary Baird, it is believed in Delaware, will seek to return to the senate two years hence, when Mr. Higgins' term expires.

Judge Flandrau and M. Tuohy of St. Paul are in Washington, probably looking to see what will turn up in the way of Minnesota appointments.

Mrs. Avery of Limona, Fla., has offered 160 acres of land and a cottage to be used as a home for orphans, under the direction of the W. C. T. U.

A. O. Whipple, receiver of the Devils Lake (N. D.) land office during the last Democratic administration, is in Washington canvassing the prospects.

Speaker Crisp is worn out and a little under the weather as a result of the strain attending the closing hours of congress. He will remain in Washington until about the 1st of April.

The civil marriage of Miss May McClellan, daughter of the late Gen. George B. McClellan, and Paul Desirez, attache to the French legation at Washington, took place in Paris Monday.

It is said of J. Sterling Morton, the new secretary of agriculture, that while he is in no sense of the word a dandy, "there is ever about him the atmosphere of the perfectly appareled man."

A private letter from Gen. Rosecranz, register of the treasury, now in California, states that his health has improved very much of late. He says that he does not contemplate resigning.

The senate has given permission to Thomas Adamson, United States consul at Panama, to accept an honorary medal from China in recognition of his services to Chinese subjects in Panama.

Anthony N. Brady, the New York millionaire and street car railway and gas speculator, was born in Troy of poor parents. He is forty-eight years of age, and made the greater part of his fortune in the last five years.

N. W. Kin, the ex-detective, is in Chicago, and the report is that he is employed in furthering the election of Carter Harrison to the mayoralty. In the event of his election King, it is said, is slated for a position on the detective force of the Windy City.

When Myra Clark Gaines died; in 1887, her estate was worth $925,000. The contest that has since been going on over her will has used up $800,000 of it, and a fresh start was made in Brooklyn courts last week toward whittling down the balance.

Mrs. A. L. Brown, wife of Archibald L. Brown, and the eldest daughter of Chief Justice and Mrs. Melville E. Fuller, died at Chicago yesterday, after an illness of only two weeks. Chief Justice and Mrs. Fuller did not arrive from Washington in time to see their daughter alive.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO—WHEAT—No. 2 spring, 73¾ No. 3 spring, 59to66c. No. 2 red, 73½
CORN—No. 2 41¼to41½c.
OATS—No. 2 31c.; No. 3 white, 33to34½c.
RYE—No. 2, 52c½.
BARLEY—No. 2, 64c.
MINNEAPOLIS—WHEAT—No. 1 hard 69c. No. 1 Northern; 67c.; No. 2 Northern 66to67c.
CORN—No. 2 yellow, 40c.
OATS—No. 3 white, 30½to31c.
RYE—No. 2. 47½c.
BARLEY—No. 3, 35to45c.
ST. PAUL—WHEAT—No. 1 hard, 69to70; No. 1 Northern, 68to69c.; No. 2 Northern 65to66c.
CORN—No. 3, 37to38c.; No. 3 yellow 38to39c.
OATS—No. 2, 30½to31½c; No 2 white, 32to33½c.; No 3, 30½to31½c.
BARLEY AND RYE—No. 2 barley, 50 to 55; No. 2 rye, 46to47c. malt, 65to70c.
GROUND FEED AND MILLSTUFFS—No. 1, $15.50; to16.00. No 2, $16.00to16.50; No. 3 $16.50to$17.00; low grade, $12.00to13.00; corn meal, bolted, $20 to 22. do unbolted, $15 50 to $16.00; bran, bulk, $11 to $11.50. Shorts 12to12.50

LIVE STOCK.

ST. PAUL—Prime steers, $4.00 to 4.50; good steers, $3.50 to 4.00; prime cows, $3.00 to 3.85; good cows, $2.50 to 3.00; common cows, $1.50 to 2.50c; light veal calves $3.50 to 4.50; heavy calves, $2.50 to 3.50 stockers, $2.00 to 2.75; feeders, $2.50 to 3.25 bulls, $1.75 to 3.00.

Hogs—Strong market; opened 10c higher; all sold early, except late arrivals, and late sales were steady with the opening, although Eastern markets closed weak. Quality pretty fair for the bulk, a few loads being common and light mixed. Representative sales.

No.	Av.	Dkg.	Price.	No.	Av.	Dkg.	Price.
3	166	.....	$8 00	74	194	.....	$8 12½
28	197	80	8 05	64	228	40	8 15
49	234	80	8 10	17	188	80	8 15
24	235	.....	8 10	72	203	.....	8 15
8	262	80	8 10	72	219	160	8 15
27	214	.....	8 10	65	240	80	8 15
77	215	160	8 12½	34	222	80	8 15

For Habeas Corpus.

Washington, March 8.—The United States supreme court to-day granted the request made by the counsel for the three imprisoned Tillmanite sheriffs in South Carolina for leave to file petitions for writs of habeas corpus on their behalf and issued a rule returnable on the 27th inst., calling on Judge Simonton to show cause why they should not be released and set free from the judge's mandate confining for disobeying his order protecting the property of the Richmond & Danville and South Carolina Railroad companies from seizure for taxes alleged to be unlawful.

His Last Act Very Proper.

Washington, March 8.—Secretary Noble's last official act was the signing of a letter addressed to the commissioner of patents declining to approve the application of James H. Allen of Charleston, S. C., and William A. Henderson of Atlanta, Ga., the former for a design for a badge and the latter for a spoon, the feature in each of which is the Confederate flag. The secretary says he refused to sign such papers and he deems his action needs no support by argument or illustration.

Murdered for His Money.

Portland, Or., March 8.—John Lowell, an aged hermit and miser, living three miles south of Lebanon, who was known to have considerable money secreted in the house, was found murdered in bed yesterday morning. Everything in the house was torn to pieces, the walls being broken and floors torn up in search for money. It is not known what amount of money was obtained.

Killed by the Cars.

Minneapolis, Special Telegram, March 8.—Dennis Flaherty, a fifteen-year-old boy, living at 419 Third avenue north, was run over by a freight train in the Great Northern yards yesterday, and sustained injuries from which he died last evening. He was playing about the yard at the time, and as near as can be learned the accident was due to his own carelessness.

A Family Poisoned.

Camden, N. J., March 8.—The husband is dead, the wife lying at death's door and three children critically ill—the result of poison—is the sad state of affairs at No. 1067 Francis street. Henry T. Horner, with his wife Henrietta, aged forty-five years; Rudolph, aged seven years; Harry, aged three years; Harry Harris, a grandchild, and Thomas Horner, a young man, comprise the family. How they were poisoned is a mystery that the county physician and the coroner are investigating.

A Dividend Declared.

New York, March 8.—The Minnesota Iron company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent on the capital stock, payable April 1.

The Home Rule Bill Denounced.

New York, Special—The Irish Nationalists of New York met this evening at Cooper union to celebrate the 115th anniversary of the birth of Robert Emmet. The hall was crowded. Judge E. M. Shannon of New Rochelle, N. Y., presided, and an address was delivered by E. M. Shannon eulogizing the great Irishman. A resolution was adopted in which the Irish Nationalists renewed their faith in the Irish cause and denouncing the home rule bill.

Murder and Suicide.

Havana, N. Y. Special—George Cogswell, a wealthy farmer living near here, shot and instantly killed his invalid daughter to-day, and immediately afterwards hanged himself to a rafter in his barn. Loss of money is supposed to have unbalanced his mind.

A Cyclone in Mississippi.

New Orleans; Special—The Picayune's Meredian (Miss.) special says: At 6:10 p. m. a terrific cyclone struck Marion, Miss., a small station on the Mobile & Ohio railroad, five miles north of here. It is reported that the cyclone originated just south of Marion in a funnel-shaped cloud, with a bright red light, going northeast, passing through the village and unroofing and demolishing houses and throwing freight cars from the track. Several lives are reported lost.

Children Suffocated.

New York, Special—Five children were suffocated to-day in a rear room on the top floor of a tenement, No 194 Henry street. The names of the victims are Altman Bernstein, eleven years old; Rebecca Bernstein, ten years old; Hayman Bernstein, six years old; Fanny Rosin, seven years old; Rachel Bernstein, six months old. The children were alone in the room at the time, their parents having left a short time previous, locking the children in.

Forest Fires.

Austin, Tex., Special—Today at noon the forest six miles of this city caught fire and has been burning ever since. At 8 o'clock to-night, a norther having sprung up, some fears are entertained that the fire may spread toward the city. Much valuable property has been destroyed. No lives are reported lost.

A Custom House Shortage.

New York, Special—The officials of the custom house are very much exercised over a shortage which has been discovered in the cashier's department and which cannot as yet be accounted for. A clerk in the cashier's department said that the thefts would probably figure up to $18,000 to $20,000.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

A Great Mistake.

Newspaper Office Boy—Oh, there's been an awful time in the editorial room to-day.

Buiness Manager—Eh, what's the trouble?"

Office Boy—The hall porter made a mistake, and put the "No Admittance' sign at the subscription office, and the "Welcome" doormat in front of the editor's room.

Conjugal Amenities.

"There! I've lost another tooth!" said a lady to her lord and master.

"That tooth will be awfully glad at having ceased to occupy the same lodgings as your tongue!" was the gallant husband's rejoinder.—Dusseldorfer Zeitung.

Kismet.

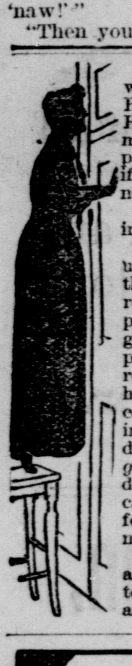
Jack—You look despondent. Did she refuse you?

George—Yes.

"But try again. A woman's 'no' sometimes means 'yes.'"

"But she didn't say 'no;' she said 'naw!'"

"Then your name is 'mud!'"—Truth.



IT'S A CURIOUS WOMAN who can't have confidence in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Here is a tonic for tired-out womanhood, a remedy for all its peculiar ills and ailments—and if it doesn't help you, there's nothing to pay.

What more can you ask for, in a medicine?

The "Prescription" will build up, strengthen, and invigorate the entire female system. It regulates and promotes all the proper functions, improves digestion, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and vigor. In "female complaints" of every kind and in all chronic weaknesses and derangements, it's the *only guaranteed* remedy. If it doesn't benefit or cure, in the case of every tired-out or suffering woman, she'll have her money back.

Nothing urged in its place by a dealer, though it may be better for him to *sell*, can be "just as good" for you to *buy*.

A Powerful Flesh Maker.

A process that kills the taste of cod-liver oil has done good service—but the process that both kills the taste and effects partial digestion has done much more.

Scott's Emulsion

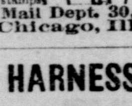
stands alone in the field of fat-foods. It is easy of assimilation because partly digested before taken.

Scott's Emulsion checks Consumption and all other wasting diseases.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, Chemists, New York. Sold by druggists everywhere.

COLDS.

Contrary to the prevalent opinion that colds and coughs are due entirely to the severity of the climate or to some unexpected change in the weather, they really arise in very many cases, from pure carelessness and want of thought. When you take cold, get a bottle of Reid's German Cough and Kidney cure and take it according to directions. It contains no poison. There is no danger from an overdose, but it will instantly relieve the worst case. If your druggist does not have it, send your address to the Sylvan Remedy company, Peoria, Ill., and get a trial bottle by mail free. Mention the name of this paper.



FAT FOLKS REDUCED From 15 to 25 lbs a month. Harmless treatment (by practicing physician). No starving. Thousands cured. Send 6c in stamps. O. W. F. SNYDER, M. D., Mail Dept. 30, McVicker's Theater, Chicago, Ill.

MEND YOUR OWN HARNESS WITH THOMSON'S SLOTTED CLINCH RIVETS.

No tools required. Only a hammer needed to drive and clinch them easily and quickly; leaving the clinch absolutely smooth. Requiring no hole to be made in the leather nor burr for the Rivets. They are STRONG, TOUGH and DURABLE. Millions now in use. All lengths, uniform or assorted, put up in boxes.

Ask your dealer for them, or send 40c. in stamps for a box of 100; assorted sizes.

MANUFACTURED BY JUDSON L. THOMSON MFG. CO., Waltham, Mass.

THE WHOLE FAMILY. A PICTURE ON EVERY PAGE. Hundreds of Valuable Prizes. Beautiful Premiums. Amusing Contests. 75 Cents a Year. Send 10 Cents for a 3 months' trial. RUSSELL PUBLISHING CO., 196 Summer St., Boston.

GROCERIES. Price List FREE.

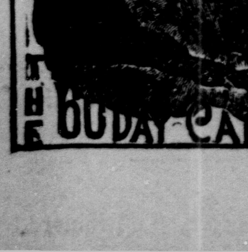
Anyone sending us the names and postoffice addresses of 17 farmers will receive free our Grocery Price List, which is published every two weeks. If you send 15 cents we will send you by express, express paid, our 575 page catalogue, which contains over 100,000 cuts and prices of everything needed. T. M. ROBERTS' SUPPLY HOUSE, Minneapolis, Minn.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

N. W. N. U. No 10.—1893

"WELL BRED, SOON WED." GIRLS WHO USE SAPOLIO ARE QUICKLY MARRIED. TRY IT IN YOUR NEXT HOUSE-CLEANING.



SALZER'S LIGHTNING—The 60 Day Cabbage.

This is absolutely the earliest cabbage in the world. Seed very scarce. Pkg., 15c.; ½ oz., 35c.; ¼ lb., $2, postpaid.

THE EARLIEST VEGETABLES

Will be in great demand this spring and will fetch big prices. To have the earliest, plant Salzer's seeds. 35 pkgs. Earliest Vegetable Novelties, $1, postpaid.

FOR 14c. (WITH CATALOGUE, 19c.)

To introduce our seeds everywhere, we send, postpaid, upon receipt of 14c.:

1 package Six Weeks' Radish, 10c.
1 " Silver State Lettuce, 15c.
1 " Giant Prolific Tomato, 20c.
1 " Long Giant Cucumber, 10c.
5 " Brilliant Flower Seeds, 35c.

In all 9 Packages, listed nowhere under 90c. ALL FOR 14c.

SALZER'S SEED CATALOGUE the finest published. Costs us over $50,000! It is gladly mailed upon receipt of 8c. postage.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis.

THE 60 DAY CABBAGE

The Spanish government has ordered the inspection, quarantining and fumigation of persons and goods coming over the frontier from France.

"None better." Mr. Thomas Buckley writing from the Iron Works, Elm St., Troy, N. Y., says: "Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is one of the finest cough syrups for colds. None better. I always use it."

C. M. Stetson, a resident of Janesville, was injured in a railway wreck at Bath, Colo. He will recover.

The greatest of liniments! Mrs. E. M. Devilbiss, Triadelphia, Md., writes: "I use Salvation Oil for sore throat, rheumatism, etc., and find it is one of the best liniments out."

While a pleasant wedding party was crossing the Dnieper, near Ekaterinoslav, Russia, the ice broke, and two sledges with ten persons dissapeared under water. All were swept under the ice and were drowned.

Cleanliness, exercise and diet are the cardinal virtues of good health. Take care of the first two and if you know what and how to eat you need never be ill. It is claimed that Garfield Tea, a simple herb remedy, overcomes the results of wrong living.

Fortune Telling.

She—What is the science of palmistry I hear so much about?

He—The art of telling fortunes by the hand.

She—Can you tell my fortune by my hand.

He—No; but if I had your hand I could tell my own fortune.—Vogue.

A slight cold, if neglected, often attacks the lungs. Brown's Bronchial Troches give sure and immediate relief Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cents.

The funeral of N. N. Stevens at Beloit was conducted by the Salvation Army at that place.

Eugene Blood of Northfield shot himself dead. The affair was caused by the fact that the young lady to whom he was engaged was ill and not expected to live.

Life Is Worth Living.

Trying as its vicissitudes are, by those unvexed by chronic disease. Mainly because Hostetter's Stomach Bitters fortifies the system against disease by promoting a vigorous performance of the functions of the system, it possesses a wide, general utility. It promotes strength through improved digestion. This is the first, the most essential step. Subsequently the Bitters insure regularity of the bowels, liver and kidneys. Malaria, rheumatism and nervous trouble yield to it.

A lunatic named Secor escaped from his attendants at Reno, and was found frozen to death near that place.

AN ANNUAL EVENT.

The St. Paul Weekly Pioneer Press has just made its annual Seed Premium offers. For about the regular price of the paper alone they offer a year's subscription and nearly two dollars worth of flower and vegetable seeds. All seeds are furnished by May & Co., the leading Northern growers.

Offer No. 1. Ladies' Collection.—$1.10 for the Weekly Pioneer Press one year and 14 packages of flower seeds, postpaid. Pansy, Sweet Peas, Asters, etc. All popular varieties.

Offer No. 2. Vegetable Garden.—$1.20 for the Weekly Pioneer Press one year and 20 packages of vegetable seeds, postpaid. Every variety you plant. You will pay $1.25 for the same seeds at retail. Why not get the paper for nothing?

Offer No. 3. Novelty Package.—$1.30 for the Weekly Pioneer Press one year and 16 packages of the very latest and rarest novelties in flower and vegetable seeds. These are very choice, and are new this season. These seeds retail for $2.05.

Offer No. 4. Surprise Packet.—$1.10 for the Weekly Pioneer Press one year and 15 packets of choice standard flower and vegetable seeds. Regular retail price of seeds, $1.50.

All seeds offered are fresh and tested in this climate. Orders filled by return mail. Send postal for sample copy giving full particulars.

PIONEER PRESS CO., St. Paul, Minn.

John Schnoor was given thirty days in the county jail at Oshkosh for an alleged assault upon John Boyd.

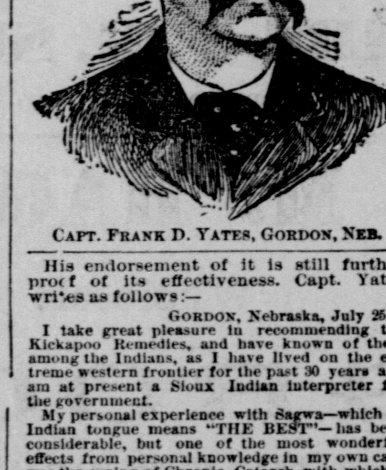
Proof From The Plains.

Story of a Government Scout and Interpreter.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, a Valuable Remedy Known to the Indians for Years and Highly Prized.

Many of our readers have probably heard of Capt. Frank D. Yates, whose exploits on the frontier have given him a national reputation.

The testimony of such a man who has lived among the red men is incontrovertible evidence of the absolute genuineness of this remedy, and its repute among that race whose noble health—whatever may have been their faults—has always been famous.



CAPT. FRANK D. YATES, GORDON, NEB.

His endorsement of it is still further proof of its effectiveness. Capt. Yates writes as follows:—

GORDON, Nebraska, July 25.

I take great pleasure in recommending the Kickapoo Remedies, and have known of them among the Indians, as I have lived on the extreme western frontier for the past 30 years and am at present a Sioux Indian interpreter for the government.

My personal experience with Sagwa—which in Indian tongue means "THE BEST"—has been considerable, but one of the most wonderful effects from personal knowledge in my own case was the curing of Chronic Catarrh with which I became afflicted, owing to the great altitude of the country in which I had been living.

It did not at first occur to me to take Kickapoo Indian Sagwa for this trouble; and it was not until I had visited the Hot Springs, and I failed to obtain relief, and the disease had become so very alarming that I was afraid it would get the best of me and develope into consumption that I concluded to take Sagwa. I got one bottle of it and a bottle of Indian Oil. The effect was so marked that I immediately ordered twelve bottles of each, and now bless the day that the thought occurred to me, for I am entirely cured of that most disagreeable and distressing of all diseases.

I am satisfied I was cured owing to the perfect manner in which "Sagwa" purifies the blood; and I claim that Sagwa, taken in connection with Indian Oil, will positively cure the worst cases of catarrh ever known; and so far as the use of Kickapoo Indian Remedies as general family medicines are concerned, there is nothing on earth which can equal them.

FRANK D. YATES, Indian Interpreter.

KICKAPOO INDIAN SAGWA. $1.00 a bottle, 6 for $5.00. Sold by all Druggists.

THE STORY TELLER



A PERILOUS JOURNEY.

What should be "to-night?" Some foul play of which the count would be the victim, no doubt. But how? when? That must be solved. To wait. It is always best to wait; I had learned this lesson already.

I waited. It was now rather more than half-past eight, and I had risen to go to the door when I saw the guard returning to the wine shop with a man whose dress indicated the stoker.

"Come in, Guido; come in," said the guard; "and drink with me."

The man came in, and I was again absorbed in my book.

They seated themselves at the same table as before, and drank silently for awhile; presently the guard began a conversation in some patois I could not understand; but I could see the stoker grow more and more interested as the name of Beatrix occurred more frequently.

As the talk went on, the stoker seemed pressing the guard on some part of the story with a most vindictive eagerness, repeatedly asking, "His name? The accursed! His name?"

At last the guard answered, "The Count Spezzato."

"The Count Spezzato!" said the stoker, now leaving the table, and speaking in Italian.

"Yes, good Guido; the man who will travel in the train we take to-night to Leghorn."

"He shall die! The accursed. He shall die to-night!" said the stoker. "If I lose my life, the betrayer of my sister shall die!"

The guard, returning to the unknown tongue, seemed to be endeavoring to calm him; and I could only catch a repetition of the word "Empoli" at intervals. Presently the stoker took from the seats beside him two tin bottles, such as you may see in the hands of mechanics who dine out; and I could see that one of them had rudely scratched on it the name "William Atkinson." I fancied the guard produced from his pocket a phial, and poured the contents into that bottle; but the action was so rapid, and the corner so dark, that I could not be positive; then rising, they stopped at the counter, had both bottles filled with brandy, and went out.

It was now time to get to the station; and, having paid my modest score, I went out.

A little in front of me, by the light from a small window, I saw these two cross themselves, grip each other's hands across right to right, left to left, and part.

The stoker had set down the bottles, and now taking them up followed the guard at a slower pace.

Arrived at the station, I found the count, his mother, a female servant, and the courier.

The count came up to me, and said, in broken English, "You are the English to go to Leghorn with me? Very well, there is room. I like the English. You shall pay nothing, because I do not sell tickets; you shall go free. Is that so?"

I thanked him in the best Italian I could muster.

"Do not speak your Italian to me; I speak the English as a native; I can know all you shall say to me in your own tongue. See, here is the train special, as you call it. Enter, as it shall please you."

The train drew up to the platform; and I saw that the stoker was at his post, and that the engine-driver was an Englishman.

I endeavored in vain to draw his attention to warn him, and was compelled to take my seat, which I did in the compartment next the guard's break—the train consisting of only that carriage and another, in which were the count, his mother and the servant.

The guard passed along the train, locked the doors, and entered his box.

"The Florence goods is behind you, and the Sienna goods is due at Empoli Junction four minutes before you; mind you don't run into it," said the station-master, with a laugh.

"No fear; we shall not run into it," said the guard, with a marked emphasis on the "we" and "it" that I recalled afterward.

The whistle sounded, and we were off. It was a drizzling dark night; and I lay down full length on the seat to sleep.

As I lay down a gleam of light shot across the carriage from a small chink in the wood-work of the partition between the compartment I was in and the guard's box.

I was terribly anxious from the manner of the guard; and this seemed to be a means of hearing something more, I lay down and listened attentively.

"How much will you give for your life, my little fox?" said the guard.

"To-day, very little; when I am sixty, all I have, Conrad."

"But you might give something for it, to-night, sweet Alexis, if you knew it was in danger?"

"I have no fear; Conrad Ferrate has too often conducted a train for me to fear to-night."

"True, my good Alexis; but this is the last train he will ride with as guard, for to-morrow he will be the Count Spezzato."

"How? To-morrow? You joke, Conrad. The brandy was strong; but you who have drunk so much could hardly feel that."

"I neither joke, nor am I drunk; yet I shall be Count Spezzato to-morrow, good Alexis. Look you, my gentle fox, my sweet fox; if you do not buy your life of me, you shall die to-night. That is simple, sweet fox."

"Ay; but, Conrad, I am not in danger."

"Nay, Alexis; see, here is the door" (I heard him turn the handle). "If you lean against the door, you will fall out and be killed. Is it not simple?"

"But, good Conrad, I shall not lean against the door."

"Oh, my sweet fox, my cunning fox, my timid fox, but not my strong fox; you will lean against the door. I know you will, unless I prevent you, unless you give me all you have in that bag."

The mocking tone of the guard seemed well understood, for I heard the click of gold.

"Good, my Alexis; it is good; but it is very little for a life. Come, what is your life worth, that you buy it with only your master's money? It has cost you nothing. I see you will lean against that door, which is so foolish."

"What, in the name of all the devils in hell, will you have?" said the trembling voice of the courier.

"Only a little more; just that belt that is under your shirt, unde everything, next to your skin, and dearer to you; only a little soft leather belt with pouches in. Is not life worth a leather belt?"

"Wretch! All the earnings of my life are in that belt, and you know it."

"Is it possible, sweet fox, that I have found your nest? I shall give Marie a necklace of diamonds, then. Why do you wait? Why should you fall from a train, and make a piece of news for the papers? Why?"

"Take it; and be accursed in your life and death!" and I heard the belt flung on the floor of the carriage.

"Now, good Alexis, I am in funds; there are three pieces of gold for you; you will need them at Leghorn. Will you drink? No? Then I will tell you why without drink. Do you know where we are?"

"Yes; between St. Dominico and Signa."

"And do you know where we are going?"

"Yes; to Leghorn."

"No, sweet Alexis, we are not; we are going to Empoli; the train will go no further. Look you, little fox; we shall arrive at the junction one minute before the Sienna goods train, and there the engine will break down just where the rails cross; for two blows of a hammer will convert an engine into a log; I shall get out to examine it; that will take a little time; I shall explain to the count the nature of the injury; that will take a little time; and then the goods train will have arrived; and as it does not stop there, this train will go no further than Empoli, and I shall be Count Spezzato to-morrow. How do you like my little scheme, little fox? Is it not worthy of your pupil? Oh, it will be a beautiful accident; it will fill the papers. That beast of an Englishman who begged his place in the train will be fortunate; he will cease, for goods trains are heavy. Eh! but it's a grand scheme—the son, the mother, the servant, the stranger, the engine driver, all shall tell no tales."

"And the stoker?" said the courier.

"Oh, you and he and I shall escape. We shall be pointed at in the street as the fortunate. It is good, is it not, Alexis, my fox? I have told him that the count is the man who betrayed his sister. He believes it, and is my creature. But, little fox, it was not my cousin, it was myself, that took his Beatrix from her home. Is it not good, Alexis? Is it not genius? And Atkinson—he, the driver—is now stupid; he has drunk from his can the poppy juice that will make him sleep forever. I will be a politician. I am worthy of office. I will become the minister of a Bourbon when I am count, my dear fox, and you shall be my comrade again, as of old."

I was for a time lost to every sensation save that of hearing. The fiendish garrulity of the man had all the fascination of the serpent's rattle. I felt helplessly resigned to a certain fate.

I was aroused by something white slowly passing the closed window of the carriage. I waited a little, then gently opened it and looked out. The stoker was crawling along the footboard of the next carriage, holding on by its handles, so as not to be seen by the occupants, and holding the signal lantern that I had noticed at the back of the last carriage in his hand. The meaning of it struck me in a moment; if by any chance we missed the goods train from Sienna, we should be run into from behind by the train from Florence.

The cold air that blew in at the open window refreshed me, and I could think what was to be done. The train was increasing its pace rapidly. Evidently the stoker, in sole charge, was striving to reach Empoli before the other train, which we should follow, was due; he had to make five minutes in a journey of forty-five, and at the rate we were going, we should do it. We stopped nowhere, and the journey was more than half over. We were now between Segua and Montelupo; another twenty minutes I should be a bruised corpse. Something must be done.

I decided soon. Unfastening my bag, I took out my revolver, without which I never travel, and looking carefully to the loading and capping, fastened it to my waist with a handkerchief. I then cut with my knife the bar across the middle of the window, and carefully looked out. I could see nothing; the rain was falling fast, and the night as dark as ever. I cautiously put out first one leg and then the other, keeping my knees and toes close to the door, and lowered myself till I felt the step. I walked carefully along the foot-board by the side steps, holding on to the handles of the doors, till I came to the end of the carriages, and was next the tender. Here was a gulf that seemed impassable. The stoker must have passed over it; why not I? Mounting from the foot-board on to the buffer, and holding on to the iron hook on which the lamps are hung, I stretched my legs to reach the flat part of the buffer on the tender. My legs swung about with the vibration, and touched nothing. I must spring. I had to hold with both hands behind my back, and stood on the case of the buffer-spring, and, suddenly leaving go, leaped forward, struck violently against the edge of the tender, and grasped some of the loose lumps of coal on the top. Another struggle brought me on my knees, bruised and bleeding on the top. I stood up, and at that moment the stoker opened the door of the furnace, and turned toward me, shovel in hand, to put in the coals. The bright red light from the fire enabled him to see me, while it blinded me. He rushed at me, and then began a struggle that I shall remember to my dyng day.

He grasped me round the throat with one arm, dragging me close to his breast, and with the other kept shortening the shovel for an effective blow. My hands, numbed and bruised, were almost helpless to me, and for some seconds we reeled to and fro on the foot-plate in the blinding glare. At last he got me against the front of the engine, and, with horrible ingenuity, pressed me against it till the lower part of my clothes were burnt to a cinder. The heat, however, restored my hands, and at last I managed to push him far enough from my body to loosen my pistol. I did not want to kill him, but I could not be very careful, and I fired at his shoulder from the back. He dropped the shovel, the arm that had nearly throttled me relaxed, and he fell. I pushed him into a corner of the tender, and sat down to rcover myself.

My object was to get to Empoli before the Sienna goods train, for I knew nothing of what might be behind me. It was too late to stop, but I might, by shortening the journey seven minutes instead of five, get to Empoli three minutes before the goods train was due.

I had never been on an engine before in my life, but I knew that there must be a valve somewhere that let the steam from the boiler into the cylinders, and that, being important, it would be in a conspicuous position. I therefore turned the large handle in front of me, and had the satisfaction of finding the speed rapidly increased, and at the same time felt the guard putting on the brake to retard the train. Spite of this, in ten minutes I could not tell where, and I still pressed on faster and faster.

In vain, between the intervals of putting on coals, did I try to arouse the sleeping driver. There I was, with two apparently dead bodies, on the foot-plate of an engine going at the rate of forty miles an hour or more, amidst a thundering noise and vibration that nearly maddened me.

At last we reached the lights, and I saw, as we dashed by, that we had passed the dread point.

As I turned back I could see the rapidly-dropping cinders from the train which, had the guard's brake been sufficiently powerful to have made me thirty seconds later, would have utterly destroyed me.

I was still in a difficult position. There was the train half a minute behind us, which, had we kept our time, would have been four minutes in front of us. I came on to the same rails, and I could hear its dull rumble rushing on toward us fast. If I stopped there was no light to warn them. I must go on, for the Sienna train did not stop at Empoli.

I put on more fuel, and after some slight scalding from turning on the wrong taps, had the pleasure of seeing the water-gauge filling up. Still I could not go on long; the risk was awful. I tried in vain to write on a leaf of my note-book, and after searching in the tool-box, wrote on the iron lid of the tank with a piece of chalk, "Stop everything behind me. The train will not be stopped till three red lights are ranged in a line on the ground. Telegraph forward." And then, as we flew through the Empoli station, I threw it on the platform. On we went; the same dull thunder behind warning me that I dare not stop.

We passed through another station at full speed, and at length I saw the white lights of another station in the distance. The sound behind had almost ceased, and in a few moments more I saw the line of three red lamps low down on the ground. I pulled back the handle, and after an ineffectual effort to pull up at the station, brought up the train about a hundred yards beyond Ponteder.a

The porters and police of the station came up and put the train back, and then came the explanation.

The guard had been found dead on the rails, just beyond Empoli, and the telegraph set to work to stop the train. He must have found out the failure of his scheme, and in trying to reach the engine, have fallen on the rails.

The driver was only stupefied, and the stoker fortunately only dangerously, not fatally, wounded.

Another driver was found, and the train was to go on.

The count had listened most attentively to my statements, and then, taking my grimed hand in his, led me to his mother.

"Madam, my mother, you have from this day one other son; this, my mother, is my brother."

The countess literally fell on my neck and kissed me in the sight of them all; and speaking in Italian said—

"Julian, he is my son; he has saved my life; and more, he has saved your life. My son, I will not say much; what is your name?"

"Guy Westwood."

"Guy, my child, my son, I am your mother; you shall love me."

"Yes, my mother: he is my brother, I am his. He is English, too; I like English. He has done well. Blanche shall be his sister."

During the whole of this time both mother and son were embracing me and kissing my cheeks after the impulsive manner of their passionate natures, the indulgence of which appears so strange to our cold blood.

The train was delayed, for my wounds and bruises to be dressed, and I then entered their carriage and went to Leghorn with them.

Arrived there, I was about to say "Farewell."

"What farewell, now? No; you must see Blanche, your sister. You will sleep to my hotel; I shall not let you go. Who is she that in your great book says, 'Where you go, I will go?' That is my spirit. You must not leave me till—till you are as happy as I am."

He kept me, introduced me to Blanche, and persuaded me to write for leave to stay another two months, when he would return to England with me. Little by little he made me talk about Alice, till he knew all my story.

"Ah! that is it; you shall be unhappy because you want £500 every year, and I have not so much as that. I am a patriot to get rid of my money. So it is that you will not take money. You have saved my life, and—you will not take money; but I shall hake you take money, my friend, English Guy; you shall have as thus." And he handed me my appointment as secretary to one of the largest railways in Italy. "Now you shall take money; now you will not go to your fogland to work like a slave; you shall take the money. That is not all. I am one of the practice patriots—no, the practical patriots—of Italy. They come to me with their conspiracies to join, their secret societies to adhere to, but I do not. I am director of ever so many railways; I make fresh directions every day. I say to those who talk to me of politics, 'How many shares will you take in this or in that?' I am printer of books; I am builder of museums; I have great share in docks, and I say to these, 'It is this that I am doing that is wanted.' This is not conspiracy; it is not plot; it is not society with ribbons; but it is what Italy, my country wants. I grow poor; Italy grows rich. I am not wise in these things; they cheat me, because I am an enthusiast. Now, Guy, my brother, you are wise; you are deep; long in the head; in short, you are English! You shall be my guardian in these things—you shall save me from the cheat, and you shall work hard as you like for all the money you shall take of me. Come, my Guy, is it so?"

Need I say that it was so. The count and his Blanche made their honeymoon tour to England. They spent Christmas day with Alice and myself at Mr. Morton's, and when they left, Alice and I left with them for our new home in Florence.

THE END.

HOW TO BECOME A SOCIAL POWER.

Second the Efforts of Your Hostess and Make Yourself Agreeable.

The private theatrical or musicale often proves the open door to pleasant circles. The busy, worried matron who is superintending the affair will always have a kindly feeling for the girl who, instead of consulting her own preferences, without regard for the general good, enters heartily into the part assigned to her, and is more anxious to do good work than to display her own accomplishments.

It may be hard to wear the unbecoming wig and to disguise the cultured accent with brogue or dialect, but the unselfish spirit that prompted the assuming of an undesirable role will make her, if not the star of the programme, a favorite with those behind the scenes. The demand for her services will increase and advancement will come, for willingness to lose sight of self and fidelity to one's hostess are the handmaidens of success.

Second the efforts of your hostess instead of making demands upon her, writes Helen Jay in the Ladies' Home Journal. Help her to entertain her other guests, and in time your presence will be considered one of the essentials of a successful social event. Never appear bored. Nothing is so gratifying as the sight of a happy, animated guest. There is such a thing as cultivating a spirit so truly sweet that it calls out the best in others, and so always finds something to enjoy. In brief, by being more anxious to entertain than to be entertained, you will find your way to the front and become a social power and a delight to all who may meet you.

A Happy Remark.

Things happen sometimes which, all alone by themselves, would have paid us for living in the world. Yesterday Bettina and her papa were sitting together alone in a room. Bettina was discoursing upon something, no matter what, which led her father to say to her—

"But, my dear, there are no perfect people in the world."

"Oh, yes," she said. "I think there must be, for I know one who is."

"And who is that?"

"You!"

"Oh, oh! Your papa is very far from being perfect, my dear."

He said it so positively that she had to accept the statement as true. But she said quickly:

"Well, papa, you're perfect to me, anyway!"—Boston Transcript.

33rd Degree InSpelling Bees

"Dacryocystosyringokatakleisis" is a real word. It appears to be used in surgical circles, although it is doubted whether it is familiar. It is in the new medical cyclopedia published by the Appletons, which is in the possession of many of our physicians and surgeons. The word rests upon the following Greek words, as well as we can express them in the absence of the Greek type: Dakrer, a tear; Kustis, a sack; surigx (surinx) a fistula, and kataleisis, closure. It means an operation proposed by Dioffenbach for the healing of lacrymal fistulae (of the eye). It consisted in paring the edges of the fistula, dissecting up the skin around the opening and uniting the lips of the wound by sutures, assisting the sliding of the skin flaps by lateral incisions through the skin. The cyclopedia adds that the name and the operation are not obsolete, a fact which should make mankind happier.—Brooklyn Eagle.

She Complimented the Baby.

One of an admiring group around a certain conscientious woman of boundless tact recently asked her what she found truthfully to say when adoring parents exhibited unpromising infants or their pictures. The tactful woman smiled with justifiable pride at the score of anxious feminine faces turned toward her: "I always exclaim ardently, 'Well, that is a baby,' and," with dancing eyes, "it is, you know."—New York Times.

A glass factory in Liverpool has "glass journal boxes for all its machinery, a glass floor, glass shingles on the roof and a smokestack 105 feet high built wholly of glass bricks, each a foot spuare."

MINNESOTA LAWMAKERS

DOINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE DAY BY DAY.

Routine Report of the Proceedings of Both Branches of the Minnesota Legislature During the Past Week.

MONDAY, FEB. 27.

Senate.

The following bills were introduced: To amend the game and fish laws. Referred to the committee on game and fish; relating to changing the boundaries of independent school districts. Referred to committee on education; relating to fees in civil cases. To committee on judiciary; to validate the execution of deeds and mortgages in certain cases. To committee on judiciary; providing for a state land commission to inspect the state capitol lands in Kandiyohi county. Referred to the committee on public lands; relating to trust deeds. Rules were suspended and bill was placed on general orders; an act to amend the statutes relative to new trials.

House.

The following bills were introduced: Making a liquor license personal property and allowing it to be mortgaged and subject to attachment; to provide for the transference of moneys collected from insurance companies from the state treasury to municipalities to be used in support of the fire depratment; placing building and loan associations under the direct supervision of the public examiner; relating to actions involving the validity of assessments against railroad companies; authorizing county commissioners to appropriate money for building and repair of roads in adjoining counties; to provide for public watering places outside of incorporated villages and cities; allowing aliens to own real estate in Minnesota; providing for the government of express companies, declaring them common carriers and bringing them under jurisdiction of the railroad and warehouse commissioners; making a time check a lien on logs or lumber after it has been sold;

TUESDAY, FEB. 28.

Senate.

A motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill providing for a verdict by five-sixths of a jury in civil actions was lost, was carried and the bill placed on the calendar.

The vote by which Senator Davis' fire insurance bill was lost, was reconsidered and the bill placed on the calendar.

There were no bills introduced and few committee reports in the senate today.

The following house bills were passed: Legalizing town hall bonds in certain cases; relating to the admission of evidence in certain cases; to provide for the incorporation of clearing house associations; legalizing certificates of sale; relating to the rights of citizenship of employes; memorializing congress for a law providing for the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people.

House.

The following bills were introduced and referred to the proper committees: To appropriate $600 for the purpose of draining lands and building roads in Meeker county;

To amend section 29, chapter 4, Laws of 1891, to regulate elections; to transfer the school text book fund to the current school fund; to appropriate $1,000 for a bridge in Stearns county; to appropriate $2,000 for a bridge between Morrison and Cass counties; to appropriate $1,000 for a bridge at Brainerd; relating to salaries of firemen in cities of over $50,000; prescribing the methods of holding elections in independent school districts; to authorize county commissioners to make leases to county agricultural societies; to amend the law of 1887, relating to the killing of fish by excepting white fish and suckers; to amend the law of 1879 relating to savings banks; to compel persons summoned as witnesses to give testimony; to appropriate money for a turnpike in Swift county; to forfeit the charters of railroads that have not complied with the conditions of their charters within five years; to amend law of 1878 relating to public roads; appropriating $300 for a bridge in Watonwan county.

Wednesday, March 1.

Senate.

The following bills were introduced: To appropriate $1,000 for a bridge in Pine county; to provide for a new state house for the State of Minnesota; to fix the time for holding the general terms of the district court for the Eighth judicial district; to provide for the assessment and collection of a tax upon the estates of descendents; to legalize certain deeds and mortgages and the record thereof; to amend section 67, chapter 11, General Statutes of 1878; to amend section 58, chapter 11, General Statutes of 1878; to amend section 71, chapter 11, General Statutes 1878; to exempt mortgages from double taxation; legalizing certain bonds heretofore issued; to amend section 9, chapter 22, General Laws of 1889, relating to state lands.

House.

The committee on public buildings reported a substitute for the new capitol bill, which they recommended to pass. The bill was made a special order for Wednesday.

Mr. Greer moved that H. F. No. 592, his substitute free text book bill, be made a special order for next Tuesday at 2:30. The request was granted.

The following bills were introduced: Making eight hours a day's labor; authorizing municipal corporations to aid in the construction of waterways; exempting engineers from duty as jurors; to amend the law of 1889 relating to the duties of county surveyors; fixing the compensation of attorneys in personal injury cases at not more than 25 per cent of the amount recovered or agreed upon in settlement; to legalize certain bonds issued by towns, counties or other public corporations; to define the boundary lines of Big Stone county more accurately; to appropriate $500 for a bridge in Wright county; to provide for the election of railroad and warehouse commissioners; fixing attorneys' fees for prosecution of personal injury cases at 5 per cent of the amount recovered, 7 per cent for settlement before trial, 10 per cent for settlement after trial, not more than 15 per cent in other cases. A reasonable fee for additional trials; for an additional clerk to the secretary of state at $1,500 per year.

Thursday, March 2.

Senate.

The following bills were introduced: To appropriate money for the three hospitals for the insane; to prevent the abandonment of any railroad station or railroad track in the state except under certain conditions; to repeal chapter 518, Special Laws of 1889, relating to Sibley county; regulating the manufacture and sale of dairy products; to bring sleeping car companies, freight and freight line companies, express companies and car companies under the operation of the general railroad law of the state, chapter 10, General Laws of 1887, by amendment to subdivision A, of section 1; to regulate the taxation of farm or agricultural lands within the boundaries of cities or villages; to provide for the transfer of any balance in the state treasury belonging to the soldiers' relief fund to the general revenue fund upon July 31 of each year; to appropriate $200 for the purpose of having the names of two companies of sharpshooters inscribed upon a tablet to be made part of the Gettysburg monument.

House.

A resolution was passed limiting debate and allowing members only one minute in which to explain their votes.

The following bills were introduced: To empower cities and villages to license peddlers; to limit action on transfer of property in certain cases; to establish the liability of commission merchants; to appropriate $700 for a bridge in Chisago county; to appropriate $1,200 for a bridge at Pine City; to amend the constitution to allow the taxation of sleeping car, mining, telephone and telegraph; relating to executions in justice courts; to appropriate $5,600.21 to pay for printing extra copies of the history of Minnesota troops; to appropriate $1,033 to reimburse a manufacturing company; appropriating $30,000 for a manual training building at the school of agriculture; to validate certain mortgage sales; to legalize certain certificates of sale in certain cases; to define the liabilities of railroad companies for injuries sustained by employes and extending law to telephone and telegraph companies; to regulate the taxation of farm lands within village limits; providing for justice and sheriff fees in certain cases; to amend law of 1878 relating to occupation of real estate and acquiring title thereto; to amend chapter 104, Laws of 1891, relating to qualification of drug clerks, read third time and passed; to authorize county surveyors to survey timber in unsettled townships; to compel railroad companies to furnish shipping facilities for all shippers of grain; to fix the fees of township supervisors.

FRIDAY MARCH 3.

Senate.

The following bills were introduced: To provide for the care and protection of grain in cars at terminal points. To provide for the disposition of money received by the state treasurer from the tax on gross earnings of railroads. To repeal chapter 127, General Laws of 1883, to establish a state board of correction and charities. To appropriate $300 for a wagon road in Deer Creek, Otter Tail county. To provide for the assessment and taxation of personal property of manufaturers. To amend section 410 of the penal code relating to grand larceny. To appropriate $1,000 to bridge Buffalo creek, in Renville county. To provide for the destruction of grasshoppers, army worms, Hessian flies and other injurious insects. To encourage the use of wagons having broad tires. To appropriate $3,000 for a road along the county line of Ramsey and Washington counties.

The senate then went into committee of the whole on general orders.

House.

The following bills were introduced: To regulate the assessment of taxes and real estate under mortgage. To amend section 418 of the penal code, defining grand larceny in the second degree. To regulate the sale of patent medicines. To prevent and punish fraud by the sale of goods by peddlers, requiring both state and local licenses.

The house then took up the calendar and passed Mr. Wagoner's bill to loan money for seed grain to farmers who lost their crops by hail last year. The bill provides for a loan of $75,000, which will bear 5 per cent interest and will be a lien on the land.

SATURDAY, MARCH 4.

Senate.

House File 40, Representative O'Neill's bill to make insurance policies continue whether premium notes are paid or not, came up when the calendar was reached. It met with objection by Senators J. D. Smith and Sanborn, who amended it so as not to apply to marine insurance or installment notes. Senator Sanborn moved to strike out the words in line 2 "or from any other cause" and to exempt marine policies. Carried. Senator Craven moved to further amend by exempting policies on the installment plan. Objected to. Several other attempts to amend were made and objected to. After a desultory discussion the bill was passed by a vote of 30 to 9.

House.

Mr. Winston offered a resolution that in recognition of the fact that it is inauguration day and as a token of respect for the respective out-going and in-coming administration, the house take a recess for one hour, 11 to 12 o'clock. Mr. Winston said there were other reasons for this. The sessions of the house had been characterized by the generous, nonpartisan conduct of its members in the transaction of business, free from serious differences and acrimonious debate. The time proposed could well be spent in personal, fraternal interchange, and in short addresses by the members. The resolution was adopted.

Sundry petitions were presented and referred.

Committee reports were made from the judiciary committee, with the exception of H. F. 582, to prohibit the giving of free passes to state officers, which was reported without recommendation. Also for H. F. 256, relating to inspectors of boilers and pilots, for which a substitute was reported. H. F. Nos. 231, 256 and 259, on the same subject, were reported to be indefinitely postponed. The reports were adopted.

The following bills were introduced and referred:

H. F. — to provide for the destruction of grasshoppers and other destructive insects and worms; H. F. 734, to abate nuisances; H. F. 735, to authorize boards of park commissions to issue certificates of indebtedness; H. F. 736, relating to weights and measures; H. F. 737, to provide a deputy state insurance commission; H. F. 738, relating to work on roads; H. F. 739, to prohibit the publication of testimony and the details of trials; H. F. 740, to provide for the construction of Canada thistles, wild mustard and other noxious weeds; H. F. 741, relating to terms of office of county auditors and treasurers, terms are increased to four years; H. F. 742, relating to clerk of court of Hennepin county; it repeals the special law of 1891 regarding fees; H. F. 613, recalled from the governor to be corrected, was, on motion, amended under suspension of the rules and repassed.

The house then went into committee of the whole on general orders.

The Bonaparte Name Losing Charm.

The Bonaparte family is said to be losing its charm in the eyes of the French people. With the death of the youthful son of Napoleon III. the dynasty, if it can be designated by that term, virtually came to an end and its influence on French men has since been on the decline. There is no prominent figure left to represent it, and, according to one of the society journals of Paris, the Bonapartist section of fashionable life is passing into oblivion. There are Bonapartists in the legislative assembly and adherents of the cause in the country, but the drawing room existence of the party is gradually disappearing.—Boston Journal.

Cuban Filibusters.

Key West, Fla., March 7.—The Cuban leader, Gen. Jose Marti, arrived last week from Tampa, Fla., at which place he stopped a few days endeavoring to arouse the spirits of his countrymen to strike again a blow for the freedom of Cuba. He raised several thousand dollars during his short stay there from the Cubans, which will go to defray the expenses of the expedition and for the purchase of arms for the insurgent army. Gen. Marti left New York Feb. 20. It is believed here that he will accompany the expedition, which will sail from Key West or from one of the many islands in the vicinity of this port, if the vessel which is to convey the members should succeed in eluding the authorities. Great excitement prevails here among the Cuban residents, who are very reticent on the subject of the expedition. It would seem almost impossible for the vessel to get away successfully from this island, in view of the precautions taken by the government. There is a picket guard from the cruiser Atlanta around the entire island. It is thought by some that, in view of the vigilance on the part of the authorities at this port, the expedition will start from one of the many islands in the vicinity of Key West. The corvette Kearsarge still lies at the mouth of the outer harbor, while the revenue cutter McLane is cruising along the Florida keys to intercept the insurrectionary vessel.

England the Ruler.

Zanzibar, March 7 — Alabin Said, sultan of Zanzibar, is dead. He was a brother of the former sultans, Khalifa and Burghash, and succeeded to the sultanate on the death of the former in February, 1890. He was born in 1855. No sooner was it known that the sultan was dead than his son Kalid gained admittance to the palace and barricaded it, but British troops forced him to open the doors. Kalid was then removed from the palace under a guard of soldiers, and Hamid, who has been the designated heir to the throne and recognized as such by the British, was proclaimed by the British authorities as sultan. The natives are reported to be thoroughly overawed by the energetic action of the British and Hamid is quietly accepted as sovereign. Hamid Bein Thawin is the son of a deceased brother of the late sultan and was heir to the throne according to Mohammedan law, as recognized in Zanzibar, and the effort of Kalid to seize the throne was, therefore, an attempt at usurpation. Gen. Matthews remains president of the council under Hamid, being the same place which he held under the late Sultan Ali. Peace has been maintained without a break through the prompt and vigorous action of the British.

Nearly Mobbed.

New York, March 7. — The Evening Post has information by cable that Mr. Gladstone was subjected to a hostile demonstration in aristocratic Brighton yesterday. On leaving St. Paul's church in the morning with Lord Acton he found a large crowd outside, including a number of young Tory "bloods" who saluted him with vigorous booing, hissing and cries of "traitor." The Liberals present responded with cheers, and the tumult was heightened. Mr. Gladstone's passage was blocked until a cab was fetched, and he drove quickly away. Inflammatory Orange speeches, which are now every day occurrences in Ulster, have goaded the government into action. Mr. Morley quietly issued orders to the chiefs of police in the Ulster district at the end of last week to arrange for police reporters to attend the public Orange meetings, and that the speakers be promptly prosecuted whenever the violence of the harangues gives an opportunity to interfere. The presence of official reporters at several meetings in the Belfast and Newry districts on Saturday and yesterday had a wholesome effect.

Adrift at Sea.

San Francisco, March 7.—News reached here to-day from Honolulu that a small boat containing Capt. John Peterson and wife of San Francisco, Second Mate Charles Brown, and Cabin Boy W. Hayden, Cook Frank Villen, Seamen Everson and William Carlson, terribly emaciated and almost speechless, reached port Feb. 13, bringing intelligence of the loss of the bark Lady Sampson bound from Sydney to Honolulu with a cargo of coal. The wreck occurred Jan. 16 on a reef forty miles south of the Palmyra islands. The bark struck in the night during a hurricane and in five minutes began to break up. In the other boat were First Mate Henry Muller, Seamen Snyder, Oscar Magnussen, J. Forgeson and Martin. The fate of the mate and his party is in doubt.



Mrs. Mary Andress Of Crawfordsville, Ind.

Almost Miraculous

Absolutely Helpless and Hopeless

The Grip, Rheumatism, Debility.

"For several years I have been a very great sufferer with rheumatism. In the winter of '90 and '91, when I had been obliged to use crutches for a long while, in my unfortunate condition I had a severe attack of the Grip, which put me down bedfast, for nearly a year. As I had a severe cough, the doctor thought my lungs affected, and that there was little or

No Hope of My Recovery

In the fall I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and in it found a medicine which was doing me good. From an utterly helpless condition I have now reached a good state of health. I do all my work and walk around without crutches. The pain and swelling caused by the rheuma-

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

tism are gone. All my friends regard my cure almost miraculous and give the highest praise to Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. MARY ANDRESS, Crawfordsville, Ind.

Hood's Pills cure Nausea, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Biliousness. Sold by all druggists.

Peter Johnson, a Sturgeon Bay fisherman, was assaulted by an unknown person and badly injured.

To Find Your Future Husband.

At bedtime, having fasted since noon, two girls who wish to obtain a sight of their future husbands boil an egg, which must be the first egg ever laid by the hen, in a pan in which no egg has never been boiled before. Having boiled it till it is hard, they cut it in two with something that has never been used as a knife before. Each girl eats her half and its shell to the last fragment, speaking no word the while; then, still in silence, they walk backward to the bed, "to sleep, perchance to dream."—English Folk Rhymes.

Ask your druggist or a bottle of the Quaker Catarrh Cure. Different from all other remedies. It is applied directly to parts affected and gives immediate and permanent relief for all forms of catarrh, colds in the head, influenza, &c. A guarantee can be had with each bottle to refund money if not satisfactory. If you will send us your name and address on a postal card we will send you a sample bottle free of all expense. Address QUAKER MED. ASS'N, St. Paul, Minn

A six-year-old son of A. N. Nordin of Atwater upset a pot of hot coffee and scalded himself so badly about the face and neck that death resulted.

A POSTAL WILL DO IT.

Send a postal card with your address to the Weekly Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn., and get a sample copy giving full particulars of their wonderful seed premiums. One dollar and a quarter's worth of vegetable seeds and the Weekly Pioneer Press one year for $1.20.

Mandamus proceedings have been begun in the district court to decide the validity of the Seeger gasoline contract.

At Red Wing Mrs. S. R. Benham, a pioneer resident, died recently.

A pamphlet describing home treatment for Catarrh, Throat, Lung, Nervous and Blood diseases sent free. Address St. Paul Medical and Surgical Institute, Merrill, Building, St. Paul, Minn.

Brigands entered the postoffice in Misterbianco, Sicicly, stabbed to death the postmaster, Perinis, and his family, and carried off all the money and much of the mail.

The John A. Salzer company's seed plant at La Crosse was damaged by fire to the extent of $200.

SYRUP of FIGS



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

Ely's Cream Balm WILL CURE CATARRH



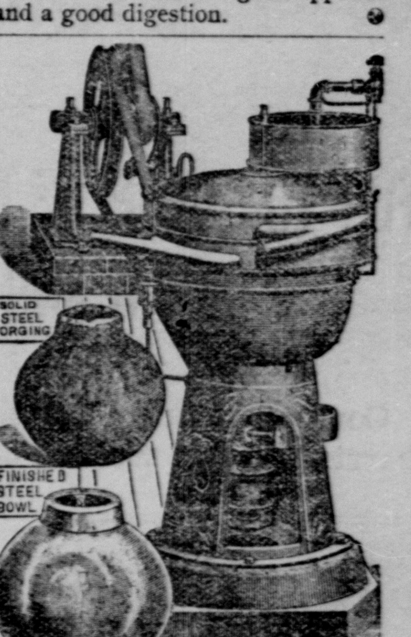
Price 50 cents.

Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N.Y.

"August Flower"

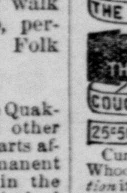
"I am Post Master here and keep a Store. I have kept August Flower for sale for some time. I think it is a splendid medicine." E. A. Bond, P. M., Pavilion Centre, N. Y.

The stomach is the reservoir. If it fails, everything fails. The liver, the kidneys, the lungs, the heart, the head, the blood, the nerves all go wrong. If you feel wrong, look to the stomach first. Put that right at once by using August Flower. It assures a good appetite and a good digestion.



JUMBO. The Alexandra Improved Cream Separator; capacity 2,500 to 4,000 pounds per hour; two horse power will run it. Also new model HAND SEPARATOR for the sale of which AGENTS are WANTED in every section. Manufacturers of everything in the line of machinery and supplies for butter and cheese factories. Send for catalogue. Davis & Rankin Bldg. and Mfg. Co., 240 to 254 West Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

GUNDLACH OPTICAL CO., ROCHESTER, N. Y., MANUFACTURE A FIRST-CLASS



ASTRONOMICAL TELESCOPE, of three inches clear aperture, mounted complete, and equipped with celestial and terrestrial eyepieces and accompanied by a fine Star Atlas, for $100.00. Send for Special Circular.

25 DOSES 25c THE GREAT TAKE THE BEST COUGH CURE 25c 50c & $1.00 SHILOH'S CURE.

Cures Coughs, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough and Asthma. For Consumption it has no rival; has cured thousands where all others failed; will cure you if taken in time. Sold by Druggists on a guarantee. For Lame Back or Chest, use SHILOH'S PLASTER. 25 cts.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. Have you Catarrh? This remedy is guaranteed to cure you. Price 50 cts. Injector free.

Every Month many women suffer from Excessive or Scant Menstruation; they don't know who to confide in to get proper advice. Don't confide in anybody but try Bradfield's Female Regulator a Specific for PAINFUL, PROFUSE, SCANTY, SUPPRESSED and IRREGULAR MENSTRUATION. Book to "WOMAN" mailed free. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga. Sold by all Druggists.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND TRADE MARK. This Trade Mark is on the best WATERPROOF COAT in the World! Illustrated Catalogue Free. A. J. TOWER, BOSTON, MASS.

FLOOR PAINT.

Why not paint your floor some beautiful color, when you can get a paint especially made for that purpose. It makes them look brighter and cleaner.

THE CLARE-SPEAKER CO.'S FLOOR PAINT wears longer than any other, produces the best finish and is the most satisfactory to use. Ask your dealer for it and take no other.

The Clare-Speaker Co., Dep't "O," MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Garfield Tea Overcomes results of bad eating. Cures Constipation, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 319 W. 45th St., N.Y. Cures Sick Headache

ALLEN'S IRON TONIC BITTERS The most Elegant Blood Purifier, Liver Invigorator, Tonic and Appetizer known. The first Bitters containing Iron ever advertised in America. J. P. ALLEN, Druggist & Chemist, St. Paul, Minn.

PRETTIEST BOOK EVER PRINTED. FREE SEED Cheap as dirt by oz. and lb. One Cent a pkg. UP, if rare. Cheap, pure, best. 1,000,000 extras. Beautiful Illustrated Catalogue free. R. H. SHUMWAY, Rockford, Ill.



CANCER CAN BE CURED We have cured thousands. Why not you? DROK METHOD. No Knife, no pain. Testimonials and illustrated pamphlet—FREE. PINGREE & TREAKLE, 241 Wabash Av., Chicago, Ill.

At ¼ Price Watches, Guns, Buggies, Harness, Sewing Machines, Organs, Bicycles, Farm Tools, Safes, etc. List FREE. CHICAGO SCALE CO., Chicago, Ill.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water.

CURES CATARRH LONDON BALM SOLD BY YOUR DRUGGIST.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

MINNESOTA Grown Fruit, Shade and Ornamental Trees, Small Fruits, Shrubs, Roses, etc. Largest and Most Northern Nursery. Established 1868. Hardy Iron Clad Varieties at prices of tender sorts. CATALOGUE AND PRICES MAILED FREE! Address, THE JEWELL NURSERY CO., Lake City, Minn.

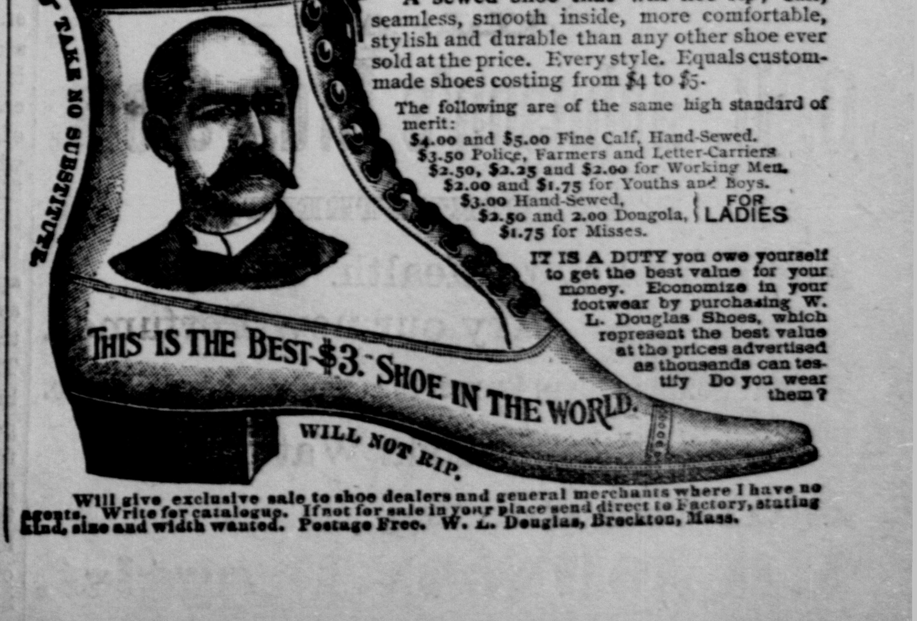
BEWARE OF FRAUD. Ask for, and insist upon having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Look for it when you buy. Sold everywhere.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

A sewed shoe that will not rip; Calf, seamless, smooth inside, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Every style. Equals custom-made shoes costing from $4 to $5.

The following are of the same high standard of merit:
$4.00 and $5.00 Fine Calf, Hand-Sewed.
$3.50 Police, Farmers and Letter-Carriers
$2.50, $2.25 and $2.00 for Working Men.
$2.00 and $1.75 for Youths and Boys.
$3.00 Hand-Sewed, FOR LADIES
$2.50 and 2.00 Dongola,
$1.75 for Misses.

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised as thousands can testify. Do you wear them?



Will give exclusive sale to shoe dealers and general merchants where I have no agents. Write for catalogue. If not for sale in your place send direct to Factory, stating kind, size and width wanted. Postage Free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

A Great Mistake.

Newspaper Office Boy—Oh, there's been an awful time in the editorial room to-day.

Buiness Manager—Eh, what's the trouble?

Office Boy—The hall porter made a mistake, and put the "No Admittance' sign at the subscription office, and the "Welcome" doormat in front of the editor's room.

Conjugal Amenities.

"There! I've lost another tooth!" said a lady to her lord and master.

"That tooth will be awfully glad at having ceased to occupy the same lodgings as your tongue!" was the gallant husband's rejoinder.—Dusseldorfer Zeitung.

Kismet.

Jack—You look despondent. Did she refuse you?

George—Yes.

"But try again. A woman's 'no' sometimes means 'yes.'"

"But she didn't say 'no;' she said 'naw!'"

"Then your name is 'mud!'"—Truth.



IT'S A CURIOUS WOMAN who can't have confidence in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Here is a tonic for tired-out womanhood, a remedy for all its peculiar ills and ailments—and if it doesn't help you, there's nothing to pay.

What more can you ask for, in a medicine?

The "Prescription" will build up, strengthen, and invigorate the entire female system. It regulates and promotes all the proper functions, improves digestion, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and vigor. In "female complaints" of every kind and in all chronic weaknesses and derangements, it's the *only guaranteed* remedy. If it doesn't benefit or cure, in the case of every tired-out or suffering woman, she'll have her money back.

Nothing urged in its place by a dealer, though it may be better for him to *sell*, can be "just as good" for you to *buy*.

A Powerful Flesh Maker.

A process that kills the taste of cod-liver oil has done good service—but the process that both kills the taste and effects partial digestion has done much more.

Scott's Emulsion

stands alone in the field of fat-foods. It is easy of assimilation because partly digested before taken. *Scott's Emulsion checks Consumption and all other wasting diseases.*

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, Chemists, New York. Sold by druggists everywhere.

COLDS.

Contrary to the prevalent opinion that colds and coughs are due entirely to the severity of the climate or to some unexpected change in the weather, they really arise in very many cases, from pure carelessness and want of thought. When you take cold, get a bottle of Reid's German Cough and Kidney cure and take it according to directions. It contains no poison. There is no danger from an overdose, but it will instantly relieve the worst case. If your druggist does not have it, send your address to the Sylvan Remedy company, Peoria, Ill., and get a trial bottle by mail free. Mention the name of this paper.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED From 15 to 25 lbs a month. Harmless treatment (by practicing physician). No starving. Thousands cured. Send 6c in stamps. O. W. F. SNYDER, M. D., Mail Dept. 30, McVicker's Theater, Chicago, Ill.

MEND YOUR OWN HARNESS WITH THOMSON'S SLOTTED CLINCH RIVETS.

No tools required. Only a hammer needed to drive and clinch them easily and quickly; leaving the clinch absolutely smooth. Requiring no hole to be made in the leather nor burr for the Rivets. They are STRONG, TOUGH and DURABLE. Millions now in use. All lengths, uniform or assorted, put up in boxes.

Ask your dealer for them, or send 40c. in stamps for a box of 100; assorted sizes.

MANUFACTURED BY JUDSON L. THOMSON MFG. CO., Waltham, Mass.

THE WHOLE FAMILY. A PICTURE ON EVERY PAGE. Hundreds of Valuable Prizes. Beautiful Premiums. Amusing Contests. 75 Cents a Year. Send 10 Cents for a 3 months' trial. RUSSELL PUBLISHING CO., 190 SUMMER ST., BOSTON.

GROCERIES. Price List FREE. Anyone sending us the names and postoffice addresses of 17 farmers will receive free our Grocery Price List, which is published every two weeks. If you send 15 cents we will send you by express, express paid, our 575 page catalogue, which contains over 103,000 cuts and prices of everything needed. T. M. ROBERTS' SUPPLY HOUSE, Minneapolis, Minn.

PISO'S CURE FOR Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c. CONSUMPTION.

N. W. N. U. No 10.—1893

The Spanish government has ordered the inspection, quarantining and fumigation of persons and goods coming over the frontier from France.

"None better." Mr. Thomas Buckley writing from the Iron Works, Elm St., Troy, N. Y., says: "Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is one of the finest cough syrups for colds. None better. I always use it."

C. M. Stetson, a resident of Janesville, was injured in a railway wreck at Bath, Colo. He will recover.

The greatest of liniments! Mrs. E. M. Devilbiss, Triadelphia, Md., writes: "I use Salvation Oil for sore throat, rheumatism, etc., and find it is one of the best liniments out."

While a pleasant wedding party was crossing the Dnieper, near Ekaterinoslav, Russia, the ice broke, and two sledges with ten persons dissapeared under water. All were swept under the ice and were drowned.

Cleanliness, exercise and diet are the cardinal virtues of good health. Take care of the first two and if you know what and how to eat you need never be ill. It is claimed that Garfield Tea, a simple herb remedy, overcomes the results of wrong living.

Fortune Telling.

She—What is the science of palmistry I hear so much about?

He—The art of telling fortunes by the hand.

She—Can you tell my fortune by my hand.

He—No; but if I had your hand I could tell my own fortune.—Vogue.

A slight cold, if neglected, often attacks the lungs. Brown's Bronchial Troches give sure and immediate relief Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cents.

The funeral of N. N. Stevens at Beloit was conducted by the Salvation Army at that place.

Eugene Blood of Northfield shot himself dead. The affair was caused by the fact that the young lady to whom he was engaged was ill and not expected to live.

Life Is Worth Living.

Trying as its vicissitudes are, by those unvexed by chronic disease. Mainly because Hostetter's Stomach Bitters fortifies the system against disease by promoting a vigorous performance of the functions of the system, it possesses a wide, general utility. It promotes strength through improved digestion. This is the first, the most essential step. Subsequently the Bitters insure regularity of the bowels, liver and kidneys. Malaria, rheumatism and nervous trouble yield to it.

A lunatic named Secor escaped from his attendants at Reno, and was found frozen to death near that place.

AN ANNUAL EVENT.

The St. Paul Weekly Pioneer Press has just made its annual Seed Premium offers. For about the regular price of the paper alone they offer a year's subscription and nearly two dollars worth of flower and vegetable seeds. All seeds are furnished by May & Co., the leading Northern growers.

Offer No. 1. Ladies' Collection.—$1.10 for the Weekly Pioneer Press one year and 14 packages of flower seeds, postpaid. Pansy, Sweet Peas, Asters, etc. All popular varieties.

Offer No. 2. Vegetable Garden.—$1.20 for the Weekly Pioneer Press one year and 20 packages of vegetable seeds, postpaid. Every variety you plant. You will pay $1.25 for the same seeds at retail. Why not get the paper for nothing?

Offer No. 3. Novelty Package.—$1.30 for the Weekly Pioneer Press one year and 16 packages of the very latest and rarest novelties in flower and vegetable seeds. These are very choice, and are new this season. These seeds retail for $2.05.

Offer No. 4. Surprise Packet.—$1.10 for the Weekly Pioneer Press one year and 15 packets of choice standard flower and vegetable seeds. Regular retail price of seeds, $1.50.

All seeds offered are fresh and tested in this climate. Orders filled by return mail. Send postal for sample copy giving full particulars.

PIONEER PRESS CO., St. Paul, Minn.

John Schnoor was given thirty days in the county jail at Oshkosh for an alleged assault upon John Boyd.

Proof From The Plains.

Story of a Government Scout and Interpreter.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, a Valuable Remedy Known to the Indians for Years and Highly Prized.

Many of our readers have probably heard of Capt. Frank D. Yates, whose exploits on the frontier have given him a national reputation.

The testimony of such a man who has lived among the red men is incontrovertible evidence of the absolute genuineness of this remedy, and its repute among that race whose noble health—whatever may have been their faults—has always been famous.



CAPT. FRANK D. YATES, GORDON, NEB.

His endorsement of it is still further proof of its effectiveness. Capt. Yates writes as follows:—

GORDON, Nebraska, July 25.

I take great pleasure in recommending the Kickapoo Remedies, and have known of them among the Indians, as I have lived on the extreme western frontier for the past 30 years and am at present a Sioux Indian interpreter for the government.

My personal experience with Sagwa—which in Indian tongue means "THE BEST"—has been considerable, but one of the most wonderful effects from personal knowledge in my own case was the curing of Chronic Catarrh with which I became afflicted, owing to the great altitude of the country in which I had been living.

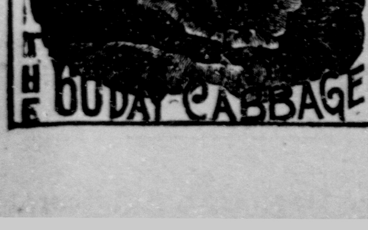
It did not at first occur to me to take Kickapoo Indian Sagwa for this trouble; and it was not until I had visited the Hot Springs, and I failed to obtain relief, and the disease had become so very alarming that I was afraid it would get the best of me and develope into consumption that I concluded to take Sagwa. I got one bottle of it and a bottle of Indian Oil. The effect was so marked that I immediately ordered twelve bottles of each, and now bless the day that the thought occurred to me, for I am entirely cured of that most disagreeable and distressing of all diseases.

I am satisfied I was cured owing to the perfect manner in which "Sagwa" purifies the blood; and I claim that Sagwa, taken in connection with Indian Oil, will positively cure the worst cases of catarrh ever known; and so far as the use of Kickapoo Indian Remedies as general family medicines are concerned, there is nothing on earth which can equal them.

FRANK D. YATES, Indian Interpreter.

KICKAPOO INDIAN SAGWA. $1.00 a bottle, 6 for $5.00. Sold by all Druggists.

"WELL BRED, SOON WED." GIRLS WHO USE SAPOLIO ARE QUICKLY MARRIED. TRY IT IN YOUR NEXT HOUSE-CLEANING.



SALZER'S LIGHTNING—The 60 Day Cabbage. This is absolutely the earliest cabbage in the world. Seed very scarce. Pkg., 15c.; ½ oz., 35c.; ¼ lb., $2, postpaid.

THE EARLIEST VEGETABLES Will be in great demand this spring and will fetch big prices. To have the earliest, plant Salzer's seeds. 35 pkgs. Earliest Vegetable Novelties, $1, postpaid.

FOR 14c. (WITH CATALOGUE, 19c.) To introduce our seeds everywhere, we send, postpaid, upon receipt of 14c.:

1 package Six Weeks' Radish, 10c.
1 " Silver State Lettuce, 15c.
1 " Giant Prolific Tomato, 20c.
1 " Long Giant Cucumber, 10c.
5 " Brilliant Flower Seeds, 35c.

In all 9 Packages, listed nowhere under 90c. ALL FOR 14c.

SALZER'S SEED CATALOGUE the finest published. Costs us over $30,000! It is gladly mailed upon receipt of 5c. postage.

THE 60 DAY CABBAGE. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis.



THE STORY TELLER

A PERILOUS JOURNEY.

What should be "to-night?" Some foul play of which the count would be the victim, no doubt. But how? when? That must be solved. To wait. It is always best to wait; I had learned this lesson already.

I waited. It was now rather more than half-past eight, and I had risen to go to the door when I saw the guard returning to the wine shop with a man whose dress indicated the stoker.

"Come in, Guido; come in," said the guard; "and drink with me."

The man came in, and I was again absorbed in my book.

They seated themselves at the same table as before, and drank silently for awhile; presently the guard began a conversation in some patois I could not understand; but I could see the stoker grow more and more interested as the name of Beatrix occurred more frequently.

As the talk went on, the stoker seemed pressing the guard on some part of the story with a most vindictive eagerness, repeatedly asking, "His name? The accursed! His name?"

At last the guard answered, "The Count Spezzato."

"The Count Spezzato!" said the stoker, now leaving the table, and speaking in Italian.

"Yes, good Guido; the man who will travel in the train we take to-night to Leghorn."

"He shall die! The accursed. He shall die to-night!" said the stoker. "If I lose my life, the betrayer of my sister shall die!"

The guard, returning to the unknown tongue, seemed to be endeavoring to calm him; and I could only catch a repetition of the word "Empoli" at intervals. Presently the stoker took from the seats beside him two tin bottles, such as you may see in the hands of mechanics who dine out; and I could see that one of them had rudely scratched on it the name "William Atkinson." I fancied the guard produced from his pocket a phial, and poured the contents into that bottle; but the action was so rapid, and the corner so dark, that I could not be positive; then rising, they stopped at the counter, had both bottles filled with brandy, and went out.

It was now time to get to the station; and, having paid my modest score, I went out.

A little in front of me, by the light from a small window, I saw these two cross themselves, grip each other's hands across right to right, left to left, and part.

The stoker had set down the bottles, and now taking them up followed the guard at a slower pace.

Arrived at the station, I found the count, his mother, a female servant, and the courier.

The count came up to me, and said, in broken English, "You are the English to go to Leghorn with me? Very well, there is room. I like the English. You shall pay nothing, because I do not sell tickets; you shall go free. Is that so?"

I thanked him in the best Italian I could muster.

"Do not speak your Italian to me; I speak the English as a native; I can know all you shall say to me in your own tongue. See, here is the train special, as you call it. Enter, as it shall please you."

The train drew up to the platform; and I saw that the stoker was at his post, and that the engine-driver was an Englishman.

I endeavored in vain to draw his attention to warn him, and was compelled to take my seat, which I did in the compartment next the guard's break—the train consisting of only that carriage and another, in which were the count, his mother and the servant.

The guard passed along the train, locked the doors, and entered his box.

"The Florence goods is behind you, and the Sienna goods is due at Empoli Junction four minutes before you; mind you don't run into it," said the station-master, with a laugh.

"No fear; we shall not run into it," said the guard, with a marked emphasis on the "we" and "it" that I recalled afterward.

The whistle sounded, and we were off. It was a drizzling dark night; and I lay down full length on the seat to sleep.

As I lay down a gleam of light shot across the carriage from a small chink in the wood-work of the partition between the compartment I was in and the guard's box.

I was terribly anxious from the manner of the guard; and this seemed to be a means of hearing something more, I lay down and listened attentively.

"How much will you give for your life, my little fox?" said the guard.

"To-day, very little; when I am sixty, all I have, Conrad."

"But you might give something for it, to-night, sweet Alexis, if you knew it was in danger?"

"I have no fear; Conrad Ferrate has too often conducted a train for me to fear to-night."

"True, my good Alexis; but this is the last train he will ride with as guard, for to-morrow he will be the Count Spezzato."

"How? To-morrow? You joke, Conrad. The brandy was strong; but you who have drunk so much could hardly feel that."

"I neither joke, nor am I drunk; yet I shall be Count Spezzato to-morrow, good Alexis. Look you, my gentle fox, my sweet fox; if you do not buy your life of me, you shall die to-night. That is simple, sweet fox."

"Ay; but, Conrad, I am not in danger."

"Nay, Alexis; see, here is the door" (I heard him turn the handle). "If you lean against the door, you will fall out and be killed. Is it not simple?"

"But, good Conrad, I shall not lean against the door."

"Oh, my sweet fox, my cunning fox, my timid fox, but not my strong fox; you will lean against the door. I know you will, unless I prevent you, unless you give me all you have in that bag."

The mocking tone of the guard seemed well understood, for I heard the click of gold.

"Good, my Alexis; it is good; but it is very little for a life. Come, what is your life worth, that you buy it with only your master's money? It has cost you nothing. I see you will lean against that door, which is so foolish."

"What, in the name of all the devils in hell, will you have?" said the trembling voice of the courier.

"Only a little more; just that belt that is under your shirt, unde everything, next to your skin, and dearer to you; only a little soft leather belt with pouches in. Is not life worth a leather belt?"

"Wretch! All the earnings of my life are in that belt, and you know it."

"Is it possible, sweet fox, that I have found your nest? I shall give Marie a necklace of diamonds, then. Why do you wait? Why should you fall from a train, and make a piece of news for the papers? Why?"

"Take it; and be accursed in your life and death!" and I heard the belt flung on the floor of the carriage.

"Now, good Alexis, I am in funds; there are three pieces of gold for you; you will need them at Leghorn. Will you drink? No? Then I will tell you why, without drink. Do you know where we are?"

"Yes; between St. Dominico and Signa."

"And do you know where we are going?"

"Yes; to Leghorn."

"No, sweet Alexis, we are not; we are going to Empoli; the train will go no further. Look you, little fox; we shall arrive at the junction one minute before the Sienna goods train, and there the engine will break down just where the rails cross; for two blows of a hammer will convert an engine into a log; I shall get out to examine it; that will take a little time; I shall explain to the count the nature of the injury; that will take a little time; and then the goods train will have arrived; and as it does not stop there, this train will go no further than Empoli, and I shall be Count Spezzato to-morrow. How do you like my little scheme, little fox? Is it not worthy of your pupil? Oh, it will be a beautiful accident; it will fill the papers. That beast of an Englishman who begged his place in the train will be fortunate; he will cease, for goods trains are heavy. Eh! but it's a grand scheme—the son, the mother, the servant, the stranger, the engine driver, all shall tell no tales."

"And the stoker?" said the courier.

"Oh, you and he and I shall escape. We shall be pointed at in the street as the fortunate. It is good, is it not, Alexis, my fox? I have told him that the count is the man who betrayed his sister. He believes it, and is my creature. But, little fox, it was not my cousin, it was myself, that took his Beatrix from her home. Is it not good, Alexis? Is it not genius? And Atkinson—he, the driver—is now stupid; he has drunk from his can the poppy juice that will make him sleep forever. I will be a politician. I am worthy of office. I will become the minister of a Bourbon when I am count, my dear fox, and you shall be my comrade again, as of old."

I was for a time lost to every sensation save that of hearing. The fiendish garrulity of the man had all the fascination of the serpent's rattle. I felt helplessly resigned to a certain fate.

I was aroused by something white slowly passing the closed window of the carriage. I waited a little, then gently opened it and looked out. The stoker was crawling along the foot-board of the next carriage, holding on by its handles, so as not to be seen by the occupants, and holding the signal lantern that I had noticed at the back of the last carriage in his hand. The meaning of it struck me in a moment; if by any chance we missed the goods train from Sienna, we should be run into from behind by the train from Florence.

The cold air that blew in at the open window refreshed me, and I could think what was to be done. The train was increasing its pace rapidly. Evidently the stoker, in sole charge, was striving to reach Empoli before the other train, which we should follow, was due; he had to make five minutes in a journey of forty-five, and at the rate we were going, we should do it. We stopped nowhere, and the journey was more than half over. We were now between Segua and Montelupo; another twenty minutes I should be a bruised corpse. Something must be done.

I decided soon. Unfastening my bag, I took out my revolver, without which I never travel, and looking carefully to the loading and capping, fastened it to my waist with a handkerchief. I then cut with my knife the bar across the middle of the window, and carefully looked out. I could see nothing; the rain was falling fast, and the night as dark as ever. I cautiously put out first one leg and then the other, keeping my knees and toes close to the door, and lowered myself till I felt the step. I walked carefully along the foot-board by the side steps, holding on to the handles of the doors, till I came to the end of the carriages, and was next the tender. Here was a gulf that seemed impassable. The stoker must have passed over it; why not I? Mounting from the foot-board on to the buffer, and holding on to the iron hook on which the lamps are hung, I stretched my legs to reach the flat part of the buffer on the tender. My legs swung about with the vibration, and touched nothing. I must spring. I had to hold with both hands behind my back, and stood on the case of the buffer-spring, and, suddenly leaving go, leaped forward, struck violently against the edge of the tender, and grasped some of the loose lumps of coal on the top. Another struggle brought me on my knees, bruised and bleeding on the top. I stood up, and at that moment the stoker opened the door of the furnace, and turned toward me, shovel in hand, to put in the coals. The bright red light from the fire enabled him to see me, while it blinded me. He rushed at me, and then began a struggle that I shall remember to my dyng day.

He grasped me round the throat with one arm, dragging me close to his breast, and with the other kept shortening the shovel for an effective blow. My hands, numbed and bruised, were almost helpless to me, and for some seconds we reeled to and fro on the foot-plate in the blinding glare. At last he got me against the front of the engine, and, with horrible ingenuity, pressed me against it till the lower part of my clothes were burnt to a cinder. The heat, however, restored my hands, and at last I managed to push him far enough from my body to loosen my pistol. I did not want to kill him, but I could not be very careful, and I fired at his shoulder from the back. He dropped the shovel, the arm that had nearly throttled me relaxed, and he fell. I pushed him into a corner of the tender, and sat down to rcover myself.

My object was to get to Empoli before the Sienna goods train, for I knew nothing of what might be behind me. It was too late to stop, but I might, by shortening the journey seven minutes instead of five, get to Empoli three minutes before the goods train was due.

I had never been on an engine before in my life, but I knew that there must be a valve somewhere that let the steam from the boiler into the cylinders, and that, being important, it would be in a conspicuous position. I therefore turned the large handle in front of me, and had the satisfaction of finding the speed rapidly increased, and at the same time felt the guard putting on the brake to retard the train. Spite of this, in ten minutes I could not tell where, and I still pressed on faster and faster.

In vain, between the intervals of putting on coals, did I try to arouse the sleeping driver. There I was, with two apparently dead bodies, on the foot-plate of an engine going at the rate of forty miles an hour or more, amidst a thundering noise and vibration that nearly maddened me.

At last we reached the lights, and I saw, as we dashed by, that we had passed the dread point.

As I turned back I could see the rapidly-dropping cinders from the train which, had the guard's brake been sufficiently powerful to have made me thirty seconds later, would have utterly destroyed me.

I was still in a difficult position. There was the train half a minute behind us, which, had we kept our time, would have been four minutes in front of us. I came on to the same rails, and I could hear its dull rumble rushing on toward us fast. If I stopped there was no light to warn them. I must go on, for the Sienna train did not stop at Empoli.

I put on more fuel, and after some slight scalding from turning on the wrong taps, had the pleasure of seeing the water-gauge filling up. Still I could not go on long; the risk was awful. I tried in vain to write on a leaf of my note-book, and after searching in the tool-box, wrote on the iron lid of the tank with a piece of chalk, "Stop everything behind me. The train will not be stopped till three red lights are ranged in a line on the ground. Telegraph forward." And then, as we flew through the Empoli station, I threw it on the platform. On we went; the same dull thunder behind warning me that I dare not stop.

We passed through another station at full speed, and at length I saw the white lights of another station in the distance. The sound behind had almost ceased, and in a few moments more I saw the line of three red lamps low down on the ground. I pulled back the handle, and after an ineffectual effort to pull up at the station, brought up the train about a hundred yards beyond Ponteder.a

The porters and police of the station came up and put the train back, and then came the explanation.

The guard had been found dead on the rails, just beyond Empoli, and the telegraph set to work to stop the train. He must have found out the failure of his scheme, and in trying to reach the engine, have fallen on the rails.

The driver was only stupefied, and the stoker fortunately only dangerously, not fatally, wounded.

Another driver was found, and the train was to go on.

The count had listened most attentively to my statements, and then, taking my grimed hand in his, led me to his mother.

"Madam, my mother, you have from this day one other son; this, my mother, is my brother."

The countess literally fell on my neck and kissed me in the sight of them all; and speaking in Italian said—

"Julian, he is my son; he has saved my life; and more, he has saved your life. My son, I will not say much; what is your name?"

"Guy Westwood."

"Guy, my child, my son, I am your mother; you shall love me."

"Yes, my mother; he is my brother, I am his. He is English, too; I like English. He has done well. Blanche shall be his sister."

During the whole of this time both mother and son were embracing me and kissing my cheeks after the impulsive manner of their passionate natures, the indulgence of which appears so strange to our cold blood.

The train was delayed, for my wounds and bruises to be dressed, and I then entered their carriage and went to Leghorn with them.

Arrived there, I was about to say "Farewell."

"What farewell, now? No; you must see Blanche, your sister. You will sleep to my hotel; I shall not let you go. Who is she that in your great book says, 'Where you go, I will go?' That is my spirit. You must not leave me till—till you are as happy as I am."

He kept me, introduced me to Blanche, and persuaded me to write for leave to stay another two months, when he would return to England with me. Little by little he made me talk about Alice, till he knew all my story.

"Ah! that is it; you shall be unhappy because you want £500 every year, and I have not so much as that. I am a patriot to get rid of my money. So it is that you will not take money. You have saved my life, and—you will not take money; but I shall hake you take money, my friend, English Guy; you shall have as thus." And he handed me my appointment as secretary to one of the largest railways in Italy. "Now you shall take money; now you will not go to your fogland to work like a slave; you shall take the money. That is not all. I am one of the practice patriots—no, the practical patriots—of Italy. They come to me with their conspiracies to join, their secret societies to adhere to, but I do not. I am director of ever so many railways; I make fresh directions every day. I say to those who talk to me of politics, 'How many shares will you take in this or in that?' I am printer of books; I am builder of museums; I have great share in docks, and I say to these, 'It is this that I am doing that is wanted.' This is not conspiracy; it is not plot; it is not society with riooons; but it is what Italy, my country wants. I grow poor; Italy grows rich. I am not wise in these things; they cheat me, because I am an enthusiast. Now, Guy, my brother, you are wise; you are deep; long in the head; in short, you are English! You shall be my guardian in these things—you shall save me from the cheat, and you shall work hard as you like for all the money you shall take of me. Come, my Guy, is it so?"

Need I say that it was so. The count and his Blanche made their honeymoon tour to England. They spent Christmas day with Alice and myself at Mr. Morton's, and when they left, Alice and I left with them for our new home in Florence.

THE END.

HOW TO BECOME A SOCIAL POWER.

Second the Efforts of Your Hostess and Make Yourself Agreeable.

The private theatrical or musicale often proves the open door to pleasant circles. The busy, worried matron who is superintending the affair will always have a kindly feeling for the girl who, instead of consulting her own preferences, without regard for the general good, enters heartily into the part assigned to her, and is more anxious to do good work than to display her own accomplishments.

It may be hard to wear the unbecoming wig and to disguise the cultured accent with brogue or dialect, but the unselfish spirit that prompted the assuming of an undesirable role will make her, if not the star of the programme, a favorite with those behind the scenes. The demand for her services will increase and advancement will come, for willingness to lose sight of self and fidelity to one's hostess are the handmaidens of success.

Second the efforts of your hostess instead of making demands upon her, writes Helen Jay in the Ladies' Home Journal. Help her to entertain her other guests, and in time your presence will be considered one of the essentials of a successful social event. Never appear bored. Nothing is so gratifying as the sight of a happy, animated guest. There is such a thing as cultivating a spirit so truly sweet that it calls out the best in others, and so always finds something to enjoy. In brief, by being more anxious to entertain than to be entertained, you will find your way to the front and become a social power and a delight to all who may meet you.

A Happy Remark.

Things happen sometimes which, all alone by themselves, would have paid us for living in the world. Yesterday Bettina and her papa were sitting together alone in a room. Bettina was discoursing upon something, no matter what, which led her father to say to her—

"But, my dear, there are no perfect people in the world."

"Oh, yes," she said. "I think there must be, for I know one who is."

"And who is that?"

"You!"

"Oh, oh! Your papa is very far from being perfect, my dear."

He said it so positively that she had to accept the statement as true. But she said quickly:

"Well, papa, you're perfect to me, anyway!"—Boston Transcript.

33rd Degree InSpelling Bees

"Dacryocystosyringokatakleisis" is a real word. It appears to be used in surgical circles, although it is doubted whether it is familiar. It is in the new medical cyclopedia published by the Appletons, which is in the possession of many of our physicians and surgeons. The word rests upon the following Greek words, as well as we can express them in the absence of the Greek type: Dakrer, a tear; Kustis, a sack; surigx (surinx) a fistula, and kataleisis, closure. It means an operation proposed by Dioffenbach for the healing of lacrymal fistulae (of the eye). It consisted in paring the edges of the fistula, dissecting up the skin around the opening and uniting the lips of the wound by sutures, assisting the sliding of the skin flaps by lateral incisions through the skin. The cyclopeuia adds that the name and the operation are not obsolete, a fact which should make mankind happier.—Brooklyn Eagle.

She Complimented the Baby.

One of an admiring group around a certain conscientious woman of boundless tact recently asked her what she found truthfully to say when adoring parents exhibited unpromising infants or their pictures. The tactful woman smiled with justifiable pride at the score of anxious feminine faces turned toward her: "I always exclaim ardently, 'Well, that is a baby,' and," with dancing eyes, "it is, you know."—New York Times.

A glass factory in Liverpool has "glass journal boxes for all its machinery, a glass floor, glass shingles on the roof and a smokestack 105 feet high built wholly of glass bricks, each a foot spuare."

MINNESOTA LAWMAKERS

DOINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE DAY BY DAY.

Routine Report of the Proceedings of Both Branches of the Minnesota Legislature During the Past Week.

MONDAY, FEB. 27.

Senate.

The following bills were introduced:

To amend the game and fish laws. Referred to the committee on game and fish; relating to changing the boundaries of independent school districts. Referred to committee on education; relating to fees in civil cases. To committee on judiciary; to validate the execution of deeds and mortgages in certain cases. To committee on udiciary; providing for a state land commission to inspect the state capitol lands in Kandiyohi county. Referred to the committee on public lands; relating to trust deeds. Rules were suspended and bill was placed on general orders; an act to amend the statutes relative to new trials.

House.

The following bills were introduced:

Making a liquor license personal property and allowing it to be mortgaged and subject to attachment; to provide for the transference of moneys collected from insurance companies from the state treasury to municipalities to be used in support of the fire depratment; placing building and loan associations under the direct supervision of the public examiner; relating to actions involving the validity of assessments against railroad companies; authorizing county commissioners to appropriate money for building and repair of roads in adjoining counties; to provide for public watering places outside of incorporated villages and cities; allowing aliens to own real estate in Minnesota; providing for the government o express companies, declaring them common carriers and bringing them under jurisdiction of the railroad and warehouse commissioners; making a time check a lien on logs or lumber after it has been sold;

TUESDAY, FEB. 28.

Senate.

A motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill providing for a verdict by five-sixths of a jury in civil actions was lost, was carried and the bill placed on the calendar.

The vote by which Senator Davis' fire insurance bill was lost, was reconsidered and the bill placed on the calendar.

There were no bills introduced and few committee reports in the senate today.

The following house bills were passed:

Legalizing town hall bonds in certain cases; relating to the admission of evidence in certain cases; to provide for the incorporation of clearing house associations; legalizing certificates of sale; relating to the rights of citizenship of employes; memorializing congress for a law providing for the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people.

House.

The following bills were introduced and referred to the proper committees:

To appropriate $600 for the purpose of draining lands and building roads in Meeker county;

To amend section 29, chapter 4, Laws of 1891, to regulate elections; to transfer the school text book fund to the current school fund; to appropriate $1,000 for a bridge in Stearns county; to appropriate $2,000 for a bridge between Morrison and Cass counties; to appropriate $1,000 for a bridge at Brainerd; relating to salaries of firemen in cities of over $50,000; prescribing the methods of holding elections in independent school districts; to authorize county commissioners to make leases to county agricultural societies; to amend the law of 1887, relating to the killing of fish by excepting white fish and suckers; to amend the law of 1879 relating to savings banks; to compel persons summoned as witnesses to give testimony; to appropriate money for a turnpike in Swift county; to forfeit the charters of railroads that have not complied with the conditions of their charters within five years; to amend law of 1878 relating to public roads; appropriating $300 for a bridge in Watonwan county.

Wednesday, March 1.

Senate.

The following bills were introduced:

To appropriate $1,000 for a bridge in Pine county; to provide for a new state house for the State of Minnesota; to fix the time for holding the general terms of the district court for the Eighth judicial district; to provide for the assessment and collection of a tax upon the estates of descendents; to legalize certain deeds and mortgages and the record thereof; to amend section 67, chapter 11, General Statutes of 1878; to amend section 58, chapter 11, General Statutes of 1878; to amend section 71, chapter 11, General Statutes 1878; to exempt mortgages from double taxation; legalizing certain bonds heretofore issued; to amend section 9, chapter 22, General Laws of 1889, relating to state lands.

House.

The committee on public buildings reported a substitute for the new capitol bill, which they recommended to pass. The bill was made a special order for Wednesday.

Mr. Greer moved that H. F. No. 592, his substitute free text book bill, be made a special order for next Tuesday at 2:30. The request was granted.

The following bills were introduced:

Making eight hours a day's labor; authorizing municipal corporations to aid in the construction of waterways; exempting engineers from duty as jurors; to amend the law of 1889 relating to the duties of county surveyors; fixing the compensation of attorneys in personal injury cases at not more than 25 per cent of the amount recovered or agreed upon in settlement; to legalize certain bonds issued by towns, counties or other public corporations; to define the boundary lines of Big Stone county more accurately; to appropriate $500 for a bridge in Wright county; to provide for the election of railroad and warehouse commissioners; fixing attorneys' fees for prosecution of personal injury cases at 5 per cent of the amount recovered, 7 per cent for settlement before trial, 10 per cent for settlement after trial, not more than 15 per cent in other cases. A reasonable fee for additional trials; for an additional clerk to the secretary of state at $1,500 per year.

Thursday, March 2.

Senate.

The following bills were introduced:

To appropriate money for the three hospitals for the insane; to prevent the abandonment of any railroad station or railroad track in the state except under certain conditions; to repeal chapter 518, Special Laws of 1889, relating to Sibley county; regulating the manufacture and sale of dairy products; to bring sleeping car companies, freight and freight line companies, express companies and car companies under the operation of the general railroad law of the state, chapter 10, General Laws of 1887, by amendment to subdivision A, of section 1; to regulate the taxation of farm or agricultural lands within the boundaries of cities or villages; to provide for the transfer of any balance in the state treasury belonging to the soldiers' relief fund to the general revenue fund upon July 31 of each year; to appropriate $200 for the purpose of having the names of two companies of sharpshooters inscribed upon a tablet to be made part of the Gettysburg monument.

House.

A resolution was passed limiting debate and allowing members only one minute in which to explain their votes.

The following bills were introduced:

To empower cities and villages to license peddlers; to limit action on transfer of property in certain cases; to establish the liability of commission merchants; to appropriate $700 for a bridge in Chisago county; to appropriate $1,200 for a bridge at Pine City; to amend the constitution to allow the taxation of sleeping car, mining, telephone and telegraph; relating to executions in justice courts; to appropriate $5,600.21 to pay for printing extra copies of the history of Minnesota troops; to appropriate $1,033 to reimburse a manufacturing company; appropriating $30,000 for a manual training building at the school of agriculture; to validate certain mortgage sales; to legalize certain certificates of sale in certain cases; to define the liabilities of railroad companies for injuries sustained by employes and extending law to telephone and telegraph companies; to regulate the taxation of farm lands within village limits; providing for justice and sheriff fees in certain cases; to amend law of 1878 relating to occupation of real estate and acquiring title thereto; to amend chapter 104, Laws of 1891, relating to qualification of drug clerks, read third time and passed; to authorize county surveyors to survey timber in unsettled townships; to compel railroad companies to furnish shipping facilities for all shippers of grain; to fix the fees of township supervisors.

FRIDAY MARCH 3.

Senate.

The following bills were introduced:

To provide for the care and protection of grain in cars at terminal points. To provide for the disposition of money received by the state treasurer from the tax on gross earnings of railroads. To repeal chapter 127, General Laws of 1883, to establish a state board of correction and charities. To appropriate $300 for a wagon road in Deer Creek, Otter Tail county. To provide for the assessment and taxation of personal property of manufacturers. To amend section 410 of the penal code relating to grand larceny. To appropriate $1,000 to bridge Buffalo creek, in Renville county. To provide for the destruction of grasshoppers, army worms, Hessian flies and other injurious insects. To encourage the use of wagons having broad tires. To appropriate $3,000 for a road along the county line of Ramsey and Washington counties.

The senate then went into committee of the whole on general orders.

House.

The following bills were introduced:

To regulate the assessment of taxes and real estate under mortgage. To amend section 418 of the penal code, defining grand larceny in the second degree. To regulate the sale of patent medicines. To prevent and punish fraud by the sale of goods by peddlers, requiring both state and local licenses.

The house then took up the calendar and passed Mr. Wagoner's bill to loan money for seed grain to farmers who lost their crops by hail last year. The bill provides for a loan of $75,000, which will bear 5 per cent interest and will be a lien on the land.

SATURDAY, MARCH 4.

Senate.

House File 40, Representative O'Neill's bill to make insurance policies continue whether premium notes are paid or not, came up when the calendar was reached. It met with objection by Senators J. D. Smith and Sanborn, who amended it so as not to apply to marine insurance or installment notes. Senator Sanborn moved to strike out the words in line 2 "or from any other cause" and to exempt marine policies. Carried. Senator Craven moved to further amend by exempting policies on the installment plan. Objected to. Several other attempts to amend were made and objected to. After a desultory discussion the bill was passed by a vote of 30 to 9.

House.

Mr. Winston offered a resolution that in recognition of the fact that it is inauguration day and as a token of respect for the respective out-going and in-coming administration, the house take a recess for one hour, 11 to 12 o'clock. Mr. Winston said there were other reasons for this. The sessions of the house had been characterized by the generous, nonpartisan conduct of its members in the transaction of business, free from serious differences and acrimonious debate. The time proposed could well be spent in personal, fraternal interchange, and in short addresses by the members. The resolution was adopted.

Sundry petitions were presented and referred.

Committee reports were made from the judiciary committee, with the exception of H. F. 582, to prohibit the giving of free passes to state officers, which was reported without recommendation. Also for H. F. 256, relating to inspectors of boilers and pilots, for which a substitute was reported. H. F. Nos. 231, 256 and 259, on the same subject, were reported to be indefinitely postponed. The reports were adopted.

The following bills were introduced and referred:

H. F. — to provide for the destruction of grasshoppers and other destructive insects and worms; H. F. 734, to abate nuisances; H. F. 735, to authorize boards of park commissions to issue certificates of indebtedness; H. F. 736, relating to weights and measures; H. F. 737, to provide a deputy state insurance commission; H. F. 738, relating to work on roads; H. F. 739, to prohibit the publication of testimony and the details of trials; H. F. 740, to provide for the construction of Canada thistles, wild mustard and other noxious weeds; H. F. 741, relating to terms of office of county auditors and treasurers, terms are increased to four years; H. F. 742, relating to clerk of court of Hennepin county; it repeals the special law of 1891 regarding fees; H. F. 613, recalled from the governor to be corrected, was, on motion, amended under suspension of the rules and repassed.

The house then went into committee of the whole on general orders.

The Bonaparte Name Losing Charm.

The Bonaparte family is said to be losing its charm in the eyes of the French people. With the death of the youthful son of Napoleon III. the dynasty, if it can be designated by that term, virtually came to an end and its influence on French men has since been on the decline. There is no prominent figure left to represent it, and, according to one of the society journals of Paris, the Bonapartist section of fashionable life is passing into oblivion. There are Bonapartists in the legislative assembly and adherents of the cause in the country, but the drawing room existence of the party is gradually disappearing.—Boston Journal.

Cuban Filibusters.

Key West, Fla., March 7.—The Cuban leader, Gen. Jose Marti, arrived last week from Tampa, Fla., at which place he stopped a few days endeavoring to arouse the spirits of his countrymen to strike again a blow for the freedom of Cuba. He raised several thousand dollars during his short stay there from the Cubans, which will go to defray the expenses of the expedition and for the purchase of arms for the insurgent army. Gen. Marti left New York Feb. 20. It is believed here that he will accompany the expedition, which will sail from Key West or from one of the many islands in the vicinity of this port, if the vessel which is to convey the members should succeed in eluding the authorities. Great excitement prevails here among the Cuban residents, who are very reticent on the subject of the expedition. It would seem almost impossible for the vessel to get away successfully from this island, in view of the precautions taken by the government. There is a picket guard from the cruiser Atlanta around the entire island. It is thought by some that, in view of the vigilance on the part of the authorities at this port, the expedition will start from one of the many islands in the vicinity of Key West. The corvette Kearsarge still lies at the mouth of the outer harbor, while the revenue cutter McLane is cruising along the Florida keys to intercept the insurrectionary vessel.

England the Ruler.

Zanzibar, March 7 — Alabin Said, sultan of Zanzibar, is dead. He was a brother of the former sultans, Khalifa and Burghash, and succeeded to the sultanate on the death of the former in February, 1890. He was born in 1855. No sooner was it known that the sultan was dead than his son Kalid gained admittance to the palace and barricaded it, but British troops forced him to open the doors. Kalid was then removed from the palace under a guard of soldiers, and Hamid, who has been the designated heir to the throne and recognized as such by the British, was proclaimed by the British authorities as sultan. The natives are reported to be thoroughly overawed by the energetic action of the British and Hamid is quietly accepted as sovereign. Hamid Bein Thawin is the son of a deceased brother of the late sultan and was heir to the throne according to Mohammedan law, as recognized in Zanzibar, and the effort of Kalid to seize the throne was, therefore, an attempt at usurpation. Gen. Matthews remains president of the council under Hamid, being the same place which he held under the late Sultan Ali. Peace has been maintained without a break through the prompt and vigorous action of the British.

Nearly Mobbed.

New York, March 7. — The Evening Post has information by cable that Mr. Gladstone was subjected to a hostile demonstration in aristocratic Brighton yesterday. On leaving St. Paul's church in the morning with Lord Acton he found a large crowd outside, including a number of young Tory "bloods" who saluted him with vigorous booing, hissing and cries of "traitor." The Liberals present responded with cheers, and the tumult was heightened. Mr. Gladstone's passage was blocked until a cab was fetched, and he drove quickly away. Inflammatory Orange speeches, which are now every day occurrences in Ulster, have goaded the government into action. Mr. Morley quietly issued orders to the chiefs of police in the Ulster district at the end of last week to arrange for police reporters to attend the public Orange meetings, and that the speakers be promptly prosecuted whenever the violence of the harangues gives an opportunity to interfere. The presence of official reporters at several meetings in the Belfast and Newry districts on Saturday and yesterday had a wholesome effect.

Adrift at Sea.

San Francisco, March 7.—News reached here to-day from Honolulu that a small boat containing Capt. John Peterson and wife of San Francisco, Second Mate Charles Brown, and Cabin Boy W. Hayden, Cook Frank Villen, Seamen Everson and William Carlson, terribly emaciated and almost speechless, reached port Feb. 13, bringing intelligence of the loss of the bark Lady Sampson bound from Sydney to Honolulu with a cargo of coal. The wreck occurred Jan. 16 on a reef forty miles south of the Palmyra islands. The bark struck in the night during a hurricane and in five minutes began to break up. In the other boat were First Mate Henry Muller, Seamer Snyder, Oscar Magnussen, J. Forgeson and Martin. The fate of the mate and his party is in doubt.



Mrs. Mary Andress Of Crawfordsville, Ind.

Almost Miraculous

Absolutely Helpless and Hopeless

The Grip, Rheumatism, Debility.

"For several years I have been a very great sufferer with rheumatism. In the winter of '90 and '91, when I had been obliged to use crutches for a long while, in my unfortunate condition I had a severe attack of the Grip, which put me down bedfast, for nearly a year. As I had a severe cough, the doctor thought my lungs affected, and that there was little or

No Hope of My Recovery

In the fall I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and in it found a medicine which was doing me good. From an utterly helpless condition I have now reached a good state of health. I do all my work and walk around without crutches. The pain and swelling caused by the rheuma-

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

tism are gone. All my friends regard my cure almost miraculous and give the highest praise to Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. MARY ANDRESS, Crawfordsville, Ind.

Hood's Pills cure Nausea, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Biliousness. Sold by all druggists.

Peter Johnson, a Sturgeon Bay fisherman, was assaulted by an unknown person and badly injured.

To Find Your Future Husband.

At bedtime, having fasted since noon, two girls who wish to obtain a sight of their future husbands boil an egg, which must be the first egg ever laid by the hen, in a pan in which no egg has never been boiled before. Having boiled it till it is hard, they cut it in two with something that has never been used as a knife before. Each girl eats her half and its shell to the last fragment, speaking no word the while; then, still in silence, they walk backward to the bed, "to sleep, perchance to dream."—English Folk Rhymes.

Ask your druggist or a bottle of the Quaker Catarrh Cure. Different from all other remedies. It is applied directly to parts affected and gives immediate and permanent relief for all forms of catarrh, colds in the head, influenza, &c. A guarantee can be had with each bottle to refund money if not satisfactory. If you will send us your name and address on a postal card we will send you a sample bottle free of all expense. Address QUAKER MED. ASS'N, St. Paul, Minn

A six-year-old son of A. N. Nordin of Atwater upset a pot of hot coffee and scalded himself so badly about the face and neck that death resulted.

A POSTAL WILL DO IT.

Send a postal card with your address to the Weekly Pioneer Press, St. Paul, Minn., and get a sample copy giving full particulars of their wonderful seed premiums. One dollar and a quarter's worth of vegetable seeds and the Weekly Pioneer Press one year for $1.20.

Mandamus proceedings have been begun in the district court to decide the validity of the Seeger gasoline contract.

At Red Wing Mrs. S. R. Benham, a pioneer resident, died recently.

A pamphlet describing home treatment for Catarrh, Throat, Lung, Nervous and Blood diseases sent free. Address St. Paul Medical and Surgical Institute, Merrill, Building, St. Paul, Minn.

Brigands entered the postoffice in Misterbianco, Sicily, stabbed to death the postmaster, Perinis, and his family, and carried off all the money and much of the mail.

The John A. Salzer company's seed plant at La Crosse was damaged by fire to the extent of $200.



SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, head aches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

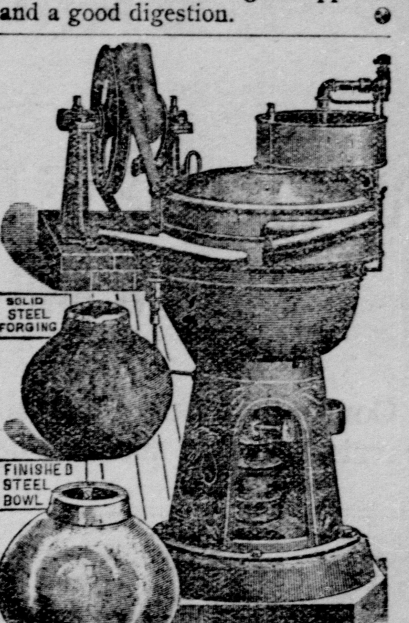
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

Ely's Cream Balm WILL CURE CATARRH Price 50 cents. Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N.Y.

"August Flower"

"I am Post Master here and keep a Store. I have kept August Flower for sale for some time. I think it is a splendid medicine." E. A. Bond, P. M., Pavilion Centre, N. Y.

The stomach is the reservoir. If it fails, everything fails. The liver, the kidneys, the lungs, the heart, the head, the blood, the nerves all go wrong. If you feel wrong, look to the stomach first. Put that right at once by using August Flower. It assures a good appetite and a good digestion.



JUMBO. The Alexandra Improved Cream Separator; capacity 2,500 to 4,000 pounds per hour; two horse power will run it. Also new model HAND SEPARATOR for the sale of which AGENTS are WANTED in every section. Manufacturers of everything in the line of machinery and supplies for butter and cheese factories. Send for catalogue. Davis & Rankin Bldg. and Mfg. Co., 240 to 254 West Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

GUNDLACH OPTICAL CO., ROCHESTER, N. Y., MANUFACTURE A FIRST-CLASS ASTRONOMICAL TELESCOPE, of three inches clear aperture, mounted complete, and equipped with celestial and terrestial eye-pieces, and accompanied by a fine Star Atlas, for $100.00. Send for Special Circular.

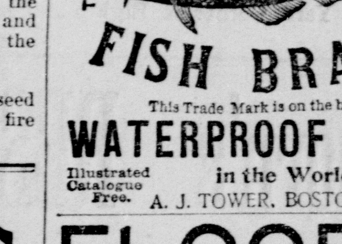


25 DOSES 25c THE GREAT COUGH CURE. TAKE THE BEST. SHILOH'S CURE. 25c 50c & $1.00

Cures Coughs, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough and Asthma. For *Consumption* it has no rival; has cured thousands where all others failed; will cure you if taken in time. Sold by Druggists on a guarantee. For Lame Back or Chest, use SHILOH'S PLASTER. 25 cts.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. Have you Catarrh? This remedy is guaranteed to cure you. Price 50 cts. Injector free.

Every Month many women suffer from Excessive or Scant Menstruation; they don't know who to confide in to get proper advice. Don't confide in anybody but try Bradfield's Female Regulator a Specific for PAINFUL, PROFUSE, SCANTY, SUPPRESSED and IRREGULAR MENSTRUATION. Book to "WOMAN" mailed free. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga. Sold by all Druggists.



TOWER'S FISH BRAND TRADE MARK. This Trade Mark is on the best WATERPROOF COAT in the World! Illustrated Catalogue Free. A. J. TOWER, BOSTON, MASS.

FLOOR PAINT.

Why not paint your floor some beautiful color, when you can get a paint especially made for that purpose. It makes them look brighter and cleaner. THE CLARE-SPEAKER CO.'S FLOOR PAINT wears longer than any other, produces the best finish and is the most satisfactory to use. Ask your dealer for it and take no other.

The Clare-Speaker Co., Dep't "O," MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Garfield Tea Overcomes results of bad eating. Cures Constipation, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 319 W. 45th St., N.Y. Cures Sick Headache

ALLEN'S IRON TONIC BITTERS The most Elegant Blood Purifier, Liver Invigorator, Tonic and Appetizer known. The first Bitters containing Iron ever advertised in America. J. P. ALLEN, Druggist & Chemist, St. Paul, Minn.

PRETTIEST BOOK EVER PRINTED. FREE SEED Cheap as dirt by oz. and lb. One Cent a pkg. UP, if rare. Cheap, pure, best. 1,000,000 extras. Beautiful Illustrated Catalogue free. R. H. SHUMWAY, Rockford, Ill.

CANCER CAN BE CURED We have cured thousands. Why not you! DROK METHOD. No Knife, no pain. Testimonials and illustrated pamphlet—FREE. PINGREE & TREAKLE, 241 Wabash Av., Chicago, Ill.

At ¼ Price Watches, Guns, Buggies, Harness, Sewing Machines, Organs, Bicycles, Farm Tools, Safes, etc. List FREE. CHICAGO SCALE CO., Chicago, Ill.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water.

CURES CATARRH LONDON BALM LONDON BALM CO. NEW YORK CURES CATARRH HAY FEVER SOLD BY YOUR DRUGGIST.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

MINNESOTA Grown Fruit, Shade and Ornamental Trees and Most Northern Nursery. Established 1868. Small Fruits, Shrubs, Roses, etc. Largest Hardy Iron Clad Varieties at prices of tender sorts. CATALOGUE AND PRICES MAILED FREE! Address THE JEWELL NURSERY CO., Lake City, Minn.

BEWARE OF FRAUD. Ask for, and insist upon having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Look for it when you buy. Sold everywhere.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

A sewed shoe that will not rip; Calf, seamless, smooth inside, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Every style. Equals custom-made shoes costing from $4 to $5.

The following are of the same high standard of merit:
$4.00 and $5.00 Fine Calf, Hand-Sewed.
$3.50 Police, Farmers and Letter-Carriers.
$2.50, $2.25 and $2.00 for Working Men.
$2.00 and $1.75 for Youths and Boys.
$3.00 Hand-Sewed, $2.50 and 2.00 Dongola, $1.75 for Misses. } FOR LADIES

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised as thousands can testify. Do you wear them?



Will give exclusive sale to shoe dealers and general merchants where I have no agents. Write for catalogue. If not for sale in your place send direct to Factory, stating kind, size and width wanted. Postage Free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

The Union

Bi Chloride of Gold Co.,

Of Brainerd, Minn.

Cale Block, Front Street.

W. J. BAIN, Manager.

FOR THE CURE OF THE LIQUOR HABIT, OPIUM AND TOBACCO.

Correspondence solicited. Our business is carried on in a strictly confidential manner.

N. McFADDEN,

DRUGGIST.

Pure Drugs!

Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles.

Proprietor of Sherwood's Cougn Syrup Glass Condition Powders and Stratton's Liniment.

Night Bell. 86 Front St

FINE LINE OF WEDDING STATIONERY AND BALL PROGRAMMES JUST RECEIVED. CALL AND EXAMINE.

LARSON & WALTERS,

—DEALERS IN—

Anthracite & Bituminous Coal

Hard and Soft Wood, Lime, Cement and Plastering Hair.

Cross Creek Lehigh Coal,

The only genuine Lehigh Coal in the Market

Office and Yard, Corner of Eighth and Main Streets, at N. P. Track.

Sanborn's RESTAURANT.

CITY HOTEL, 40 FRONT STREET.

REGULAR MEALS 25CTS.

BOARD $4.00 PER WEEK.

Meals cooked to order at any time, Day or Night, at VERY reasonable prices.

KOOP BROS.,

Sell the best and cheapest

Groceries!

And PROVISIONS.

Front Street, - between 6th and 7th.

HARNESS SHOP

CORNER LAUREL AND SIXTH STREETS.

Keep on hand an assortment of everything in the line.

Harness, Nets Whips, Curbs

BRUSHES, BRIDLES, SADDLES, COLLARS.

D. W. WHITFORD.

Fine Outfits Made a Specialty

—CALL AT—

C. D. Johnson's Drug Store,

EAST FRONT STREET,

And get a key to Health.

Try our new Perfumes.

Try our Semper Idem Cream for chapped hands & face.

Try our Soda Water.

Call and See Us.

C. D. JOHNOSN, Druggist.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper

Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, F. W. Wieland, } Editors and Proprietors.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

DR. NIVEN





the painless dentist will be in Brainerd March 11 till 15. First class work, low prices, painless operations. All work warranted. Fun to have teeth pulled by the painless method. All branches of dentistry at The Arlington. 16-2

Something About Painless Dentistry.

Editor of the DISPATCH.

In regard to painless dentistry, the following is an advertisement copied from the Staples World:

H. RIBBEL, Dentist.
Humbug.

Don't be humbuged by any one claiming to FILL teeth without pain. Any drug inserted in the cavity which is powerful enough to render the tooth insensible to pain, will surely spoil the tooth structures and do more harm than good. Painless filling has been proven to be the worst fraud in dentistry. For work done on honor wait for Dr. Nivens.

Local News Notes.

Large line of clothing at Cale's.

Painless dentist Nov. 11 till 15.

Fun to have teeth pulled by the painless dentist.

Church Walker, formerly of this city but lately of Detroit, has gone to St. Louis to accept a position.

See Dr. Nivens new method of ingerting teeth on the gums without wearing a plate—the latest & best.

C. D. Johnson visited the state captiol on Monday and saw how the republicans manage the affairs of state.

R. Parker, S. Hill and Geo. Clark have purchased the steam yacht owned by the Ovig boys and have taken it to Long Lake.

Mrs. Moberg was arrested under the Scheffer law on Wednesday, but was released on condition that she take the bi-chloride gold of cure.

And when you are desirous of purchasing furniture call on D. M. Clark &Co.—Their new spring stock has just arrived and you should see it.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Congregational church will be entertained next Wednesday afternoon by Mrs. Joseph Slipp assisted by Mrs. Wright.

When you need sash, doors, hardware, paints, crockery, lamps, furniture, carpets, wall paper or any goods in the way of house furniture call on D. M. Clark & Co.

A warrant was issued yesterday for the arrest of John Hendricksen, who lives near Crow Wing, for concealing personal property that was mortgaged.

A New England supper will be held at the Y. M. C A., March 22nd, by the Ladies Aid of the M.E.church. Supper from 5 to 10 p. m. Tickets 25 cents.

Wm. Priest, who has been employed by the N. P. company in the blacksmith shop at Sprague, Wash., has been the city for the past week, and is making arrangements to move with his family to Knoxville, Tenn.

Andrew Westley was before the municipal court charged with assault upon Walter Durgan. He was found guilty and fined $25 or 40 days in jail. Not having the change with him to pay his fine he is now in jail.

The W. C. T. U. will meet on Tuesday p. m. at 3 o'clock at Y M. C. A. parlor. The treasurer is very anxious to complete the collection of the semi-annual dues on or before the meeting. All members are requested to be present.

J. H. Mc Cauley departs for Brainerd next Monday to assume the duties of road-master on the Brainerd & Northern railway, to which position he was appointed last Wednesday. The News congratulates Mr. McCauley on securing so good a position and the company in getting so reliable and efficient an employe. While we regret to lose him from among us, we are glad to hear that his family will remain in LaPrairie at least through the spring.—LaPrairie News.

The Weyerhauser syndicate which has been buying up all the pine lands in the northwest has run up aginst a snag. There is a law on the statue books which says that no corporation shall own more than 5,000 acres of land, and if it acquires it the state shall confiscate it. The pine trust is very anxious to have the law repealed. It was to prevent such trusts that this law was passed, and it would be the height of folly to repeal it, now that there is a case which it fits and a condition of affairs which it was intended to prevent.—Fergus Falls Journal.

In all probability C. D. Johnson will be appointed postmaster of Brainerd under the new administration as soon as a change is decided on. He is the unanimous choice of the Democrats of Brainerd and has the support of the "power behind the throne" which makes it possible to say that his appointment is only a matter of time. Congressman Baldwin from this district, and who will dictate all appointments in that line is on record as saying that Mr. Johnson will be the person placed in that position. The change when it comes will also bring a change of location, as the gentleman will remove the office from its present home to a place more convenient for himself and to the public, as he believes, the exact location not having been determined on but somewhere between 7th and 8th streets on Front.

Schillings minstrels at the opera house to-night.

R. H. Capistrant has been granted a pension of $8 a month.

L. J. Cale wishes to see all his old friends at his new stand.

Mrs. J. W. Murray has been dangerously ill for the past two weeks as a result of child birth.

Dr. Camp was called to Duluth on Monday on account of the serious illness of Chas. Hazen, formerly of this city, with typhoid fever.

Mr. C. N. Howe, the popular restauranteur, left last night for Brainerd where he will take the bi-chloride of gold treatment.—Aitkin Age.

Redding & McCarthy have moved their grocery business into the store room recently occupied by Gallup & Co. undertaking rooms.

The many friends of Charlie Gates, formerly of Brainerd, will be sorry to learn that he was quite seriously injured while sliding a few days ago. He is slowly recovering.

Among the special features of Commencement program of the class of '93, of the Brainerd High School, will be a class from history and prophecy and also the unvailing of the class motto.

H.H. Barber, son-in-law of Hon. L. P. White of this city, who has for six years been paying teller of the Henniping county savings bank at Minneapolis, has been promoted to the position of assistant cashier.

Miss Carrie Morrison, the fascinating little milliner of Brainerd, was in town Wednesday completing arrangements for the opening of a millinery and dressmaking establishment in Aitkin on April 1st.—Aitkin Age.

On Tuesday morning about five o'clock a lamp exploded in the lunch room in connection with Farmers Place on Fifth street, and an alarm was turned in but the blaze was extinguished before the department arrived

Staff Capt. Blanche Cox, the Salvation Army speaker advertised to appear at the Methodist church last Friday evening, failed to put in an appearance. A rousing meeting was held however, which was addressed by Rev. Sanderson and others.

The Pythian Sisters of Brainerd will give a social at the home of Mrs. Geo. Bertram, No. 17, Ninth street north, on Wednesday evening, the 17th. All Knights, their wives and friends are cordially invited to attend.

Brainerd is coming to the front this season in the base ball field. D. C. Blandy has taken the management of the team in hand. Mr. Bland is an ex-league twirler and has the reputation of being a good one.—Princeton Union.

Uncle Ed White, who was reported in our last issue as having pneumonia, was slightly improved the first of the week, but on Wednesday he grew worse and for the last day or two his death has been expected at any time. He is now unconscious most of the time.

H. D. Powers' usually bright features are more than illuminated by a look of gladness, since the birth of his son and heir, which happy event occurred last Thursday. The mother and child are progressing finely under the care of Dr. Rosser.—Grang Rapids Magnet.

Dr. Niven will pull your teeth and you will never feel it, or he will fill them with beautiful gold, silver, platinum or bone fillings and save them for years, or he will make you a new set and give you 500 sets to select from. First class work at low prices, at the Arlington, March 11 till 15 inclusive.

Max Shapiro formely of this city, but now of Lower has offered a reward of $250 for the arrest and conviction of the parties who fired the dwelling house owned by him at Soudan Monday. Mr. Shaprio has suffered two fires within two months, which he thinks were both of incendiary origin.

Mrs. Lena Magnusson, wife of Axel Magnusson, who resides in the Mahlum House in E.Brainerd, died yesterday of puerperal convulsions, aged 21 years. Her remains will be interred in Evergreen cemetery on Saturday the 11th, the funeral services being conducted at the house by Rev. Gravander.

Wm Guthrie the painter and paper hanger returned to Brainerd on Monday after an absence of several months. He was married to Miss Annie Rodgers, also a Brainerd lady, at Minneapolis on Dec. 21st, and they wil begin house-keeping in a few days in the Rodgers residence next to the Palace Hotel, in a few days.

The case of Thomas Hefferen, formerly of this city, against the Northern Pacific railroad is now in progress of trial in the United States circuit court at St. Paul. The suit is brought to recover $50,000 damages for loss of both eyes by the plaintiff while employed at the shops of the company in Brainerd. The case has been dismissed.

On Wednesday evening about nine o'clock the barn at Fred Bradbury's residence on Fifth street north was discovered on fire. The department was on hand in a short time and extinguished the blaze although the barn was quite badly burned. About two o'clock in the morning it caught fire again and was nearly destroyed before the flames were subdued. The loss in the neighborhood of $200.

Gun Club Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Brainerd Gun Club was held at I. U. White's store on Monday evening, at which nearly all the members were present. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year.

A. F. Ferris, President.
I. U. White, Vice President.
Geo. D. La Bar, Treasurer.
W. H. Mantor, Secretary.
Andrew E. Veon, Field Captain.

Resolutions were passed endorsing Senate File No. 137, and urging our representatives to do all in their power to enact it into a law.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

A most Destestable Pratice.

At the meeting of the county commissiouers on Wednesday, Mrs. John Guyot, whose husband was sent to jail for 90 days under the Scheffer law last week, appealed for assistance to keep herself and family from want. She is a most estimable, sensitive, hard working woman, and it was no pleasant duty for her to ask for aid, but she was compelled to do so or see her six small children suffer, and all because of the weakness and depravity of the natural protector of herself and family, and the fiendish cruelty and devilish avarice of certain saloon men in this city, whose continuance in the business here is dangerous to the community and should no longer be tolerated. This man Guyot is a good workman, and gets good pay and has plenty of work when sober, but when he gets a few dollars ahead, he spends it for whiskey while his family wants for the necessaries of life. He has been advertised as an habitual drunkard, and yet certain saloons, contrary to law, have furnished him with all the whisky he wanted. Recently he began to take the gold cure, when a certain saloon keeper, fearing that if he quit he would loose the money that was spent for whiskey while his family suffered, took him into his place and gave him drink after drink until he was finaly able to retain one on his stomach, and as a result he quit taking the cure and got on a drunk that resulted in his imprisonment.

This action on the part of the saloon keeper is the most detestable, devilish thing that we have ever heard of. For a few dollars gained contrary to law, he would wreck the happiness of a whole family and throw them on the charity of the community. The city council, through committee, is now investigating these cases where liquor has been sold to habitual drunkards, and in violation of the law, and the revoking of licenses and prosecution of the offenders may be looked for.

The Journal Corrected.

Editors DISPATCH: Kindly permit me to correct the Brainerd Journal. I was never in favor of the Walsh bill raising the amount of liability in cases of death. I was opposed to it from the start, and said so on the floor of the house. At first I doubted the propriety of fixing any limit, and thought the question of damages should be left to a jury. I said further that if the bill could be made to relate to railroads only, I would favor anything. I told the author of the bill, Mr. Walsh, that I should fight his bill, but thought I would support an amendment taking the limit off entirely. The bill was amended, and came up in the committee of the whole on the proposed amendment. I was opposed to the amendment, because I had, on reflection, been "convinced" that I was wrong. I never changed my mind as to the original bill. The whole thing was killed, the entire delegation from the 46th district standing together. We were all "convinced". When it is remembered that under the old law there was no liability in such cases; that our statutes is like the statutes of nearly all the other states; that the damages are not the value of the life of the person killed, but the pecuniary loss of the widow, child, uncle, or cousin, as the case may be; that the removal of the limit would benefit the rich only, and that, in our state especially, other industries than railroads would be made to suffer, and perhaps be wiped out, is it strange that so many who were at first in favor of the bill, should be "convinced?" We have been "convinced of several things this winter, Mr. Journal man, and it will be a pleasure to inform the public of the nature of our convictions, if you have no objections.

Respectfully,
W. A. FLEMING.

Democratic Enthusiasm.

The Democrats of this city enjoyed themselves at the Arlington last Saturday as only Democrats can when there is anything to eat, and more especially to drink, in sight. None but Democrats were present, which, of course, in this city, would not make a very large crowd. Charley Johnson was master of ceremonies, and after the boys had partaken sufficiently of the good things to be feeling good, Mr. Johnson opened the exercises of the evening in a stirring speech, for Charley knows how to stir the animals in the Democratic cage. Other speeches were made by Messrs. H. C. Stivers, W. H. Mantor, W. S. McClenahan, S. F. Alderman and Mayor Hemstead. Mr. Mantor then offered lenghty resolutions in which he expressed the joy of the faithful for this opportunity to celebrate, eulogized Grover Cleveland and tariff reform principles, and the wisdom of his cabinet selections, and provided for a telegram of congratulations to President Cleveland on his inauguration. The resolutions were adopted and the following telegram ordered sent to the president:

HON. GROVER CLEVELAND,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Democrats of Brainerd, Minnesota, assembled at a banquet in honor of your second inauguration, desire to honor themselves in tendering to you and to our party, and to the nation, most cordial congratulations, and bespeak for your administration the highest measure of success.

C. D. JOHNSON,
Chairman.

St. Patrick's Day Entertainment.

St. Patrick's day will be observed in this city by an entertainment at the opera house by local talent. An oration will be delivered by Hon. James Manahan, of St. Paul, a gifted orator. At the conclusion of the address, the thrilling drama, "Kathleen Mavourneen, or A St. Patrick's Eve Dream," will be presented with the same excellent cast of charaters that produced the play here only a couple of months ago. Between the acts there will be vocal selections as follows: S.F.Alderman will sing "Come Back to Erin;" Mrs. Redding, "The Harp through Tara's Hall;" Miss Mattie Kennedy, "The Beautiful Isle of the Sea;" Mrs. Theviot, "Kathleen My Dear;" and Misses Canan and Meekins will sing a selected song. Three beautiful tableaux will be presented, "Ireland as it Was," "Ireland as it Is," and "Ireland as it Will Be." Admission 25 cents and 50 cents.

Lecture.

Rev. T. A. Turner, of Excelsior, Minn., will deliver a lecture on America, Tuesday evening March 14, at the First Congregational church. A short musical programme will also be rendered. This lecture was postponed from Monday Feb 27, on account of the severe storm.

A. O. U. W. Anniversary Services.

Anniversary services will be held next Sunday afternoon the 12th inst., at St. Paul Church by the Ancient Order of the United Workmen, Geo. H. Davis conducting the ceremonies. All members of the order are requested to meet at Odd Fellows Hall at 2 p. m. sharp. All visiting brothers in the city are invited to attend.

A. E. PENNELL,
Master Workman.

WM HENDRICKSEN,
Recording Secretary.

Robbed a Swede.

On Monday Mrs. G. A. King, of Gull River, a lewed female who is known in this city as "Irish Nell," was arrested and arranged in the municipal court on Monday charged with stealing a gold watch and chain from a Swede lumberman, John Nelson. She plead not guilty and was released on bail until her trial which was set for yesterday. She failed to put in an appearance and the case was continued until Saturday. The watch was found in the possession of the bar tender at Andrew Wallace's saloon, who claims he gave it to her.

Death's Victims.

A five-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Kennedy is quite ill with pneumonia.—Transcript

Amanda Gilbert, aged 65 years, died the first of the week at her home in Pillager, of dropsy. Her remains were buried at Gull River today.

Ida S. Sangola, a three year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Stepen Sangola, died on Wednesday March 8th, of spinal meninites, and will be buried Saturday the 11th.

Yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock Miss Fannie E. Carlton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Carlton, of this city, died of heart disease. She has been ill several weeks and her death has been momenterily expected. She was a handsome and accomplished young lady, a great favorite in the circle in which she moved, and her death will be greatly mourned by her many friends. She was 17 years old last November. The funeral services will be conducted at the Baptist church next Sunday afternoon at three o'clock, Rev. J. A. Jenkins officiating. The afflicted parents have the sympathy of the community.

Homes at the World's Fair.

There is no reason why anyone should be deterred from visiting the World's Fair by reason of possible inconvenience and uncertainty attending the securing of satisfactory hotel accommodations.

The Northern Pacific Railroad will in due time publish low excursion rates to Chicago and return for this occasion, while its double daily passenger train service, including through sleeping cars of both classes (Standard and Tourists) to Chicago, will as usual be at the head of the list in every particular.

To help you in fixing in advance upon your place of residence while attending the World's Fair, we have placed in the hands of our agent at your station a book compiled by perfectly trustworthy parties, called "Homes for Visitors to the World's Fair." This little book, which you can purchase for fifty cents, contains a list of about 9,000 private families who will accommodate visitors in Chicago during the time of the Fair, viz: May 1st to October 30th; gives their names and addresses, and number of rooms each will have to spare. The book also gives a list of the hotels and their locations; has twelve full-page large-scale maps, each representing a section of the city, so that with this information before him the intending visitor himself can, at leisure, select the quarter of the city in which he would prefer to stop, corresponding IN ADVANCE with one or more families in that locality with regard to rates and the accommodations desired.

CHAS. S. FEE, N. P. R. R.

Bids For Stone.

BRAINERD, March 3, 1893.

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the undersigned for 100 cords of stone, or less, for foundation purposes. Said stone to be delivered on the proposed sites of the new school houses. Full particulars can be obtained for the next 10 days from

A. E. PENNELL,
16-2 Sec. Board of Education.

Items of Interest.

Souvenir spoons at Sundbergs.

Fine Wisconsin cheese at McGinn & Baileys.

Silverware, useful and ornamental at Mrs. F. G. Sundberg's.

Fine line of ladies' Blouchers in C, D and E widths at Bredfeld's shoe store.

1,000 men, women and children wanted to try on SHOES at L. J. Cale's.

The office of J. R. Smith is the headquarters for reliable fire insurance. Room 4, Sleeper Block.

D. M. Clark & Co. carry a full line of harness, and harness goods. Harness repairing done neatly and quickly.

Call on D. M. Clark & Co. and inspect their new spring stocks of carpets, rugs and wall paper.

D. M. Clark & Co. have just received a large line of lace curtains, which they will retail at from $1.50 to $8.

Housekeeping outfits on the installment plan at the Hoffman Bazaar.—tf.

Everything in ladies' Oxford ties at reduced prices at Bredfeld's.

Pure buckwheat, the best in the market at McGinn & Baileys.

For fine confectionery, nuts, etc.; go to McGinn & Baileys.

Re-varnish your buggies once a year at Congdon's.

Touch up and varnish your wagons for spring trade, at Congdon,s. It will save you repainting.

Silver inlaid flat ware (warranted) twenty-five years at Sundberg's.

Horses, cows, ponies, wagons, buggies and harnesses for sale on time at Hoffman's

Professional Cards.

McCLENAHAN & MANTOR

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Office, Rooms and 2, Bank Block, BRAINERD, MINN.

R. K. WHITELEY,

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office, Room 11, Bank Block.
BRAINERD..... MINN.

DR. H. RIBBEL,

DENTIST
Rooms 3 and 4 over Bank Block.
BRAINERD, - - MINN.

THE GENUINE

KEELEY TREATMENT

Authorized and under the direction of of the LESLEY E. KEELEY CO., Dwight, Ill., for cure of

Liquor, Opium

—AND—

Tobacco Habits

BY THE USE OF DR. LESLIE E. KEELEY'S DOUBLE CHLORIDE OF GOLD REMEDIES.

Indorsed by progressive physicians, philanthropists and divines, including Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage, of Brooklyn Tabernacle, who recently visited Dwight and addressed the 700 patients in line. The United States government has adopted these remedies for use in all States and National Soldiers' Homes. Carefully kept records prove 95 per cent. permanent cures; 66,000 homes already made happy. The objectionable features of Sanitarium treatment removed. No hospital; no restriction. All necessary liquors supplied during treatment. Patients are simply residents like ourselves. Terms $25 per week; board extra, $7 to $15 per week, to suit purse and inclination. Good accommodations, including baths, at the Institute.

NOTE OF WARNING.

To the Public:

As a matter of justice to ourselves and to the reputation of Dr. Leslie E. Keeley's Double Chloride of Gold Remedies for the cure of the Liquor, Opium, Morphine and Tobacco Diseases, and Neurasthenia, we warn the public that these remedies are used by no institution or sanitarium in the United States, except those established by our company under the uniform name of "THE KEELEY INSTITUTE."

All others claiming to use our remedies are frauds and impostors.

We have now sixty Keeley Institutes established in various parts of the United States, where the Keeley Treatment is administered, and the Keeley remedies sold. We, however, caution all to examine well and know that they are dealing with GENUINE REPRESENTATIVES, authorized by us, before taking treatment or purchasing remedies.

The misleading establishments use the name of "Bichloride of Gold" or similar titles. The newspapers often fail to discriminate sufficiently to know that they are imitators. This is a matter of public welfare, and hence this warning.

We desire inspection of our Institution and invite correspondence, which is strictly confidential.

Respectfully Yours,

THE LESLIE E. KEELEY CO.,

PROPRIETORS OF

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE,

Oth Street and Park Avenue,

Minneapolis, - - Minn.

Wisconsin Central Lines,

(Northern Pacific R. R. Co., Lessee.)

Latest Time Card.

TWO THROUGH TRAINS DAILY.

12.45pm	6.25pm	Lv. - Mpls.	Ar	9.05am	4.15pm
1.30pm	7.15pm	Lv. St. Paul	Ar	8.30am	3.40pm
10.15am	4.15pm	Lv. Duluth	Ar	11.40am	6.50pm
1.50pm	7.25pm	Lv. Ashland	Ar	8.20am	3.30pm
7.15am	9.59pm	Ar. Chicago	Ar	5.47pm	10.45pm

Tickets sold and baggage checked through to all points in the United States and Canada.

Close connection made in Chicago with all trains going East and South.

For full information apply to your nearest ticket agent or JAS. C. POND,
Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agt., Chicago, Ill.

STATEMENT OF

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK

RICHARD A. McCURDY, PRESIDENT.

For the year ending December 31, 1892

Assets - $175,084,156 61

Reserve for Policies (American Table 4 Per Cent.) -	$159,181,067 00
Miscellaneous Liabilities -	734,855 67
Surplus - - - -	15,168,233 94
Income	
Premiums - - - -	$32,047,765 34
Interest, Rents, &c. - -	8,191,099 90
	$40,238,865 24
Disbursements	
To Policy-Holders - -	$19,386,522 46
For Expenses and Taxes -	7,419,611 08
	$26,806,143 54

The Assets are Invested as follows:

United States Bonds and other securities - -	$65,820,434 89
Loans on Bond and Mortgage, first lien - - - -	69,348,092 54
Loans on Stocks and Bonds	10,394,597 50
Real Estate - - - -	15,638,884 26
Cash in Banks and Trust Companies - - -	7,806,672 56
Accrued Interest, Deferred Premiums, &c. - - -	6,075,474 87
	$175,084,156 61

Insurance and Annuities

Insurance Assumed and Renewed - - -	$654,909,586 00
Insurance in Force - -	745,780,083 00
Annuities in Force - -	852,036 01
Increase in Annuities - -	$82,732 98
Increase in Payments to Policy-Holders - - -	656,920 60
Increase in Receipts - -	2,604,130 71
Increase in Surplus - -	3,187,266 78
Increase in Assets - -	15,577,017 96
Increase in Insurance Assumed and Renewed - - -	47,787,765 00
Increase in Insurance in Force	50,295,925 00

NOTE—In accordance with the intention of the Management as announced in November, 1891, to limit the amount of new insurance actually issued and paid for in the accounts of the year 1892, to One Hundred Million Dollars, the amount of insurance in force as above stated includes the amount of such voluntary limit with but a slight increase unavoidable in closing the December accounts

I have carefully examined the foregoing Statement and find the same to be correct
A. N. WATERHOUSE, Auditor

From the Surplus a dividend will be apportioned as usual

ROBERT A. GRANNISS, VICE-PRESIDENT

WALTER R. GILLETTE - General Manager
FREDERIC CROMWELL - - - Treasurer
EMORY MCCLINTOCK LL.D. F.I.A. - Actuary

E. W. PEET & SON, Managers,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

A Remarkable Discovery.

A remarkable discovery is one of the chronic proclamations of advertisers. Cubeb Cough Cure is not such, it is an established remedy with known merit, made on scientific principles by experienced chemists. It affords instant relief, and is called the SIXTY SECOND REMEDY, for it stops coughing at once, does not cure but gives temporary relief to consumptives, and absolutely cures all other affections of the throat, lungs, etc. For Croup Whooping Cough and Colds of children, Cubeb Cough Cure is valuable. For sale by druggisis in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Sold by N. McFadden.

Guarantee A Cure.

The manufacturers of the Capital Catarrh Cure (Trade Mark "C. C. C.) GUARANTEE for their remedy an immediate relief and permanent cure if used according to the directions on the package. Ask for the three C's and take no other. Price 25¢ cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists in the city.

Sleeper Opera House.

G. W. ALEXANDER, Manager.

Schilling's Minstrels!

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 10.

COMING.

KATIE PUTNAM.

C. B. WHITE,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

This is What We Carry:

Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Wood Stock and

Builders' Hardware,

Also Skates, Glass, Rope, Tools of all Kinds, Guns, Ammunition, Sporting Goods, Cutlery, hand sleds. Sled and wagon shop work of all kinds done promptly. Call on us.

C. U. WHITE, Manager.
No. 32 Laurel St.

We Meet All Competition.

—THE NEW FIRM OF—

McGINN & BAILEY

Are Selling their Carefully Selected Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

FRESH VEGETABLES IN SEASON.

We aim to please our customers in all particulass and invite your patronage.

Sixth Street, between Front and Laurel.

KATZ BROS.,

—DEALER IN—

STOVES AND TINWARE,

Shelf Hardware, Nails, Etc.

New store just opened at McColl's Old Stand on 7th Street. New Stock. LOW PRICES and Fair Dealing.

Great Bargains in Cooking Stoves.

Call and See Us

There be Marrying

And Giving in Marriage.

Whether your Bank account approves the custom or not you are bound to pay your respects to the bride-elect. For a

Nice Selection of Presents in

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY and SILVERWARE,

—CALL ON—

MRS. F. G. SUNDBERG,

CORNER FRONT AND SIXTH STREETS.

M. HAGBERG,

Wholesale and retail

GROCER!

HAS A LARGE AND COMPLTE STOCK OF

Staple & Fancy Groceries, Flour Feed, Provisions, Etc.

M. HAGBERG.

Odd Fellows' Block.

L. P. WHITE, Jr.

Real Estate Agent.

Room 2, Sleeper Block.

Improved and Unimproved Property

FOR SALE,

In various parts of the City.

HOUSES for SALE.

PROTECT YOURSELF

—BY—

A Policy on Your



—FROM—

J. R. SMITH,

FIRE Insurance,

[None but reliable companies represented.]

Real Estate,

RENTS & COLLECTIONS.

Room 4, Sleeper Block. - Brainerd.

The Union

Bi Chloride of Gold Co.,

Of Brainerd, Minn.

Cale Block, Front Street.

W. J. BAIN, Manager.

FOR THE CURE OF THE LIQUOR HABIT, OPIUM AND TOBACCO.

Correspondence solicited. Our business is carried on in a strictly confidential manner.

N. McFADDEN,

DRUGGIST.

Pure Drugs!

Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles.

Proprietor of Sherwood's Cougn Syrup Glass Condition Powders and Straton's Liniment.

Night Bell. 86 Front St

FINE LINE OF WEDDING STATIONERY AND BALL PROGRAMMES JUST RECEIVED. CALL AND EXAMINE.

LARSON & WALTERS,

—DEALERS IN—

Anthracite & Bituminous Coal

Hard and Soft Wood, Lime, Cement and Plastering Hair.

Cross Creek Lehigh Coal,

The only genuine Lehigh Coal in the Market

Office and Yard, Corner of Eighth and Main Streets, at N. P. Track.

Sanborn's RESTAURANT.

CITY HOTEL, 40 FRONT STREET.

REGULAR MEALS 25CTS.

BOARD $4.00 PER WEEK.

Meals cooked to order at any time, Day or Night, at VERY reasonable prices.

KOOP BROS.,

Sell the best and cheapest

Groceries!

And PROVISIONS.

Front Street, - between 6th and 7th.

HARNESS SHOP

CORNER LAUREL AND SIXTH STREETS.

Keep on hand an assortment of everything in the line.

Harness, Nets Whips, Curbs

BRUSHES, BRIDLES, SADDLES, COLLARS.

D. W. WHITFORD.

Fine Outfits Made a Specialty

—CALL AT—

C. D. Johnson's Drug Store,

EAST FRONT STREET,

And get a key to Health.

Try our new Perfumes.

Try our Semper Idem Cream for chapped hands & face.

Try our Soda Water.

Call and See Us.

C. D. JOHNOSN, Druggist.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, F. W. Wieland, } Editors and Proprietors.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

DR. NIVEN



the painless dentist will be in Brainerd March 11 till 15. First class work, low prices, painless operations. All work warranted. Fun to have teeth pulled by the painless method. All branches of dentistry at The Arlington. 16-2

Something About Painless Dentistry.

Editor of the DISPATCH.

In regard to painless dentistry, the following is an advertisement copied from the Staples World:

H. RIBBEL, Dentist.
Humbug.

Don't be humbuged by any one claiming to FILL teeth without pain. Any drug inserted in the cavity which is powerful enough to render the tooth insensible to pain, will surely spoil the tooth structures and do more harm than good. Painless filling has been proven to be the worst fraud in dentistry. For work done on honor wait for Dr. Nivens.

Local News Notes.

Large line of clothing at Cale's.

Painless dentist Nov. 11 till 15.

Fun to have teeth pulled by the painless dentist.

Church Walker, formerly of this city but lately of Detroit, has gone to St. Louis to accept a position.

See Dr. Nivens new method of ingerting teeth on the gums without wearing a plate—the latest & best.

C. D. Johnson visited the state captiol on Monday and saw how the republicans manage the affairs of state.

R. Parker, S. Hill and Geo. Clark have purchased the steam yacht owned by the Ovig boys and have taken it to Long Lake.

Mrs. Moberg was arrested under the Scheffer law on Wednesday, but was released on condition that she take the bi-chloride gold of cure.

And when you are desirous of purchasing furniture call on D. M. Clark &Co.—Their new spring stock has just arrived and you should see it.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Congregational church will be entertained next Wednesday afternoon by Mrs. Joseph Slipp assisted by Mrs. Wright.

When you need sash, doors, hardware, paints, crockery, lamps, furniture, carpets, wall paper or any goods in the way of house furniture call on D. M. Clark & Co.

A warrant was issued yesterday for the arrest of John Hendricksen, who lives near Crow Wing, for concealing personal property that was mortgaged.

A New England supper will be held at the Y. M. C A., March 22nd, by the Ladies Aid of the M.E.church. Supper from 5 to 10 p. m. Tickets 25 cents.

Wm. Priest, who has been employed by the N. P. company in the blacksmith shop at Sprague, Wash., has been the city for the past week, and is making arrangements to move with his family to Knoxville, Tenn.

Andrew Westley was before the municipal court charged with assault upon Walter Durgan. He was found guilty and fined $25 or 40 days in jail. Not having the change with him to pay his fine he is now in jail.

The W. C. T. U. will meet on Tuesday p. m. at 3 o'clock at Y M. C. A. parlor. The treasurer is very anxious to complete the collection of the semi-annual dues on or before the meeting. All members are requested to be present.

J. H. Mc Cauley departs for Brainerd next Monday to assume the duties of road-master on the Brainerd & Northern railway,to which position he was appointed last Wednesday. The News congratulates Mr. McCauley on securing so good a position and the company in getting so reliable and efficient an employe. While we regret to lose him from among us, we are glad to hear that his family will remain in LaPrairie at least through the spring,—LaPrairie News.

The Weyerhauser syndicate which has been buying up all the pine lands in the northwest has run up aginst a snag. There is a law on the statue books which says that no corporation shall own more than 5,000 acres of land, and if it acquires it the state shall confiscate it. The pine trust is very anxious to have the law repealed. It was to prevent such trusts that this law was passed, and it would be the height of folly to repeal it, now that there is a case which it fits and a condition of affairs which it was intended to prevent.—Fergus Falls Journal.

In all probability C. D. Johnson will be appointed postmaster of Brainerd under the new administration as soon as a change is decided on. He is the unanimous choice of the Democrats of Brainerd and has the support of the "power behind the throne" which makes it possible to say that his appointment is only a matter of time. Congressman Baldwin from this district, and who will dictate all appointments in that line is on record as saying that Mr. Johnson will be the person placed in that position. The change when it comes will also bring a change of location, as the gentleman will remove the office from its present home to a place more convenient for himself and to the public, as he believes, the exact location not having been determined on but somewhere between 7th and 8th streets on Front.

Schillings minstrels at the opera house to-night.

R. H. Capistrant has been granted a pension of $8 a month.

L. J. Cale wishes to see all his old friends at his new stand.

Mrs. J. W. Murray has been dangerously ill for the past two weeks as a result of child birth.

Dr. Camp was called to Duluth on Monday on account of the serious illness of Chas. Hazen, formerly of this city, with typhoid fever.

Mr. C. N. Howe, the popular restauranteur, left last night for Brainerd where he will take the bi-chloride of gold treatment.—Aitkin Age.

Redding & McCarthy have moved their grocery business into the store room recently occupied by Gallup & Co. undertaking rooms.

The many friends of Charlie Gates, formerly of Brainerd, will be sorry to learn that he was quite seriously injured while sliding a few days ago. He is slowly recovering.

Among the special features of Commencement program of the class of '93, of the Brainerd High School, will be a class from history and prophecy and also the unvailing of the class motto.

H.H. Barber, son-in-law of Hon. L. P. White of this city, who has for six years been paying teller of the Hennipin county savings bank at Minneapolis, has been promoted to the position of assistant cashier.

Miss Carrie Morrison, the fascinating little milliner of Brainerd, was in town Wednesday completing arrangements for the opening of a millinery and dressmaking establishment in Aitkin on April 1st.—Aitkin Age.

On Tuesday morning about five o'clock a lamp exploded in the lunch room in connection with Farmers Place on Fifth street, and an alarm was turned in but the blaze was extinguished before the department arrived

Staff Capt. Blanche Cox, the Salvation Army speaker advertised to appear at the Methodist church last Friday evening, failed to put in an appearance. A rousing meeting was held however, which was addressed by Rev. Sanderson and others.

The Pythian Sisters of Brainerd will give a social at the home of Mrs. Geo. Bertram, No. 17, Ninth street north, on Wednesday evening, the 17th. All Knights, their wives and friends are cordially invited to attend.

Brainerd is coming to the front this season in the base ball field. D. C. Blandy has taken the management of the team in hand. Mr. Bland is an ex-league twirler and has the reputation of being a good one.—Princeton Union.

Uncle Ed White, who was reported in our last issue as having pneumonia, was slightly improved the first of the week, but on Wednesday he grew worse and for the last day or two his death has been expected at any time. He is now unconscious most of the time.

H. D. Powers' usually bright features are more than illuminated by a look of gladness, since the birth of his son and heir, which happy event occurred last Thursday. The mother and child are progressing finely under the care of Dr. Rosser.—Grang Rapids Magnet.

Dr. Niven will pull your teeth and you will never feel it, or he will fill them with beautiful gold, silver, platinum or bone fillings and save them for years, or he will make you a new set and give you 500 sets to select from. First class work at low prices, at the Arlington, March 11 till 15 inclusive.

Max Shapiro formely of this city, but now of Lower has offered a reward of $250 for the arrest and conviction of the parties who fired the dwelling house owned by him at Soudan Monday. Mr. Shaprio has suffered two fires within two months, which he thinks were both of incendiary origin.

Mrs. Lena Magnusson, wife of Axel Magnusson, who resides in the Mahlum House in E.Brainerd,died yesterday of puerperal convulsions, aged 21 years. Her remains will be interred in Evergreen cemetery on Saturday the 11th, the funeral services being conducted at the house by Rev. Gravander.

Wm Guthrie the painter and paper hanger returned to Brainerd on Monday after an absence of several months. He was married to Miss Annie Rodgers, also a Brainerd lady, at Minneapolis on Dec. 21st, and they wil begin house-keeping in a few days in the Rodgers residence next to the Palace Hotel, in a few days.

The case of Thomas Hefferen, formerly of this city, against the Northern Pacific railroad is now in progress of trial in the United States circuit court at St. Paul. The suit is brought to recover $50,000 damages for loss of both eyes by the plaintiff while employed at the shops of the company in Brainerd. The case has been dismissed.

On Wednesday evening about nine o'clock the barn at Fred Bradbury's residence on Fifth street north was discovered on fire. The department was on hand in a short time and extinguished the blaze although the barn was quite badly burned. About two o'clock in the morning it caught fire again and was nearly destroyed before the flames were subdued. The loss in the neighborhood of $200.

Gun Club Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Brainerd Gun Club was held at I. U. White's store on Monday evening, at which nearly all the members were present. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year.

A. F. Ferris, President.
I. U. White, Vice President.
Geo. D. La Bar, Treasurer.
W. H. Mantor, Secretary.
Andrew E. Veon, Field Captain.

Resolutions were passed endorsing Senate File No. 137, and urging our representatives to do all in their power to enact it into a law.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

A most Destestable Pratice.

At the meeting of the county commissioners on Wednesday, Mrs. John Guyot, whose husband was sent to jail for 90 days under the Scheffer law last week, appealed for assistance to keep herself and family from want. She is a most estimable, sensitive, hard working woman, and it was no pleasant duty for her to ask for aid, but she was compelled to do so or see her six small children suffer, and all because of the weakness and depravity of the natural protector of herself and family, and the fiendish cruelty and devilish avarice of certain saloon men in this city, whose continuance in the business here is dangerous to the community and should no longer be tolerated. This man Guyot is a good workman, and gets good pay and has plenty of work when sober, but when he gets a few dollars ahead, he spends it for whiskey while his family wants for the necessaries of life. He has been advertised as an habitual drunkard, and yet certain saloons, contrary to law, have furnished him with all the whisky he wanted. Recently he began to take the gold cure, when a certain saloon keeper, fearing that if he quit he would loose the money that was spent for whiskey while his family suffered,took him into his place and gave him drink after drink until he was finaly able to retain one on his stomach, and as a result he quit taking the cure and got on a drunk that resulted in his imprisonment.

This action on the part of the saloon keeper is the most detestable, devilish thing that we have ever heard of. For a few dollars gained contrary to law, he would wreck the happiness of a whole family and throw them on the charity of the community. The city council, through committee, is now investigating these cases where liquor has been sold to habitual drunkards, and in violation of the law, and the revoking of licenses and prosecution of the offenders may be looked for.

The Journal Corrected.

Editors DISPATCH: Kindly permit me to correct the Brainerd Journal. I was never in favor of the Walsh bill raising the amount of liability in cases of death. I was opposed to it from the start, and said so on the floor of the house. At first I doubted the propriety of fixing any limit, and thought the question of damages should be left to a jury. I said further that if the bill could be made to relate to railroads only, I would favor anything. I told the author of the bill, Mr. Walsh, that I should fight his bill, but thought I would support an amendment taking the limit off entirely. The bill was amended, and came up in the committee of the whole on the proposed amendment. I was opposed to the amendment, because I had, on reflection, been "convinced" that I was wrong. I never changed my mind as to the original bill. The whole thing was killed, the entire delegation from the 46th district standing together. We were all "convinced". When it is remembered that under the old law there was no liability in such cases; that our statutes is like the statutes of nearly all the other states; that the damages are not the value of the life of the person killed, but the pecuniary loss of the widow, child, uncle, or cousin, as the case may be; that the removal of the limit would benefit the rich only, and that, in our state especially, other industries than railroads would be made to suffer, and perhaps be wiped out, is it strange that so many who were at first in favor of the bill, should be "convinced?" We have been "convinced of several things this winter, Mr. Journal man, and it will be a pleasure to inform the public of the nature of our convictions, if you have no objections.

Respectfully,
W. A. FLEMING.

Democratic Enthusiasm.

The Democrats of this city enjoyed themselves at the Arlington last Saturday as only Democrats can when there is anything to eat, and more especially to drink, in sight. None but Democrats were present, which, of course, in this city, would not make a very large crowd. Charley Johnson was master of ceremonies, and after the boys had partaken sufficiently of the good things to be feeling good, Mr. Johnson opened the exercises of the evening in a stirring speech, for Charley knows how to stir the animals in the Democratic cage. Other speeches were made by Messrs. H. C. Stivers, W. H. Mantor, W. S. McClenahan, S. F. Alderman and Mayor Hemstead. Mr. Mantor then offered lenghty resolutions in which he expressed the joy of the faithful for this opportunity to celebrate, eulogized Grover Cleveland and tariff reform principles,and the wisdom of his cabinet selections, and provided for a telegram of congratulations to President Cleveland on his inauguration. The resolutions were adopted and the following telegram ordered sent to the president:

HON. GROVER CLEVELAND,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Democrats of Brainerd, Minnesota, assembled at a banquet in honor of your second inauguration, desire to honor themselves in tendering to you and to our party, and to the nation, most cordial congratulations, and bespeak for your administration the highest measure of success.

C. D. Johnson,
Chairman.

St. Patrick's Day Entertainment.

St. Patrick's day will be observed in this city by an entertainment at the opera house by local talent. An oration will be delivered by Hon. James Manahan, of St. Paul, a gifted orator. At the conclusion of the address, the thrilling drama, "Kathleen Mavourneen, or A St. Patrick's Eve Dream," will be presented with the same excellent cast of charaters that produced the play here only a couple of months ago. Between the acts there will be vocal selections as follows: S.F.Alderman will sing "Come Back to Erin;" Mrs. Redding, "The Harp through Tara's Hall;" Miss Mattie Kennedy, "The Beautiful Isle of the Sea;" Mrs. Theviot, "Kathleen My Dear;" and Misses Canan and Meekins will sing a selected song. Three beautiful tableaux will be presented, "Ireland as it Was," "Ireland as it Is," and "Ireland as it Will Be." Admission 25 cents and 50 cents.

Lecture.

Rev. T. A. Turner, of Excelsior, Minn., will deliver a lecture on America, Tuesday evening March 14, at the First Congregational church. A short musical programme will also be rendered. This lecture was postponed from Monday Feb 27, on account of the severe storm.

A. O. U. W.Anniversary Services.

Anniversary services will be held next Sunday afternoon the 12th inst., at St. Paul Church by the Ancient Order of the United Workmen, Geo. H. Davis conducting the ceremonies. All members of the order are requested to meet at Odd Fellows Hall at 2 p. m. sharp. All visiting brothers in the city are invited to attend.

A. E. PENNELL,
Master Workman.

WM HENDRICKSEN,
Recording Secretary.

Robbed a Swede.

On Monday Mrs. G. A. King, of Gull River, a lewed female who is known in this city as "Irish Nell," was arrested and arranged in the municipal court on Monday charged with stealing a gold watch and chain from a Swede lumberman, John Nelson. She plead not guilty and was released on bail until her trial which was set for yesterday. She failed to put in an appearance and the case was continued until Saturday. The watch was found in the possession of the bar tender at Andrew Wallace's saloon, who claims he gave it to her.

Death's Victims.

A five-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Kennedy is quite ill with pneumonia.—Transcript

Amanda Gilbert, aged 65 years, died the first of the week at her home in Pillager, of dropsy. Her remains were buried at Gull River today.

Ida S. Sangola, a three year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Stepen Sangola, died on Wednesday March 8th, of spinal meninites, and will be buried Saturday the 11th.

Yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock Miss Fannie E. Carlton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Carlton, of this city, died of heart disease. She has been ill several weeks and her death has been momenterily expected. She was a handsome and accomplished young lady, a great favorite in the circle in which she moved, and her death will be greatly mourned by her many friends. She was 17 years old last November. The funeral services will be conducted at the Baptist church next Sunday afternoon at three o'clock, Rev. J. A. Jenkins officiating. The afflicted parents have the sympathy of the community.

Homes at the World's Fair.

There is no reason why anyone should be deterred from visiting the World's Fair by reason of possible inconvenience and uncertainty attending the securing of satisfactory hotel accommodations.

The Northern Pacific Railroad will in due time publish low excursion rates to Chicago and return for this occasion, while its double daily passenger train service, including through sleeping cars of both classes (Standard and Tourists) to Chicago, will as usual be at the head of the list in every particular.

To help you in fixing in advance upon your place of residence while attending the World's Fair, we have placed in the hands of our agent at your station a book compiled by perfectly trustworthy parties, called "Homes for Visitors to the World's Fair." This little book, which you can purchase for fifty cents, contains a list of about 9,000 private families who will accommodate visitors in Chicago during the time of the Fair, viz: May 1st to October 30th; gives their names and addresses, and number of rooms each will have to spare. The book also gives a list of the hotels and their locations; has twelve full-page large-scale maps, each representing a section of the city, so that with this information before him the intending visitor himself can, at leisure, select the quarter of the city in which he would prefer to stop, corresponding IN ADVANCE with one or more families in that locality with regard to rates and the accommodations desired.

CHAS. S. FEE, N. P. R. R.

Bids For Stone.

BRAINERD, March 3, 1893.

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the undersigned for 100 cords of stone, or less, for foundation purposes. Said stone to be delivered on the proposed sites of the new school houses. Full particulars can be obtained for the next 10 days from

A. E. PENNELL,
16-2 Sec. Board of Education.

Items of Interest.

Souvenir spoons at Sundbergs.

Fine Wisconsin cheese at McGinn & Baileys.

Silverware, useful and ornamental at Mrs. F. G. Sundberg's.

Fine line of ladies' Blouchers in C, D and E widths at Bredfeld's shoe store.

1,000 men, women and children wanted to try on SHOES at L. J. Cale's.

The office of J. R. Smith is the headquarters for reliable fire insurance. Room 4, Sleeper Block.

D. M. Clark & Co. carry a full line of harness, and harness goods. Harness repairing done neatly and quickly.

Call on D. M. Clark & Co. and inspect their new spring stocks of carpets, rugs and wall paper.

D. M. Clark & Co. have just received a large line of lace curtains, which they will retail at from $1.50 to $8.

Housekeeping outfits on the installment plan at the Hoffman Bazaar.—tf.

Everything in ladies' Oxford ties at reduced prices at Bredfeld's.

Pure buckwheat, the best in the market at McGinn & Baileys.

For fine confectionery, nuts, etc.; go to McGinn & Baileys.

Re-varnish your buggies once a year at Congdon's.

Touch up and varnish your wagons for spring trade, at Congdon,s. It will save you repainting.

Silver inlaid flat ware (warranted) twenty-five years at Sundberg's.

Horses, cows, ponies, wagons. buggies and harnesses for sale on time at Hoffman's

Professional Cards.

McCLENAHAN & MANTOR
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office, Rooms and 2, Bank Block,
BRAINERD, MINN.

R. K. WHITELEY,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office, Room 11, Bank Block.
BRAINERD..... MINN.

DR. H. RIBBEL,
DENTIST
Rooms 3 and 4 over Bank Block.
BRAINERD, - - MINN.

THE GENUINE
KEELEY TREATMENT

Authorized and under the direction of of the LESLEY E. KEELEY CO., Dwight, Ill., for cure of

Liquor, Opium
—AND—
Tobacco Habits

BY THE USE OF DR. LESLIE E. KEELEY'S DOUBLE CHLORIDE OF GOLD REMEDIES.

Indorsed by progressive physicians, philanthropists and divines, including Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage, of Brooklyn Tabernacle, who recently visited Dwight and addressed the 700 patients in line. The United States government has adopted these remedies for use in all States and National Soldiers' Homes. Carefully kept records prove 95 per cent. permanent cures; 66,000 homes already made happy. The objectionable features of Sanitarium treatment removed. No hospital; no restriction. All necessary liquors supplied during treatment. Patients are simply residents like ourselves. Terms $25 per week; board extra, $7 to $15 per week, to suit purse and inclination. Good accommodations, including baths, at the Institute.

NOTE OF WARNING.

To the Public:

As a matter of justice to ourselves and to the reputation of Dr. Leslie E. Keeley's Double Chloride of Gold Remedies for the cure of the Liquor, Opium, Morphine and Tobacco Diseases, and Neurasthenia, we warn the public that these remedies are used by no institution or sanitarium in the United States, except those established by our company under the uniform name of "THE KEELEY INSTITUTE."

All others claiming to use our remedies are frauds and impostors.

We have now sixty Keeley Institutes established in various parts of the United States, where the Keeley Treatment is administered, and the Keeley remedies sold. We, however, caution all to examine well and know that they are dealing with GENUINE REPRESENTATIVES, authorized by us, before taking treatment or purchasing remedies.

The misleading establishments use the name of "Bichloride of Gold" or similar titles. The newspapers often fail to discriminate sufficiently to know that they are imitators. This is a matter of public welfare, and hence this warning.

We desire inspection of our Institution and invite correspondence, which is strictly confidential.

Respectfully Yours,

THE LESLIE E. KEELEY CO.,
PROPRIETORS OF
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE,
0th Street and Park Avenue,
Minneapolis, - - Minn.

Wisconsin Central Lines.
(Northern Pacific R. R. Co., Lessee.)

Latest Time Card.
TWO THROUGH TRAINS DAILY.

12.45pm	6.25pm	Lv. - Mpls.	Ar	9.05am	4.15pm
1.30pm	7.15pm	Lv. St. Paul	Ar	8.30am	3.40pm
10.15am	4.15pm	Lv. Duluth	Ar	11.40am	6.50pm
1.50pm	7.25pm	Lv. Ashland	Ar	8.20am	3.30pm
7.15am	9.50pm	Ar. Chicago	Ar	5.47pm	10.45pm

Tickets sold and baggage checked through to all points in the United States and Canada.
Close connection made in Chicago with all trains going East and Sonth.
For full information apply to your nearest ticket agent or
Jas. C. Pond,
Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agt., Chicago, Ill.

STATEMENT OF
THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY OF NEW YORK
RICHARD A. McCURDY, PRESIDENT.
For the year ending December 31, 1892

Assets - $175,084,156 61

Reserve for Policies (American Table 4 Per Cent.)	$159,181,067 00
Miscellaneous Liabilities	734,855 67
Surplus	15,168,233 94
Income	
Premiums	$32,047,765 34
Interest, Rents, &c.	8,191,099 90
	$40,238,865 24
Disbursements	
To Policy-Holders	$19,886,532 46
For Expenses and Taxes	7,419,611 08
	$26,806,143 54
The Assets are Invested as follows:	
United States Bonds and other securities	$65,820,434 89
Loans on Bond and Mortgage, first lien	69,348,092 54
Loans on Stocks and Bonds	10,394,597 50
Real Estate	15,638,884 26
Cash in Banks and Trust Companies	7,806,672 55
Accrued Interest, Deferred Premiums, &c.	6,075,474 87
	$175,084,156 61
Insurance and Annuities	
Insurance Assumed and Renewed	$654,909,586 00
Insurance in Force	745,780,053 00
Annuities in Force	852,036 01
Increase in Annuities	$82,732 98
Increase in Payments to Policy-Holders	686,926 60
Increase in Receipts	2,604,130 71
Increase in Surplus	3,187,266 78
Increase in Assets	15,577,017 98
Increase in Insurance Assumed and Renewed	47,737,765 00
Increase in Insurance in Force	50,295,925 00

NOTE—In accordance with the intention of the Management as announced in November, 1891, to limit the amount of new insurance actually issued and paid for in the accounts of the year 1892, to One Hundred Million Dollars, the amount of insurance in force as above stated includes the amount of such voluntary limit with but a slight increase unavoidable in closing the December accounts

I have carefully examined the foregoing Statement and find the same to be correct
A. N. WATERHOUSE, Auditor

From the Surplus a dividend will be apportioned as usual

ROBERT A. GRANNISS, VICE-PRESIDENT

WALTER R. GILLETTE - General Manager
FREDERIC CROMWELL - - - Treasurer
EMORY MCCLINTOCK LL.D. F.I.A. - Actuary

E. W. PEET & SON, Managers,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

A Remarkable Discovery.

A remarkable discovery is one of the chronic proclamations of advertisers. Cubeb Cough Cure is not such, it is an established remedy with known merit, made on scientific principles by experienced chemists. It affords instant relief, and is called the SIXTY SECOND REMEDY, for it stops coughing at once, does not cure but gives temporary relief to consumptives, and absolutely cures all other affections of the throat, lungs, etc. For Croup Whooping Cough and Colds of children, Cubeb Cough Cure is valuable. For sale by druggisis in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Sold by N. McFadden.

Guarantee A Cure.

The manufacturers of the Capital Catarrh Cure (Trade Mark "C. C. C.) GUARANTEE for their remedy an immediate relief and permanent cure if used according to the directions on the package. Ask for the three C's and take no other. Price 25¢ cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists in the city.

Sleeper Opera House.

G. W. ALEXANDER, Manager.

Schilling's Minstrels!

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 10.

COMING.

KATIE PUTNAM.

C. B. WHITE,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

This is What We Carry:

Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Wood Stock and

Builders' Hardware,

Also Skates, Glass, Rope, Tools of all Kinds, Guns, Ammunition, Sporting Goods, Cutlery, hand sleds. Sled and wagon shop work of all kinds done promptly. Call on us.

C. B. WHITE, Manager.
No. 82 Laurel St.

We Meet All Competition.

—THE NEW FIRM OF—

McGINN & BAILEY

Are Selling their Carefully Selected Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

FRESH VEGETABLES IN SEASON.

We aim to please our customers in all particulass and invite your patronage.

Sixth Street, between Front and Laurel.

KATZ BROS.,

—DEALER IN—

STOVES AND TINWARE,

Shelf Hardware, Nails, Etc.

New store just opened at McColl's Old Stand on 7th Street. New Stock. LOW PRICES and Fair Dealing.

Great Bargains in Cooking Stoves.

Call and See Us

There be Marrying

And Giving in Marriage.

Whether your Bank account approves the custom or not you are bound to pay your respects to the bride-elect. For a

Nice Selection of Presents in

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY and SILVERWARE,

—CALL ON—

MRS. F. G. SUNDBERG,

CORNER FRONT AND SIXTH STREETS.

M. HAGBERG,

Wholesale and retail

GROCER!

HAS A LARGE AND COMPLTE STOCK OF

Staple & Fancy Groceries, Flour Feed, Provisions, Etc.

M. HAGBERG.

Odd Fellows' Block.

L. P. WHITE, Jr.

Real Estate Agent.

Room 2, Sleeper Block.

Improved and Unimproved Property

FOR SALE,

In various parts of the City.

HOUSES for SALE.

PROTECT YOURSELF

—BY—



A Policy on Your

—FROM—

J. R. SMITH,

FirE Insurance,

[None but reliable companies represented.]

Real Estate,

RENTS & COLLECTIONS.

Room 4, Sleeper Block. - Brainerd.